

Billings City Administrator Weekly Report

June 14, 2024

1. Public Works News – Update regarding the wastewater nutrient rule.

MT State Legislature – Nutrient Rules for Wastewater Treatment – The City of Billings currently removes 90% (soon to be 95%) of the nutrients from the wastewater before returning it to the Yellowstone River. The MT Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) is proposing further reductions with a new rule package. If enacted, these rules have the potential to cost more than \$100M in infrastructure upgrades at the Water Reclamation Facility resulting in no noticeable improvement to the Yellowstone River.

The legislative committee met 2 weeks ago with an urgent request to call the Yellowstone County Caucus to ask the Water Policy Interim Committee to object to the new DEQ rules. Staff from the City of Billings, Bozeman, Helena, Great Falls, Missoula, Livingston, and the Montana League of Cities and Towns also spoke in opposition to the rules at the public comment hearing on June 10th.

As a result, the DEQ has chosen to pause the rulemaking. DEQ has issued a press release that can be found here: <https://deq.mt.gov/News/pressrelease-folder/nutrients-rulemaking-06-2024>. Staff wants to thank the City Council, Yellowstone County Caucus, and other stakeholders for their quick action in bringing this issue to the attention of the Water Policy Interim Committee which led to the pause in the rulemaking. Public Works staff will continue to work with DEQ as an active stakeholder to ensure that the rules result in sensible solutions which result in actual benefits to the Yellowstone River.

2. Planning News –

Proposed City Subdivision Regulations for Review - City Subdivision Regulations have been updated to show staff suggested changes and legislative changes. Updated regulations are available on the Planning Division Subdivision page and Public Outreach and Comment page. (Please see the attached Draft City Subdivision Regulations.)

Proposed Planning Application FY25 and 26 Fee Increase for Public Comment - The Planning Division in coordination with Public Works is proposing revised/increased FY 25 & 26 Planning Application Fees. Proposed fees are available for review and public comment on the *Planning Division website* or the *Billings Planning & Community Services Department Facebook page*. Please submit public comment or questions to Anna Vickers, Planning Division Manager via email; vickersa@billingsmt.gov by **June 27, 2024**. (Please see the Proposed FY 25/26 Planning and Engineering Fees.)

Mobilize the MAGIC City Ribbon Cutting - Saturday June 22 @ 1 p.m. at the intersection of 7th Ave. N and N. 22nd St. Celebrate the installation of the third Mobilize the MAGIC City art installation along Billings' first neighborhood bikeway! "Eternal Presence" created by artist Mariah Gladstone features sculptures shaped like the traditional Blackfeet symbols for men and women. Come learn more about the installation, the Mobilize the MAGIC City project, and enjoy fun stickers and ice cream treats! This event takes place during Nest Fest at North Park! (Please see the attached flyer for the Mobilize Ribbon Cutting.)

3. City of Billings Grant Funding Update – Please see the attached grant funding update for City-wide Buckthorn Eradication Effort.

4. Next Week's Meetings/Task Forces

- a. Westend Task Force, Tuesday, June 18th 7:00 PM, Connections Church.
- b. Legislative & Local Affairs Committee, Wednesday, June 19th 4:00 PM, City Hall Conference Room.
- c. Southside Task Force. Thursday, June 20th 6:30 PM, Hope Center.

5. 2024 Council Meeting Schedule – Please see the attached Council Meeting schedule for upcoming items on the agenda.

6. New City Hall Update –



5th Floor

Install corner guards.
Build handrails for council chambers.
Work on completing punch list items.
Furniture delivery and setup.

4th Floor

Pre punch touchup work.
Solid surface top and sill work.
Install corner guards.
Install partitions in main restroom group.





2nd Floor

Work on installing full ceiling tile.
Floor prep and carpet installation.
Electrical trim out.
Install linear light fixtures in the gallery.
Install glass relites in aluminum frames.

1st Floor

Run heat piping to air handler.
Overhead conduit on west side.
Electrical equipment install in server room.
Painted walls in server room, IT storage and parks area.
Cut in ceiling border tile on north end.
Install glass relites in finished HM frames.
Relocate light fixtures and wire them up in fan room.



Parking Garage

Raise VAV and duct on NW corner.
Remove and reinstall copper pipe to VAV in NW corner.
Install damper and louver for generator.

The following 2015 Amended City of Billings Subdivision Regulations were adopted under Ordinance #15-5654 on July 27, 2015. They were originally adopted under Ordinance #06-5359 on January 9, 2006, and also subsequently amended under City Ordinance #06-5380 on July 24, 2006, under City Ordinance #07-5399 on January 22, 2007, under Ordinance #11-5543 on October 11, 2011, under City Ordinance #12-5589 on October 22, 2012, and City Ordinance #14-5617 on January 13, 2014.

City of Billings Subdivision Regulations

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Green - Staff Change

Red - Legislative Change

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SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS

Article 23-100. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Section 23-101. Title.

These regulations will be known and may be cited as "The Subdivision Regulations of the City of Billings" hereinafter referred to as "these Regulations."

Section 23-102. Authority.

Authorization for these Regulations is contained in the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act (MSPA) (Title 76, Chapter 3, Montana Code Annotated (MCA)). The reviewing authority is the City-County Planning and Community Services Department.

Section 23-103. Purpose.

The purposes of these Regulations are to promote the public health, safety and general welfare of the citizens of the City of Billings by regulating the subdivision of land and to promote a vision for the development of the lands within the City for the best possible environment in which to enjoy life, experience natural features, raise a family, earn a living, conduct business, obtain an adequate education, have access to health care facilities, and to be adequately protected from crime and disasters.

These Regulations are intended to comply with Part 5 of the MSPA, and are intended to provide for:

- A. The orderly development of the jurisdictional area in accordance with adopted growth policies, neighborhood plans, motorized and non-motorized transportation plans, park plans, capital improvement plans, and other adopted policies and plans.
- B. The public health, safety and general welfare of existing and future residents by avoiding danger or injury by reason of natural hazard or the lack of drainage, access, emergency services or other public services.
- C. The coordination of roads within subdivided land with the existing and planned transportation network and avoid and minimize traffic congestion.
- D. The dedication of land for roadways and for public utility easements.
- E. Proper physical and legal road access, including obtaining of necessary easements and rights of way.

- F. The promotion of adequate open spaces for travel, light, air, and recreation.
- G. Adequate transportation, water, drainage, and sanitary facilities.
- H. The conservation of natural resources and development in harmony with the natural environment.
- I. The promotion of cluster development approaches that minimize costs to local citizens and that promote effective and efficient provision of public services.
- J. The efficient expenditure of public funds for the supply of public services.
- K. The standardization of making and filing of any plat for subdivided lands.
- L. The protection of the rights of all documented property owners affected by the proposed subdivision including water, mineral, and air.
- M. The administration of these regulations by defining the powers and duties of approving authorities including procedures for the review and approval of all plats of subdivisions covered by these provisions.

Section 23-104. Jurisdiction.

These Regulations govern the subdivision of land within the City of Billings. These Regulations do not cover the Town of Broadview, and the unincorporated areas of Yellowstone County, or the City of Laurel and the four and one-half (4 ½) mile Laurel Planning Jurisdiction as shown on the map filed with the Yellowstone County Clerk and Recorder's Office (see Appendix A for jurisdiction map).

If a proposed subdivision lies partly within an incorporated city or town, the preliminary plat must be submitted to, and approved by, both the City and the County governing bodies (76-3-601(2)(c), MCA).

When a proposed subdivision is also proposed to be annexed to a municipality, the subdivision review and annexation procedures will be coordinated to minimize duplications of hearings, reports and other requirements, whenever possible (76-3-601(2)(d), MCA).

These Regulations supplement all other regulations, and where they are at variance with other laws, regulations, ordinances, or resolutions, the more restrictive requirements apply.

Section 23-105. Exemptions for Certain Divisions of Land.

The Montana Subdivision and Platting Act provides that certain divisions of land, which would otherwise constitute subdivisions, are exempt from local subdivision review and approval, unless the method of disposition is adopted for the purpose of evading the requirements of Title 76, Chapter 3, MCA.

The procedures, criteria and requirements provided in Appendix B shall be used to review an exemption from subdivision review and to evaluate whether the division of land is for the purpose of evading the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act.

Section 23-106. Construction Timing.

The applicant or his/her contractors may not proceed with any construction work on a proposed subdivision, including grading and excavation relating to public improvements, until the governing body has given preliminary plat approval of the proposed subdivision plat. If improvements are initiated prior to final plat approval, the subdivider shall assume all risks and liability for error in improvement placement and the improvements must comply with the conditions and agreements of the preliminary plat approval.

Section 23-107. Transfers of Title.

Except as noted below, a final subdivision plat must be filed for record with the Yellowstone County Clerk and Recorder before title to the subdivided land can be sold or transferred in any manner. After the preliminary plat of a subdivision has been approved or conditionally approved, the subdivider may enter into contracts to sell lots in the proposed subdivision if all of the following conditions are met (76-3-303, MCA):

- A. That under the terms of the contracts the purchasers of lots in the proposed subdivision make all payments to an escrow agent, which must be a bank, savings and loan association, or title/escrow company chartered to do business in the State of Montana;
- B. That under the terms of the contracts and the escrow agreement the payments made by purchasers of lots in the proposed subdivision may not be distributed by the escrow agent to the subdivider until the final plat of the subdivision is filed with the County Clerk and Recorder;
- C. That the contracts and the escrow agreement provide that if the final plat of the proposed subdivision is not filed with the County Clerk and Recorder within two years of the preliminary plat approval, the escrow agent shall immediately refund to each purchaser any payments made under the contract;
- D. That the County Treasurer has certified that no real property taxes assessed and levied on the land to be divided are delinquent; and
- E. That the contracts contain the following language conspicuously set out therein: "The real property which is the subject hereof has not been finally platted, and until a final plat identifying the property has been filed with the County Clerk and Recorder, title to the property cannot be transferred in any manner."

Section 23-108. Suitability of Land.

If the Yellowstone County Board of Planning after review, finds any portion of a parcel of land proposed to be subdivided unsuitable for subdivision because of potential hazards such as flooding, land-slides, steep slopes, rock falls, high water table, polluted or non-potable water supply, high voltage lines, high pressure gas lines, danger from fire or explosion or other features which may be detrimental to the health, safety, or general welfare of existing or future residents, they will not recommend approval of the subdivision unless the hazards can be eliminated or overcome through approved design and construction.

Section 23-109. Permission to Enter.

The governing body or its designated agent(s) or agency may investigate, examine, and evaluate the site of the proposed subdivision to verify information provided by the subdivider. The submission of a preliminary plat or final plat application constitutes a grant of permission by the subdivider to enter the subject property.

Section 23-110. Severability.

If a court of competent jurisdiction holds any word, phrase, clause, sentence, paragraph, section, or other part of these regulations invalid, that judgment will affect only the part held invalid.

Section 23-111. Regulations in Effect.

Review and approval or disapproval of a subdivision under these Regulations may occur only under those Regulations in effect at the time an application for approval of a preliminary plat or an extension of preliminary plat approval is submitted to the governing body

Section 23-201. Definitions.

Whenever the following words or phrases appear in these regulations, they shall have the meaning assigned to them by this section. The word "shall" is always mandatory, and the word "may" indicates use of discretion in making decisions.

ACCESS:

- A. **LEGAL ACCESS:** When the subdivision abuts a public street or road under the jurisdiction of the City, the County, or the State, or when the subdivider has obtained documented, adequate, and appropriate easements from a public road to the subdivision across all intervening properties.
- B. **PHYSICAL ACCESS:** When a road or driveway conforming to City and/or County standards provides vehicular access from a public or private road to the subdivision.

ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION PLAN-BILLINGS AREA BIKEWAY AND TRAIL MASTER PLAN (BABTMP): *Refers to the current bike and trail master plan adopted by City Council.*

ADJOINING PROPERTY OWNERS: Persons who are owners of record and/or owners under contract for deed of properties adjoining the land being proposed for subdivision platting.

AGRICULTURE: Montana Code Annotated definitions for "agriculture" and "agricultural" will apply as follows:

41-2-103, MCA. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply: (1) "Agriculture" means: (a) all aspects of farming, including the cultivation and tillage of the soil; (b)(i) dairying; and (ii) the production, cultivation, growing, and harvesting of any agricultural or horticultural commodities, including commodities defined as agricultural commodities in the federal Agricultural Marketing Act [12 U.S.C. 1141j(g)]; (c) the raising of livestock, bees, fur-bearing animals, or poultry; and (d) any practices, including forestry or lumbering operations, performed by a farmer or on a farm as an incident to or in conjunction with farming operations, including preparation for market or delivery to storage, to market, or to carriers for transportation to market.

81-8-701, MCA. Definitions. The following definitions apply: (1) "Agricultural and food product" includes a horticultural, viticultural, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee, other farm or garden product, fish or fishery product, and other foods.

AGRICULTURAL WATER USER FACILITIES: Those facilities which convey water for agricultural land as defined in 15-7-202, MCA, or which provide water for the production of agricultural products as defined in 15-1-101, MCA, including, but not limited to, ditches, drains, pipes, and head gates.

AGRICULTURAL WATER USER: Persons and lands legally entitled to water under an appropriated water right or permit of an irrigation district or other private or public entity formed to provide for the use of the water right.

APPLICANT: The owner of land proposed for subdivision or the owner's legally designated representative for the purposes of submitting a request to subdivide (See SUBDIVIDER).

BIKEWAY: ~~A generic term for any road, street, path or way, which is specifically designated for bicycle travel, regardless of whether such facilities are designated for the exclusive use of bicycles or are to be shared with other transportation modes.~~

BLOCK: A group of lots, tracts or parcels within well-defined and fixed boundaries. Such boundaries may include streets, railroads, irrigation ditches, streams, platted lands or a combination thereof.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS: The governing body for Yellowstone County, Montana.

BOULEVARD: An area of public right-of-way or private easement between the paved edge of the street or road and the private property line. The boulevard provides for the opportunity to separate vehicle traffic from pedestrian travel. Boulevards often have sidewalks ~~and mailboxes located~~ in them and often are landscaped. A parkway median is a landscaped area located in the middle of the street or road.

CERTIFICATE OF SURVEY: A drawing of a field survey prepared by a registered surveyor for the purpose of disclosing facts pertaining to boundary locations.

CONSERVATION SUBDIVISION: A development in a rural setting that is characterized by compact lots and common open space, and where the natural features of land are maintained to the greatest extent possible.

CHECKPRINT: A paper copy of the final plat submitted by the subdivider for review of errors and omissions, and compliance with Administrative Rules of Montana and conditions of approval by staff prior to submitting the final plat on mylar.

CITY COUNCIL: The governing body for the City of Billings, Montana.

CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT: A subdivision of land with lots clustered in a group of five or more lots that is designed to concentrate building sites on smaller lots in order to reduce capital and maintenance costs for infrastructure through the use of concentrated public services and utilities, while allowing other lands to remain undeveloped (76-3-103(2), MCA). (See Section 23-711 for example)

CONDOMINIUM: The ownership of single units with common elements located on property submitted to the provisions of 70-23-101, et seq., MCA. The term does not include townhome or townhouse.

COVENANT (DEED RESTRICTION): A limitation contained in a deed that restricts or regulates the use of the real property, and are not enforced by the governing body.

DEDICATION: The deliberate appropriation of land by an owner for any general and public use, reserving to the landowner no rights that are incompatible with the full exercise and enjoyment of the public use to which the property has been devoted (76-3-103(3), MCA).

CITY-COUNTY PLANNING DIRECTOR: The Director of the Planning and Community Services Department or an authorized reviewing authority.

DIVISION OF LAND: The segregation of one or more parcels of land from a larger tract held in single or undivided ownership by transferring or contracting to transfer title to a portion of the tract or properly filing a certificate of survey or subdivision plat establishing the identity of the segregated parcels pursuant to the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act. The conveyance of a tract of record or an entire parcel of land that was created by a previous division of land is not a division of land (76-3-103(4), MCA).

DRIVEWAY: A vehicular access serving no more than 2 lots or 5 dwelling units.

DWELLING UNIT: Any building or portion thereof providing complete, independent and permanent living facilities. ~~for one family. A family is any number of individuals, related by blood, marriage, adoption or other legal means, including any number of minor children in foster care, and/or any number of unrelated persons (including any domestic servants or caregivers) living together in a dwelling unit. (24 CFR Part 4, Section 982.401). A building designed exclusively for residential purposes, including single-unit, two-unit, and multiple-unit dwellings, but not including hotels or motel units, bed and breakfast guest rooms, boarding or lodging houses, tourist homes, or travel trailers and/or vehicles.~~

EASEMENT: Authorization by a property owner for another to use the property for a specified purpose, in which the owner agrees not to build, or otherwise obstruct or interfere with the specified purpose.

ENGINEER (REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER): A person licensed in conformance with the Montana Professional Engineers' Registration Act (67-37, MCA) to practice engineering in the State of Montana.

EXPEDITED REVIEW FOR CERTAIN SUBDIVISIONS: *A subdivision application, regardless of the number of lots, that meets the requirements of subsection 3 of MCA 76-3-623 is entitled to the expedited review process.*

FLOOD: When water from any watercourse or drainage rises above the bank or moves outside the channel of that watercourse or drainage (76-5-103, MCA).

100-YEAR FLOOD: A flood magnitude expected to recur on the average of once every 100 years, or a flood magnitude which has a 1% chance of occurring in any given year (76-5-103, MCA).

FLOODPLAIN: The area adjoining the watercourse or drainage that would be covered by the floodwater of a flood of 100-year frequency (76-5-103, MCA).

FLOODWAY: The channel of a watercourse or drainage and those portions of the floodplain adjoining the channel that are reasonably required to carry and discharge the floodwater of any watercourse or drainage (76-5-103, MCA).

GREENBELT/GREENWAY LINEAR PARK: Corridors of protected open space managed for

conservation and recreation purposes as designated by the governing body. They often follow natural land or water features and link nature reserves, parks, cultural features and historic sites with each other and with populated areas. These corridors may be privately or publicly owned.

GROWTH POLICY: The ~~Yellowstone County and~~ City of Billings Growth Policy and any version of this policy adopted by the Billings City Council ~~and Board of County Commissioners~~ pursuant to 76-1-601, MCA.

LOCAL SERVICES: Any and all services or facilities that local government entities are authorized to provide.

LOT: A parcel, plot, or other land area created by subdivision or certificate of survey for sale, rent, or lease.

LOT MEASUREMENTS:

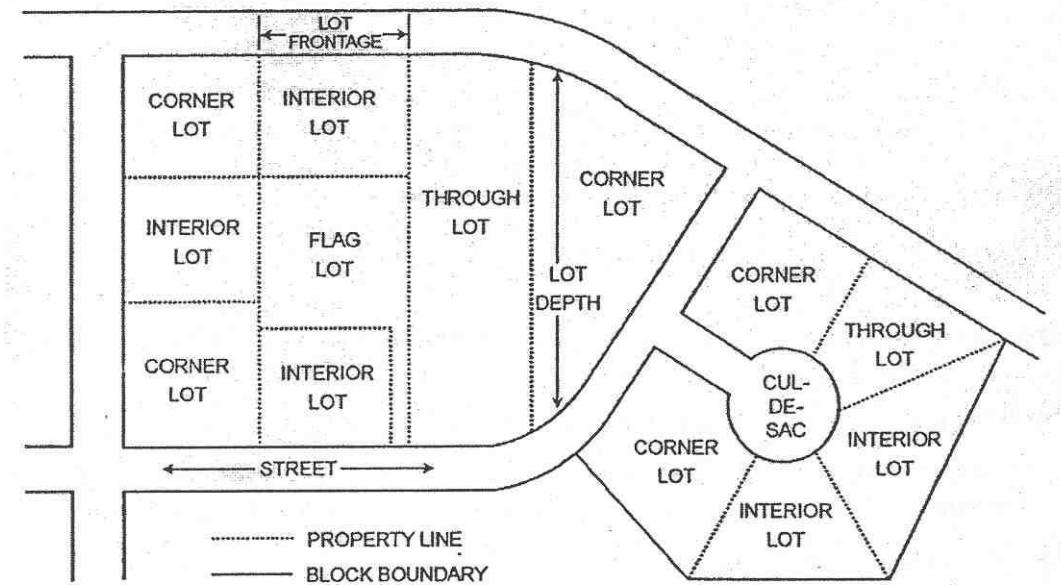
- a. Lot Depth -- The length of a line drawn perpendicularly to the front lot line and extending to the rear lot line.
- b. Lot Width -- The average width of the lot.
- c. Lot Frontage -- The width of the lot line that fronts a public street right-of-way or public road easement where the lot usually has a driveway access.
- d. Lot Area -- The area of a lot determined exclusive of street, highway, alley, road, or other rights-of-way.

LOT TYPES: (See Figure 23.200.1)

- a. Corner Lot: A lot located at the intersection of two streets.
- b. Interior Lot: A lot with frontage on only one street.
- c. Through or Double-Frontage Lot: A lot whose front and rear lines both abut on streets.
- d. Flag Lot
- e. Irregular Lot

MANUFACTURED HOME: A detached residential dwelling unit, which may consist of two or more sections, fabricated at a factory and designed to be towed on its own chassis to a building site for occupation as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation. The term includes, but is not limited to, "trailer homes," "house trailers," and "mobile homes" whether or not the unit has been constructed after ~~June 15, 1976, January 1, 1990,~~ in conformance with Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards. The term does not include "modular" or "factory-built buildings" that are fabricated at a factory in accordance with the International Residential/Building Code applicable to site-built homes, and are transported to the site for final assembly on a permanent foundation.

Figure 23.200.1. Lot Types



MANUFACTURED HOME SPACE: A designated portion of a parcel of land designed for the accommodation of one manufactured home and its accessory buildings or structures for the exclusive use of the occupants.

MANUFACTURED HOME PARK: A single parcel of land or a lot that is designed or used for temporary or permanent spaces for 2 or more manufactured homes where either the space for a manufactured home or a manufactured home itself is available to the general public for residential use.

MANUFACTURED HOME PAD: That area of a manufactured home space that has been prepared for the placement of a manufactured home.

MASTER PLAN (Overall Plan; Sequential Development): The plan of a subdivision designed for a single tract and proposed to be subdivided in various stages, phases or configurations.

MEDIAN: A raised divider made of dirt, concrete or other material located in the middle of a street or road between travel lanes that is often landscaped (See BOULEVARD).

MOBILE HOME OR TRAILER: See MANUFACTURED HOME.

MODULAR HOME: A dwelling unit constructed in accordance with the standards set forth in the International Residential/Building Code and bearing the insignia of the State of Montana, applicable to site-built homes, and composed of components assembled in a manufacturing plant and transported to the building site for final assembly on a permanent foundation.

MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY MINIMUM STANDARDS: Minimum standards promulgated by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality, pursuant to Title 76, Chapter 4, Part 1, MCA.

MONUMENT (PERMANENT MONUMENT): Any structure of masonry, metal, or other permanent, durable material placed in the ground, which is exclusively identifiable as a monument to a survey point, expressly placed for surveying reference.

MULTI-USE PATH: ~~A hard or soft surfaced trail physically separated from motorized vehicular traffic by an open space or barrier and either within the public right of way or within an independent right of way. These paths may also be used by pedestrians, in-line skaters, wheelchair users, joggers and other non-motorized users.~~

MULTI-MODAL TRAIL TYPES:

- Shared Use Path: a multi-use facility outside the traveled way and physically separated from motorized vehicular traffic by an open space or barrier and either within the right-of-way or within an independent alignment. Shared-use paths are used by pedestrians (including skaters, users of manual and motorized wheelchairs, and joggers), bicyclists, and other authorized motorized and non-motorized users. (AASHTO Guide for Pedestrian Facilities 2nd Edition)
- Neighborhood Bikeway: A local street or series of contiguous street segments that have been modified to function as a through street for bicyclists, while discouraging through automobile travel. (AASHTO Guide for the Development of Bicycle Facilities 4th Edition)
- Traffic Calming: Traffic Calming is the combination of mainly physical measures that reduce the negative effects of motor vehicle use, alter driver behavior and improve conditions for non-motorized street users (ITE)
- Buffered Bike Lane: Conventional bicycle lanes that are paired with a designated buffer space separating the bicycle lane from the adjacent motor vehicle travel lane and/or parking lane (NACTO).
- Separated Bike Lane: A separated bike lane is a facility for exclusive use by bicyclists that is located within or directly adjacent to the roadway and is physically separated from motor vehicle traffic. A separated bike lane can be configured for one- or two-way travel. (Small Town and Rural Design Guide)
- Bike Lane: A portion of the roadway that has been designated by striping, signage, and pavement markings for the preferential or exclusive use of bicyclists. (NACTO)
- Shared Lane Markings (also known as sharrows): Road symbol used to indicate a shared lane environment for bicycles and automobiles. The shared lane marking is a pavement marking with a variety of uses to support a complete bikeway network; it is not a facility type and should not be considered a substitute for bike lanes or other separation treatments where these types of facilities are otherwise warranted or space permits. Sharrows consist of a double chevron and a bike symbol. The Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) outlines guidance for shared lane markings in section 9C.07. (NACTO)
- Sidewalk: The portion of a street that is between the curb lines or the lateral lines of a

roadway and the adjacent property lines and that is intended for use by pedestrians. Sidewalks are paved in concrete. (MCA)

- Neighborhood Trail: A paved path located outside of the right of way of between 7-9.9 feet in width.

NATURAL ENVIRONMENT: The physical conditions that exist within a given area, including land, air, water, minerals, plants, animals, and objects of aesthetic significance.

NO ACCESS EASEMENT: A line designated on a subdivision plat for the purpose of restricting vehicular access from a public right-of-way to a lot.

OPEN SPACE: Any land which is provided or preserved for park or recreational purposes as designated by the governing body; conservation of land or other natural resources; historic or scenic purposes; or assisting in the shaping of the character, direction, and timing of community development. Open space may be privately or publicly owned and shall designate through the plat or an easement whether or not the land is publicly accessible.

PARK: Land that is dedicated to the City through MCA 76-3-621 or acquired through a donation or purchase by the City and designated on a plat as a park. In order to be platted as a park the land must be owned by a public entity and public access is allowed. A park must be classified as defined by the City of Billings Comprehensive Parks Plan.

Private parkland dedication may be provided instead of public when it meets the requirements of 76-3-621 (1) a b d (6)(a)(ii).

PARKLAND AMENITIES: Amenities within a park allow passive or programmed space. Below is a short list of passive and active parkland amenities.

Shade structure.

Sensory playground equipment. ...

Park benches and other park furnishings. ...

Water play areas, splash pads. ...

Picnic tables and trash cans. ...

Challenge course. ...

Slides, swings and ziplines.

PHASED DEVELOPMENT: Where a subdivision is platted in whole but developed in phases, a phasing plan shall be prepared and included in the Subdivision Improvement Agreement by the subdivider, and reviewed and approved by the City of Billings with the preliminary plat. Phased developments are further defined in MCA 76-3-103.

PLANNED NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT (PND): See BMCC 27-800.

PLANNED NEIGHBORHOOD UNIT DEVELOPMENT (PUD): A subdivision consisting of a planned mixture of land uses such as residential clusters, industrial parks, shopping centers, and/or office building parks built in a prearranged relationship to each other and having open space and community facilities in common ownership or use (76-3-103(10), MCA).

PLANNING BOARD: The Yellowstone County Board of Planning.

PLAT: A graphical representation of a subdivision showing the division of land into lots, parcels, blocks, streets, alleys, and other divisions and dedications.

- a. Preliminary Plat: A neat and scaled drawing of a proposed subdivision showing the layout of streets, alleys, lots, blocks, and other elements of a subdivision that furnishes a basis for review by a governing body.
- b. Final Plat: The final drawing of the subdivision and dedication required to be prepared for filing for record with the County Clerk and Recorder containing all elements and requirements set forth in these regulations and the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act (76-3, MCA).
- c. Amended Plat: The final drawing of any change to a filed platted subdivision.
- d. Exempt Plat: The final drawing of a plat that is exempt from subdivision review but subject to survey requirements in accordance with 76-3-201 and 76-3-207, MCA.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY: A condition of optimal well-being, free from danger, risk, or injury for a community at large, a small class of persons or a specific individual.

PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT: Any structure or facility constructed to serve the residents of a subdivision or the general public.

PUBLIC ROAD OR STREET: A road, street or easement that has been dedicated for public use.

RECREATIONAL CAMPING VEHICLE: A vehicle primarily designed as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use that either has its own motor power or is mounted on or drawn by another vehicle.

RECREATIONAL VEHICLE PARK: Any area or tract of land containing two (2) or more spaces that are available for rent to the general public for parking or placement of temporary recreational vehicles. This term does not include a parcel composed of individually platted lots.

RECREATIONAL VEHICLE SPACE: A designated portion of a recreational vehicle park designed for the placement of a single recreational vehicle and the exclusive use of its occupants.

REVIEWING AUTHORITY: City-County Planning Department.

STATE: The State of Montana.

STREET TYPES: For purposes of these regulations, street types are defined using the Institute of Transportation Engineers Manual as follows:

- a. Alley: Minor rights-of-way used primarily for vehicular access to the back or side of properties that abut on and are otherwise served by public roads.
- b. Arterial: Any major carrier of traffic which generally terminates at both ends at a location that will produce more than 2,000 vehicles per day traffic, or upon which the nature of the traffic is such that more than 60% of the vehicles are using the street for mobility rather than land access. They are typically located no more than 1 mile apart.
 - 1. Principal Arterial: A street which serves the major centers of a metropolitan area, the highest traffic volume corridors, and the longest trip desires, and which carries a high proportion of the total urban area travel on a minimum of mileage.
 - 2. Minor Arterial: A street that interconnects with and augments the principal arterials, provides service to trips of moderate length at a lower level of travel mobility than principal arterials, and distributes travel to geographic areas smaller than those identified as principal arterials.
- c. Collector: A street that generally terminates at both ends at an arterial or collector but because of location, curvilinear design, or limited feeder area will not generally serve more than 2,000 vehicles per day, or the nature of the traffic is such that approximately 50% of the traffic is using the street for land access and 50% for mobility. They are typically located between arterial streets at no more than ½ -mile from an arterial street.
- d. Cul-de-sac: A street having only one outlet for vehicular traffic and terminating in a turn-around area.
- e. Frontage Access (Service Road): A local or collector street, usually parallel and adjacent to an arterial or major collector, which provides access to abutting properties and controls traffic access to arterials or collectors.
- f. Half-Street: A portion of the width of a street, usually located along the perimeter of a subdivision, the remaining portion of which street must be located on adjacent property if the street is to be fully constructed.
- g. Local Streets: A street or road having the primary function of serving abutting properties, and the secondary function of moving traffic.
- h. Loop: A local street which begins and ends on the same street, generally used for access to properties.

SUBDIVIDER: Any person or entity that owns or buys land, divides it into usable lots and develops or rents the lots, or sells the lots to others for development.

SUBDIVISION: A division of land or land so divided which creates one or more parcels containing less than 160 acres that cannot be described as a one-quarter aliquot part of a United States government section, exclusive of public roadways, in order that the title to or possession of the parcels may be sold or otherwise transferred and includes any re-subdivision and a

condominium or townhome created in accordance with the Unit Ownership Act (70-23-101, et seq., MCA). The term also means an area, regardless of its size, that provides or will provide multiple spaces for rent or lease on which recreational camping vehicles or mobile homes (76-3-103(15), MCA). However, condominiums or townhomes constructed on land divided in compliance with the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act are exempt from the provisions of the Act (76-3-203, MCA).

SUBDIVISION, MAJOR: A subdivision that does not qualify for review as a minor subdivision.

SUBDIVISION, FIRST MINOR: A subdivision of a parcel that has never been subdivided or created by a subdivision, or has not resulted from a tract of record that has had more than five parcels created from that tract of record under 76-3-201 or 76-3-207, MCA since July 1, 1973 (76-3-609(2), MCA). Furthermore, the first minor subdivision contains five or fewer lots, and legal and physical access to all lots is provided.

SUBDIVISION, SUBSEQUENT MINOR: Divisions of land creating five (5) or fewer lots that are not first minor subdivisions from a tract of record.

SUBDIVISION QUALIFYING FOR EXPEDITED REVIEW: *An expedited review and approval process for subdivision plats. It must meet the requirements of Section 23-306 of these subdivision regulations*

SUBDIVISION QUALIFYING FOR ABBREVIATED EXPEDITED REVIEW: A subdivision qualifying for an abbreviated review and approval process when it meets the definition of a first minor subdivision that contains one or two parcels, proper access to all lots is provided, no land in the subdivision will be dedicated to public use for parks or playgrounds, and the plat has been approved by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality whenever approval is required.

SUBDIVISION, ADMINISTRATIVE MINOR: *A subdivision qualifying for an administrative review and approval process when it meets the definition of a first minor or subsequent minor subdivision from a tract of record, is within zoning, proper access to all lots is provided, has a will-serve letter from a municipal or county water and sewer service, and does not require a variance.*

SURVEYOR (REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR): A person licensed in conformance with the Montana Professional Engineer's Registration Act (Title 37, Chapter 67, MCA) to practice surveying in the State of Montana.

SURVEYOR (EXAMINING LAND SURVEYOR): A registered land surveyor duly appointed by the City of Billings or Yellowstone County to review surveys and plats submitted for filing.

SWALE: A drainage channel or depression designed to direct surface water flow.

TOWNHOME/TOWNHOUSE: Property that is owned subject to an arrangement under which persons own their own units and hold separate title to the land beneath their units, but under which they may jointly own the common areas and facilities (70-23-103(16)(a), MCA).

TRACT OF RECORD: An individual parcel of land, irrespective of ownership, that can be identified by legal description, independent of any other parcel of land, using documents on file in the records of the County Clerk and Recorder's office (76-3-103(16)(a), MCA).

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES: All signs, signals, markings, and other devices used to regulate, warn, or guide traffic, placed on, over, or adjacent to a street, highway, pedestrian facility, or multi-use trail by authority of a public agency having jurisdiction.

TRANSPORTATION PLAN: *Currently adopted* Billings Urban Area Transportation Plan ~~2009 Update~~, or any newer transportation planning document adopted by the Billings City Council and Board of County Commissioners *and Policy Coordinating Committee (PCC)* for the Billings urban area.

UTILITY: A service to the public including, but not limited to, sanitary and storm sewers, water, electric power, gas, telephone, cable television, and other communication means.

VICINITY SKETCH: A map included with a site plan or placed on a plat that enables the viewer to clearly determine the location of a proposed subdivision in the City.

WILDLIFE: Non-domesticated animals.

WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE: Areas where wildland vegetation meets urban developments, or where forest fuels meet urban fuels (such as homes). These areas encompass not only the interface (areas immediately adjacent to urban development) but also the continuous slopes and fuels that lead directly to a risk to urban developments, and are generally mapped in the Yellowstone County WUI Community Wildfire Protection Plan.

WILDLIFE HABITAT: A place frequented by wildlife or a site where wildlife lives.

Article 23-300. SUBDIVISION REVIEW PROCEDURES.

Section 23-301. Compliance with Local Regulations and State Law.

No subdivision of any lot, tract or parcel of land shall be undertaken; no street, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, water main, or other facilities in connection therewith shall be constructed, opened or extended for public use and travel, or for the common use of occupants of buildings except in strict accordance with the provisions of this Chapter and related state statutes.

Section 23-302. Major Subdivisions.

Divisions of land creating six (6) or more parcels must be reviewed as a major subdivision. The major subdivision shall be reviewed by the governing body of the jurisdiction where the subdivision is located. A copy of the application shall also be provided to school district trustees (76-3-601(2)(b), MCA).

If the proposed subdivision lies partly within an incorporated city or town, the proposed plat must be submitted to and approved by both the city or town and county governing body (76-3-601(2)(c), MCA).

When a proposed subdivision is also proposed to be annexed to any municipality, the subdivision review and annexation procedures will be coordinated to minimize duplications of hearings, reports, and other requirements whenever possible (76-3-601(2)(d), MCA).

A. Preapplication Meeting. The purpose of the preapplication meeting is to provide the subdivider with requirements of local subdivision regulations and the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act. A pre-application meeting must be requested no later than ~~twenty (20)~~ seven (7) working days and no earlier than one hundred and twenty (120) working days prior to submittal of a major preliminary plat application for completeness review.

At the time of request, the subdivider shall provide the Planning Director or designee with ~~ten (10)~~ electronically submitted sketch plans of the proposed subdivision for review and discussion. The sketch plan should be legibly drawn to scale no greater than 1 inch = 400 feet (1:4,800), showing in simple form the layout of proposed features in relation to existing conditions. The sketch plan may be a freehand sketch made directly on a print of a topographic map. See [Appendix C online 'Pre-application form'](#) for recommended pre-application sketch plan contents and other meeting recommendations.

The Planning Director or designee will schedule the pre-application meeting to occur within fifteen (15) working days of the receipt of the sketch plan, and shall notify the subdivider and any affected City Departments of the time and place of the meeting.

The pre-application meeting shall not constitute approval of a preliminary or final plat. Rather, it shall be deemed an expression of general acceptance of the sketch plan submitted.

B. Pre-application Completeness Review. One (1) month prior to submittal deadline for major preliminary plat applications, the subdivider shall submit one (1) electronic copy of the application including the preliminary plat and supporting documents to the Planning Director or designee for review accompanied by the applicable fee. After receipt of the electronic copy the Planning Director or designee shall notify the subdivider within five (5) working days as to the completeness of the application. A complete application will include all those items listed in Appendix D online "Preliminary Plat Requirements", where applicable, and any additional information identified at the pre-application meeting. If the Planning Director or designee determines the application complete, the subdivider may submit the application, plat and supporting documentation for sufficiency review. If the Planning Director or designee determines the application is incomplete, the subdivider must correct the deficiencies and resubmit the application.

C. Preapplication Sufficiency Review. Within fifteen (15) working days after notifying the applicant that the application is complete, the Planning Director or designee will determine that the information in the application is sufficient to allow for review of the proposed subdivision. If the Planning Director or designee determines the information is sufficient, the applicant will be notified that the complete and sufficient application may be submitted at the application submittal deadline. If the Planning Director or designee determines the information is insufficient, the subdivider must correct the deficiencies prior to the next submittal deadline or postpone submittal to a future submittal deadline.

D. Major Preliminary Plat Application Submittal.

- 1. Required.** The subdivider shall submit to the Planning Director or designee, for review and recommendation, a preliminary plat of the proposed major subdivision which conforms to the requirements of these Regulations. Information required in submittal of plats and supporting documents shall be performed by or under the supervision of a registered land surveyor or professional engineer licensed to practice in the State of Montana, as their respective licensing laws allow.
- 2. Application submittal.** Complete and sufficient application for major preliminary plat approval shall be made to the Planning Director or designee on or before 3:00 p.m. of the first day of any given month. When the date of submittal falls on a weekend or holiday, the submittal shall be on the following working day by 3:00 p.m. The application form is provided in Appendix E online "Preliminary Plat Application" and must be accompanied by the required preliminary plat, and supporting documents and applicable fee.
- 3. Review period.** Upon receipt of a complete and sufficient application, the governing body has sixty (60) working days to approve, conditionally approve, or deny the preliminary plat application. For subdivisions containing fifty (50) or more lots the review period is eighty (80) working days. The review period may be extended upon written consent from the subdivider.

E. Preliminary Plat Contents and Submittal Copies.

1. **Content.** The preliminary plat shall clearly show the information listed in [Appendix D online](#) “Preliminary Plat Requirements.”
2. **Copies.** The subdivider shall provide ~~the number of copies one electronic copy of all required documents for~~ the preliminary plat ~~as determined by to~~ the Planning Director or designee. All plats shall be 24 inch by 36-inch size and/or 11 inch by 17-inch size as specified by the Planning Director or designee. ~~One (1) electronic copy of the plat shall be provided in either AutoCad® or ArcGIS® format and one (1) copy shall be provided in .pdf, .jpg or .tif format.~~

F. Supporting Documentation.

1. **Required documents.** The supporting information shall include those documents listed ~~in Appendix F online~~ “Required Supporting Documents for Major Preliminary Plat Applications.”
2. **Required copies.** The subdivider shall ~~provide the number of copies one electronic copy~~ of the supporting documents ~~as determined by to~~ the Planning Director or designee. All documents shall be typed and, in a format, specified by the Planning Director or designee.

G. Staff and Agency Review.

1. **Review procedure schedule.** Upon receipt of a complete and sufficient major preliminary plat application, the Planning Director or designee shall develop a schedule for the review period. The schedule shall include the dates, times and location of all key meetings, hearings and actions, and the dates of all key deadlines.
2. **Submittal distribution.** Planning staff shall distribute the application to all affected City Departments, local, state, and federal agencies, school districts and public utilities for review, and include a copy of the review procedure schedule. These affected entities shall determine what effect the proposed subdivision may have on their ability to provide services and submit recommendations for mitigation of those impacts. The affected entities shall respond to the Planning staff within approximately ~~ten (10) fifteen (15)~~ working days. A public utility or agency review may not delay the governing body’s action on the plan beyond the sixty (60) or eighty (80) working day review period. Failure of any agency to complete a review of a plat will not be the basis for denial of the plat by the governing body (76-3-504(1)(i), MCA).
3. **Department plat review meeting.** Planning staff shall arrange a department plat review meeting to publicly review comments from the affected entities and inform the subdivider of revisions or additions required to bring the application into compliance with local regulations and state law. The subdivider and their representative are required to attend the department plat review meeting and shall be given a copy of all comments received to date from the affected entities.

4. **Application resubmittal.** The Planning staff shall notify the subdivider, in writing, of the resubmittal requirements within one (1) working day of the department plat review meeting. The subdivider shall revise the plat and supporting documents as required and submit the number of copies one electronic copy of the revised application and documents as determined by the Planning Director or designee within five (5) working days of receipt of the resubmittal notice.
5. **Final staff comments.** Affected departments shall provide the Planning staff with final written comments regarding the resubmitted documents within five (5) working days of receipt of resubmittal.
6. **Hearing notice.** The Planning Board shall hold a public hearing on all major preliminary plat applications. Planning staff shall place a notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the County not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the date of a public hearing. The Planning staff shall also notify the subdivider and each property owner of record, and each purchaser under contract for deed of property immediately adjoining land included in the plat by certified mail not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the date of hearing (76-3-605(3), MCA).
7. **Staff report.** Planning staff shall prepare staff reports and presentations for the Planning Board plat review meeting and public hearing. A copy of each staff report shall be provided available electronically to the subdivider at least five (5) working days prior to the Board or governing body meeting. Each staff report shall provide a recommendation for approval, conditional approval or denial of the application and draft findings of fact as basis for the recommendation. The Planning staff shall also prepare a report forwarding the recommendation of the Planning Board to the governing body including the Board's recommendation for approval, conditional approval or denial of the applications and draft findings of fact as basis for the recommendation.

H. Planning Board Plat Review. The Planning Board, as the authorized agent of the governing body shall conduct a plat review of the major preliminary plat application at a regularly scheduled meeting prior to the scheduled public hearing. The purpose of the plat review meeting is to consider the following relevant review criteria:

1. The environmental assessment and all criteria discussed therein, unless the plat is exempted from the requirement of submitting an environmental assessment pursuant to 76-3-616, MCA; and
2. The effect on agriculture, agricultural water user facilities, local services, the natural environment, wildlife, wildlife habitat, and public health and safety (76-3-608(3)(a), MCA); and

3. Compliance with:
 - a. The Montana Subdivisions and Platting Act (76-3-101 et seq., MCA) (76-3-608(3)(b), MCA); and
 - b. The provision of easements for the location and installation of any planned utilities (76-3-608(3)(c), MCA); and
 - c. The provision of legal and physical access to each parcel within the subdivision (76-3-608(3)(d), MCA); and
 - d. The required notation of that access on the applicable plat and any instrument of transfer concerning the parcel (76-3-608(3)(d), MCA); and
 - e. Local zoning requirements; and
4. Consistency with the *currently* adopted Growth Policy¹, Transportation Plan, and the *Heritage Trail Plan*⁺ *Active Transportation Plan*.
5. **Determination.** The Planning Board shall determine if there are any significant adverse impacts the subdivision may have based on its review of this information and formulate recommended conditions to reasonably minimize those impacts.

In reviewing a subdivision and when requiring mitigation, the Planning Board may not unreasonably restrict a landowner's ability to develop land, but it is recognized that in some instances the unmitigated impacts of a proposed development may be unacceptable and will preclude recommendation of approval of the plat.

- I. **Public Hearing.** The Planning Board shall conduct the public hearing and consider all relevant evidence as related to the proposed plat before preparing its written findings of fact and recommendation to the governing body. The subdivider or their agent shall be given the opportunity to object to any testimony given. The subdivider shall be allowed to submit in writing his or her own proposed findings of fact to the Board and the governing body following the hearing.

The relevant evidence considered at the public hearing on the preliminary plat shall include the criteria listed above in Section H. of this Article.

After holding the public hearing and reviewing the evidence concerning the plat, the Planning Board shall submit its recommendations to the governing body to approve, conditionally approve or deny the major preliminary plat in writing no later than ten (10) days after the public hearing (76-3-605(4), MCA).

¹ A governing body may not withhold, deny, or impose conditions on any land use approval or other authority to act based solely on compliance with a growth policy (76-1-605(2)(b), MCA).

J. Subsequent Hearing. Before acting on the subdivision application, the governing body shall determine whether public comments or documents presented at the Planning Board public hearing constitute:

1. Information that the public has not had a reasonable opportunity to examine and comment, or
2. New information never submitted or considered by the Planning Board or staff.

If the governing body determines that public comments or documents meets at least one (1) of the criteria listed above, it may act on the subdivision application in accordance with this Article or schedule a subsequent public hearing for consideration of the new information only. The subsequent public hearing shall be held by the Planning Board at the Planning Board's next scheduled meeting for which proper notice for the public hearing on the subdivision application can be provided.

If a subsequent hearing is held, the sixty (60) or eighty (80) working day review period is suspended and the new hearing must be noticed and held within forty-five (45) days of the governing body's determination to hold a subsequent public hearing. The sixty (60) or eighty (80) working day review period will resume from the date of the subsequent public hearing. The governing body may not consider any information that is presented after the subsequent hearing (76-3-615, MCA).

K. Subdivider's Preference for Mitigation. No later than ten (10) days before the meeting when the governing body is to consider the Planning Board's recommendation on the preliminary plat, the subdivider may submit in writing to the governing body comments on and responses to the Planning Board's recommendations. This document may include the subdivider's alternative proposals, if any, for mitigating the impacts identified in the Planning Board's recommendations. The governing body shall give due weight and consideration to the subdivider's expressed preferences (76-3-608(5)(b), MCA).

L. Governing Body Action. The governing body's decision to approve, conditionally approve, or deny a subdivision is based on the preliminary plat, applicable environmental assessment, public hearing, Planning Board recommendations, or additional information that demonstrates the development of the subdivision meets the requirements of the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act and these Regulations. A governing body may not deny approval of a subdivision based solely on the subdivision's impacts on educational services, or based solely on parcels within the subdivision having been designated as wildland-urban interface parcels under 76-13-145, MCA (76-3-608(1), MCA), or solely on compliance with a Growth Policy (76-1-605(2)(b), MCA).

The governing body shall issue written findings of fact that weigh the criteria as listed in Section 23-302 H. of this Article. The governing body shall determine if there are any significant adverse impacts the subdivision may have based on its review of this information and formulate conditions to reasonably minimize those impacts (76-3-608(4), MCA).

In reviewing a subdivision and when requiring mitigation, the governing body may not unreasonably restrict a landowner's ability to develop land, but it is recognized that in some instances the unmitigated impacts of a proposed development may be unacceptable and will preclude approval of the plat (76-3-608(5)(a), MCA).

The governing body shall approve, conditionally approve or deny the preliminary plat within sixty (60) or eighty (80) working days of the submittal deadline and when the application was considered complete and sufficient. The governing body shall send the subdivider a letter within thirty (30) working days of its decision stating the reasons for the denial or enumerating the conditions which must be met to assure approval of the final plat along with written findings of fact (76-3-608(4), MCA).

M. Preliminary Plat Approval Period. The approval or conditional approval shall be valid for not more than three (3) calendar years. At the end of this period the governing body may, at the request of the subdivider, extend its approval for mutually agreed-upon period of time. Any mutually agreed-upon extension must be in writing, dated, and signed by the governing body and the subdivider or subdivider's agent. The governing body may issue more than one extension.

When considering a request for an extension of the preliminary plat approval period, the governing body may use the following criteria to evaluate the request:

1. Changes to the subdivision regulations since the original approval and whether the subdivision as originally approved is essentially compliant with the new regulations;
2. Progress to date in completing the subdivision as a whole and any phases;
3. Phasing of the subdivision and the ability for the existing development to operate without the delayed development;
4. Dependence of infrastructure development on the subdivision;
5. Duration of the requested extension;
6. Demonstrated ability of the subdivider to complete the subdivision;
7. Such other factors or criteria as deemed material in the discretion of the governing body.

After the preliminary plat is approved, the governing body may not impose any additional conditions as a prerequisite to final plat approval, providing the approval is obtained within the original or extended approval period described above (76-3-610(2), MCA).

N. **Appeal Process.** A decision of the governing body regarding a proposed subdivision may be appealed to the district court, as provided in Section 23-1105 of these Regulations and 76-3-625, MCA.

O. **Final Plat.** A final plat application shall be submitted for review and approval following the procedures outlined in Section 23-307 of this Article prior to the expiration of the preliminary plat approval period.

Section 23-303. First Minor Subdivisions from a Tract of Record.

Divisions of land creating five (5) or fewer lots from a tract of record that has not been subdivided or created by a subdivision under the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act, or has not resulted from a tract of record that has had more than five parcels created from that tract of record under 76-3-201 or 76-3-207, MCA since ~~July 1, 1973 October 1, 2003~~ shall be reviewed as first minor subdivisions from a tract of record, hereafter referred to as a “first minor” (76-3-609, MCA).

The requirement of holding a public hearing does not apply to the first minor subdivision created from a tract of record (76-3-609(2)(d)(ii), MCA). ~~Unless the subdivision lies within an area that has adopted zoning regulations, the application must include a summary of the probable impacts of the proposed subdivision based on the criteria described in Section 23-303 H. of these Regulations (76-3-609(2)(e), MCA).~~

The first minor subdivision shall be reviewed by the governing body of the jurisdiction where the subdivision is located. A copy of the application shall also be provided to school district trustees (76-3-601(2)(b), MCA).

If the proposed subdivision lies partly within an incorporated city or town, the proposed plat must be submitted to and approved by both the city or town and county governing body (76-3-601(2)(c), MCA).

When a proposed subdivision is also proposed to be annexed to any municipality, the subdivision review and annexation procedures will be coordinated to minimize duplications of hearings, reports, and other requirements when possible (76-3-601(2)(d), MCA).

A. **Pre-application Meeting.** The purpose of the pre-application meeting is to provide the subdivider with requirements of local subdivision regulations and the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act. A pre-application meeting must be requested no later than ~~twenty (20)~~ ~~seven (7)~~ working days and no earlier than one hundred and twenty (120) working days prior to submittal of a minor preliminary plat application for completeness review. At the time of request, the subdivider shall provide the Planning Director or designee with ~~ten (10)~~ ~~electronic~~ sketch plans of the proposed subdivision for review and discussion. The sketch plan should be legibly drawn to scale no greater than 1 inch = 400 feet (1:4,800), showing in simple form the layout of proposed features in relation to existing conditions. The sketch plan may be a freehand sketch made directly on a print of a topographic map. See [Appendix C the online application](#) for recommended pre-application sketch plan contents and other meeting recommendations.

The Planning Director or designee will schedule the pre-application meeting to occur within fifteen (15) working days of the receipt of the sketch plan, and shall notify the subdivider and any affected City Departments of the time and place of the meeting.

The pre-application meeting shall not constitute approval of a preliminary or final plat. Rather, it shall be deemed an expression of general acceptance of the sketch plan submitted.

- B. **Pre-application Completeness Review.** One (1) month prior to a submittal deadline for minor preliminary plat applications, the subdivider shall submit one (1) electronic copy of ~~the application including the preliminary plat and supporting~~ documents to the Planning Director or designee for review accompanied by the applicable fee. After receipt of the ~~copy copies~~ the Planning Director or designee shall notify the subdivider within five (5) working days as to the completeness of the application. A complete application will include all those items listed ~~in Appendix D online~~ as "Preliminary Plat Requirements", where applicable, and any additional information identified at the pre-application meeting. If the Planning Director or designee determines the application complete, the subdivider may submit the application, plat and supporting documentation for sufficiency review. If the Planning Director or designee determines the application is incomplete, the subdivider must correct the deficiencies and resubmit the application.
- C. **Pre-application Sufficiency Review.** Within fifteen (15) working days after notifying the applicant that the application is complete, the Planning Director or designee will determine that the information in the application is sufficient to allow for review of the proposed subdivision. If the Planning Director or designee determines the information is sufficient, the applicant will be notified that the complete and sufficient application may be submitted at the application submittal deadline. If the Planning Director or designee determines the information is insufficient, the subdivider must correct the deficiencies prior to the next submittal deadline or postpone submittal to a future submittal deadline.
- D. **First Minor Preliminary Plat Application Submittal.**
 1. **Required.** The subdivider shall submit to the Planning Director or designee, for review and recommendation, a preliminary plat of the proposed first minor subdivision, which conforms to the requirements of these Regulations. Information required in submittal of plats and supporting documents shall be performed by or under the supervision of a registered land surveyor or professional engineer licensed to practice in the State of Montana as their respective licensing laws allow.
 2. **Application submittal.** Complete and sufficient application for first minor preliminary plat approval shall be made to the Planning Director or designee on or before 3:00 p.m. of the first or fifteenth day of any given month. When the date of submittal falls on a weekend or holiday, the submittal shall be on the following working day by 3:00 p.m. The application form is provided ~~in Appendix E online~~ "Preliminary Plat Application" and must be accompanied by the required preliminary plat, supporting documents and applicable fee.

3. **Review period.** Upon receipt of a complete application, the governing body has thirty-five (35) working days to approve, conditionally approve, or deny the preliminary plat application. The review period may be extended upon written consent from the subdivider.

E. Preliminary Plat Contents and Submittal Copies.

1. **Content.** The preliminary plat shall clearly show the information listed ~~in Appendix D online~~ “Preliminary Plat Requirements.”
2. **Copies.** The subdivider shall provide ~~the number of copies one electronic copy of the preliminary plat as determined by the Planning Director or designee.~~ All plats shall be 24 inches by 36 inches in size or 11 inches by 17 inches in size as specified by the Planning Director or designee. One (1) electronic copy of ~~the plat shall be all supporting documents shall be provided. in either AutoCad® or ArcGIS® format and one (1) copy shall be provided in .pdf, .jpg or .tif format.~~

F. Supporting Documentation.

1. **Required documents.** The supporting information shall include those documents listed ~~in Appendix G online~~ “Required Supporting Documents for First Minor Preliminary Plat Applications.”
2. **Required copies.** The subdivider shall provide ~~the number of copies of the one copy of each~~ supporting documents as determined by the Planning Director or designee. All documents shall be typed and, in a format, specified by the Planning Director or designee.

G. Staff and Agency Review.

1. **Review procedure schedule.** Upon receipt of a complete and sufficient first minor preliminary plat application, the Planning Director or designee shall develop a schedule for the review period. The schedule shall include the dates, times and location of all key meetings and actions and the dates of all key deadlines.
2. **Submittal distribution.** Planning staff shall distribute the application to all affected City Departments, local, state, and federal agencies, school districts and public utilities for review, and include a copy of the review procedure schedule. These affected entities shall determine what effect the proposed subdivision may have on their ability to provide services and submit recommendations for mitigation of those impacts. The affected entities shall respond to the Planning staff within approximately fifteen (15) working days. A public utility or agency review may not delay the governing body’s action on the plan beyond the thirty-five (35) working day review period. Failure of any agency to complete a review of a plat will not be the basis for denial of the plat by the governing body (76-3-504(1)(i), MCA).

3. **Staff report.** Planning staff shall prepare a staff report and presentation for the governing body. *An electronic* copy of the report shall be provided to the subdivider at least five (5) working days prior to the governing body meeting. The staff report shall provide a recommendation for approval, conditional approval or denial of the applications and draft findings of fact to justify the recommendation.

H. Governing Body Action. At a regularly scheduled meeting the governing body shall consider the following information in deciding whether to approve, conditionally approve, or deny a preliminary plat:

1. Unless the subdivision is proposed in an area that is zoned, the effect on agriculture, agricultural water user facilities, local services, the natural environment, wildlife, wildlife habitat, and public health and safety (76-3-608(3)(a), MCA); and
2. Compliance with:
 - a. The Montana Subdivisions and Platting Act (76-3-101 et seq., MCA) (76-3-608 (3)(b), MCA); and
 - b. The provision of easements for the location and installation of any planned utilities (76-3-608(3)(c), MCA); and
 - c. The provision of legal and physical access to each parcel within the subdivision (76-3-608(3)(d), MCA); and
 - d. The required notation of that access on the applicable plat and any instrument of transfer concerning the parcel (76-3-608(3)(d), MCA); and
 - e. Local zoning requirements; and
3. Consistency with the *currently* adopted Growth Policy, Transportation Plan, and the *Active Transportation Plan Heritage Trail Plan* (76-1-606, MCA); and
4. A summary of probable impacts prepared in accordance with Section 23-904 of these Regulations.
5. The governing body shall give due weight and consideration to the subdivider's expressed preferences (76-3-608(5)(b), MCA). The governing body may not deny approval of a subdivision based solely on the subdivision's impacts on educational services, or based solely on parcels within the subdivision having been designated as wildland-urban interface parcels under 76-13-145, MCA (76-3-608(1), MCA), or solely on compliance with the Growth Policy (76-3-605(2)(b), MCA).
6. The governing body shall issue written findings of fact that weigh the criteria listed in this section. The governing body shall determine if there are any significant adverse impacts the subdivision may have based on its review of this information and formulate conditions to reasonably minimize those impacts (76-3-608(4), MCA).

7. In reviewing a subdivision and when requiring mitigation, the governing body may not unreasonably restrict a landowner's ability to develop land, but it is recognized that in some instances the unmitigated impacts of a proposed development may be unacceptable and will preclude approval of the plat (76-3-608(5)(a), MCA).
8. The governing body shall approve, conditionally approve or deny the preliminary plat within thirty-five (35) working days of the submittal deadline and when the application was considered complete and sufficient. The governing body shall send to the subdivider a letter within thirty (30) working days of its decision stating the reasons for the denial or enumerating the conditions which must be met to assure approval of the final plat, along with written findings of fact (76-3-608(4), MCA).

I. Preliminary Plat Approval Period. The approval or conditional approval shall be valid for not more than three (3) calendar years. At the end of this period the governing body may, at the request of the subdivider, extend its approval for a mutually agreed-upon period of time. Any mutually agreed-upon extension must be in writing, dated, and signed by the governing body and the subdivider or subdivider's agent. The governing body may issue more than one extension.

When considering a request for an extension of the preliminary plat approval period, the governing body may use the following criteria to evaluate the request:

1. Changes to the subdivision regulations since the original approval and whether the subdivision as originally approved is essentially compliant with the new regulations;
2. Progress to date in completing the subdivision as a whole and any phases;
3. Phasing of the subdivision and the ability for the existing development to operate without the delayed development;
4. Dependence of infrastructure development on the subdivision;
5. Duration of the requested extension;
6. Demonstrated ability of the subdivider to complete the subdivision.
7. Such other factors or criteria as deemed material in the discretion of the governing body.

After the preliminary plat is approved, the governing body may not impose any additional conditions as a prerequisite to final plat approval, providing the approval is obtained within the original or extended approval period described above (76-3-610(2), MCA).

J. Appeal Process. A decision of the governing body regarding a proposed subdivision may be appealed to the district court, as provided in Section 23-1105 of these Regulations and 76-3-625, MCA.

K. Final Plat. A final plat application shall be submitted for review and approval following the procedures outlined in Section 23-307 of this Article prior to the expiration of the preliminary plat approval period.

Section 23-304. Subsequent Minor Subdivisions.

Divisions of land creating five (5) or fewer lots that are not first minor subdivisions from a tract of record shall be reviewed as first minor subdivisions in accordance with Section 23-303 of this Article (76-3-609(4), MCA). The subsequent minor subdivision will be reviewed by the governing body where the jurisdiction in which it is located. A copy of the application shall also be provided to school district trustees (76-3-601(2)(b), MCA).

Section 23-305. Subdivisions Qualifying for Expedited Abbreviated Review.

A. **Eligibility.** Subdivisions, hereafter referred to as “expedited abbreviated review plats” containing one (1) or two (2) parcels are eligible for expedited abbreviated review when:

1. They meet the definition of a first minor subdivision from a tract of record; and
2. Legal and physical access to all lots is provided; and
3. No land in the subdivision will be dedicated to public use for parks or playgrounds; and
4. The plat has been approved by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality or County Environmental Health whenever approval is required or the plat has been approved by the City of Billings Public Works Department for sanitary water, sewer and storm water facilities²; and
5. No public improvements are required.

If the proposed subdivision lies partly within an incorporated city or town, the proposed plat must be submitted to and approved by both the city or town and county governing body (76-3-601(2)(c), MCA).

When a proposed subdivision is also proposed to be annexed to any municipality, the subdivision review and annexation procedures will be coordinated to minimize duplications of hearings, reports, and other requirements when possible (76-3-601 (2)(d), MCA).

² If MDEQ or County Health approval has not yet been obtained, the applicant may submit a checkprint for review and approval to the Planning Department. The applicant may submit the checkprint approval to MDEQ or County Health as required as proof of preliminary plat approval. Proof of MDEQ or County Health approval must be submitted with the final plat and supplemental documents prior to recording the final plat.

B. Pre-application Meeting. The purpose of the pre-application meeting is to provide the subdivider with requirements of local subdivision regulations and the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act. A pre-application meeting must be requested no later than twenty (20) working days and no earlier than one hundred and twenty (120) working days prior to final plat submittal. At the time of request, the subdivider shall provide the Planning Director or designee with ~~ten (10)~~ electronically submitted sketch plans of the proposed subdivision for review and discussion. The sketch plan should be legibly drawn to scale no greater than 1 inch = 400 feet (1:4,800), showing in simple form the layout of proposed features in relation to existing conditions. The sketch plan may be a freehand sketch made directly on a print of a topographic map. See Appendix C for recommended pre-application sketch plan contents and other meeting recommendations.

The Planning Director or designee will schedule the pre-application meeting to occur with fifteen (15) working days of the receipt of the sketch plan, and shall notify the subdivider and any affected City Departments of the time and place of the meeting.

The pre-application meeting shall not constitute approval of a preliminary or final plat. Rather, it shall be deemed an expression of general acceptance of the sketch plan submitted.

C. Expedited Abbreviated Review Plat Application Submittal.

- 1. Required.** The subdivider shall submit to the Planning Director or designee, for review and recommendation, a final plat of the proposed minor subdivision, which conforms to the requirements of Section 23-307 of this Article. Information required in submittal of plats and supporting documents shall be performed by or under the supervision of a registered land surveyor or professional engineer licensed to practice in the State of Montana, as their respective licensing laws allow.
- 2. Checkprint.** Prior to submitting the final plat on mylar, a subdivider must submit ~~four (4) copies electronic copies~~ of a final plat application, ~~four (4) paper prints of the final plat, four (4) electronic~~ draft copies of the supporting documents and one (1) copy of the survey closure calculations to the Planning Director or designee for review. The electronic final plat application form is provided online "Final Plat Application" and the form and content of the checkprint and the supporting documents are described in Appendix J online "Final Plat Requirements". The final plat review fee and the subdivision title commitment or title report are also required at this stage.

~~One (1) copy Reviewing departments shall be notified of and provided electronic copies of the checkprint, supporting documents and survey closure calculations have been submitted, shall be forwarded to City Public Works-Department for their review and comment. One (1) copy of the checkprint and supporting documents shall be forwarded to the Billings Fire Department, City Legal, County Treasurer and County Clerk and Reorder shall be asked for their review and comment. Both departments These reviewers shall notify Planning staff of any changes required to conform to the local regulations and state law within ten (10) working days after receipt of the checkprint. Planning staff shall notify the subdivider no later than fifteen (15) working~~

days after receipt of the checkpoint of any changes required. A red-lined copy of the checkpoint shall be returned to the subdivider along with the reviewer's comments. ~~If the checkpoint is approved by all reviewing departments, the Planning staff shall provide a letter to the County Health Department or the Montana Department of Environmental Quality stating that the plat has been reviewed and is recommended for approval. This letter shall be submitted by the applicant along with their application for sanitary facility approval as proof that the proposed plat has been reviewed and approved.~~

3. **Application submittal.** Application for ~~expedited abbreviated~~ plat approval shall be submitted to the Planning Director or designee on or before 3:00 p.m. at least twenty-five (25) working days prior to the date of the City Council memo deadline. The ~~electronic~~ application form is provided ~~in Appendix H online~~ “~~Expedited Abbreviated~~ Final Plat Application” and must be accompanied by the required final plat, supporting documents and applicable fee.
- D. **Final Plat and Supporting Documents Contents and Submittal Copies.** The subdivider shall submit one (1) electronic copy ~~in either AutoCad ® or ArcGIS ® format and one (1) copy in .pdf, .jpg or .tif format~~. The subdivider must also submit two (2) signed mylar originals of the final plat. The form and content of final plat is provided ~~in Appendix J online~~ “Final Plat Requirements.” The final plat must be accompanied by a complete ~~expedited abbreviated~~ review plat application form as provided ~~in Appendix H online~~ “~~Expedited Abbreviated~~ Final Plat Application”, a subdivision title commitment or title guarantee prepared within the previous six (6) months, all supporting documents and the required review fee.
- E. **Review Procedure.** Planning staff shall route the application, final plat and supporting documents to the appropriate departments and officials for their signatures within sufficient time to assure the documents are placed on the first available agenda of the governing body for their consideration and authorized signatures.
- F. **Governing Body Action.** At a regularly scheduled meeting, the governing body shall consider the following information in deciding whether to approve or deny a final plat:
 1. The effect on agriculture, agricultural water user facilities, local services, the natural environment, wildlife, wildlife habitat, and public health and safety (76-3-608 (3)(a), MCA); and
 2. Compliance with:
 - a. The Montana Subdivisions and Platting Act (76-3-101 et seq., MCA) (76-3-608 (3)(b), MCA); and
 - b. The provision of easements for the location and installation of any planned utilities(76-3-608(3)(c), MCA); and
 - c. The provision of legal and physical access to each parcel within the subdivision (76-3-608(3)(d), MCA); and

- d. The required notation of that access on the applicable plat and any instrument of transfer concerning the parcel (76-3-608(3)(d), MCA); and
 - e. Local zoning requirements; and
3. Consistency with the adopted Growth Policy, Transportation Plan, and the Heritage Trail Plan.
4. The governing body shall give due weight and consideration to the subdivider's expressed preferences (76-3-608(5)(b), MCA). The governing body may not deny approval of a subdivision based solely on the subdivision's impacts on educational services, or based solely on parcels within the subdivision having been designated as wildland-urban interface parcels under 76-13-145, MCA (76-3-608(1), MCA), or based solely on compliance with the Growth Policy (76-3-605(2)(b), MCA).
5. In the event the governing body denies the final plat, it shall send a letter to the subdivider stating the reasons for the denial along with written findings of fact (76-3-608(4), MCA).

G. **Approval Period.** Final plat approval shall be in force not more than twelve (12) months from the date of the governing body's approval. At the end of the period the governing body may, at the request of the subdivider, after review and recommendation of the Planning Board, extend its approval for no more than twelve (12) months.

After all required signatures have been obtained; the plat shall be recorded with the County Clerk and Recorder within the twelve (12) months of the date of approval.

Section 23-306. Expedited Review for Certain Subdivisions.

A. Eligibility. Subdivisions, hereafter referred to as "expedited review plats" as defined in MCA 76-3-623

- 1. Requested by applicant; and**
- 2. Within an incorporated city and is subject to an adopted growth policy and adopted zoning regulations; and**
- 3. Complies entirely with locally adopted zoning regulations; and**
- 4. Complies entirely with the design standards and all other requirements of these regulations; and**
- 5. Includes in its proposal plans for on-site development or extension of public infrastructure in accordance with locally adopted ordinances and regulations.**

B. Expedited Review Plat Application Submittal.

A. Pre-application Meeting. *The purpose of the pre-application meeting is to provide the subdivider with requirements of local subdivision regulations and the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act. A pre-application meeting must be requested no later than seven (7) working days and no earlier than one hundred and twenty (120) working days prior to submittal of a major preliminary plat application for completeness review.*

At the time of request, the subdivider shall provide the Planning Director or designee with electronically submitted sketch plans of the proposed subdivision for review and discussion. The sketch plan should be legibly drawn to scale no greater than 1 inch = 400 feet (1:4,800), showing in simple form the layout of proposed features in relation to existing conditions. The sketch plan may be a freehand sketch made directly on a print of a topographic map. See online 'Pre-application application' for recommended pre-application sketch plan contents and other meeting recommendations.

The Planning Director or designee will schedule the pre-application meeting to occur within fifteen (15) working days of the receipt of the sketch plan, and shall notify the subdivider and any affected City Departments of the time and place of the meeting.

The pre-application meeting shall not constitute approval of a preliminary or final plat. Rather, it shall be deemed an expression of general acceptance of the sketch plan submitted.

B. Pre-application Completeness Review. *One (1) month prior to submittal deadline for major preliminary plat applications, the subdivider shall submit one electronic copy of the entire application including the preliminary plat and completed supporting documents to the Planning Director or designee for review accompanied by the applicable fee. After receipt of the electronic copy the Planning Director or designee shall notify the subdivider within five (5) working days as to the completeness of the application. An application complete in its entirety will include all those items listed online "Preliminary Plat Requirements", where applicable, and any additional information identified at the pre-application meeting. If the Planning Director or designee determines the application complete, the subdivider may submit the application, plat and supporting documentation for sufficiency review. If the Planning Director or designee determines the application is incomplete, the subdivider must correct the deficiencies and resubmit the application.*

C. Pre-application Sufficiency Review. *Within fifteen (15) working days after notifying the applicant that the application is complete, the Planning Director or designee will determine that the information in the application is sufficient to allow for review of the proposed subdivision. If the Planning Director or designee determines the information is sufficient, the applicant will be notified that the complete and sufficient application may be submitted at the application submittal deadline. If the Planning*

Director or designee determines the information is insufficient, the subdivider must correct the deficiencies prior to the next submittal deadline or postpone submittal to a future submittal deadline.

D. Department plat review meeting. Upon completeness and sufficiency review, Planning staff shall arrange a department plat review meeting to publicly review comments from the affected entities and inform the subdivider of revisions or additions required to bring the application into compliance with local regulations and state law. The subdivider and their representative are required to attend the department plat review meeting and shall be given a copy of all comments received to date from the affected entities.

C. Preliminary Plat Expedited Application Submittal.

- 1. Required.** The subdivider shall submit to the Planning Director or designee, for review and recommendation, a preliminary plat of the proposed major subdivision, which conforms to the requirements of these Regulations. Information required in submittal of plats and supporting documents shall be performed by or under the supervision of a registered land surveyor or professional engineer licensed to practice in the State of Montana, as their respective licensing laws allow.
- 2. Application submittal.** Complete and sufficient application for major preliminary plat approval shall be made to the Planning Director or designee on or before 3:00 p.m. of the first day of any given month. When the date of submittal falls on a weekend or holiday, the submittal shall be on the following working day by 3:00 p.m. The application form is provided on line “Preliminary Plat Application” and must be accompanied by the required preliminary plat, and supporting documents and applicable fee.
- 3. Review period.** Upon receipt of a complete and sufficient application, the governing body's designee has thirty-five (35) working days to hold a public hearing. Subsequently, the Governing Body must approve, conditionally approve, or deny the preliminary plat application within thirty-five (35) working days. The review period may be extended upon written consent from the subdivider one time up to one hundred and eighty (180) calendar days.

D. Preliminary Plat Contents and Submittal Copies.

- 1. Content.** The preliminary plat shall clearly show the information listed online “Preliminary Plat Requirements.”
- 2. Copies.** The subdivider shall provide one electronic copy of all the required documents for the preliminary plat to the Planning Director or designee. All plats shall be 24 inch by 36-inch size and/or 11 inch by 17-inch size as specified by the Planning Director or designee.

E. Supporting Documentation.

1. **Required documents.** The supporting information shall include those documents listed online “Required Supporting Documents for Major Preliminary Plat Applications.”
2. **Required copies.** The subdivider shall provide one electronic copy of the supporting documents to the Planning Director or designee. All documents shall be typed and, in a format, specified by the Planning Director or designee.

F. Planning Board Review

1. **Hearing notice.** The Planning Board shall hold a public hearing on all major preliminary plat applications. Planning staff shall place a notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the County not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the date of a public hearing. The Planning staff shall also notify the subdivider and each property owner of record, and each purchaser under contract for deed of property immediately adjoining land included in the plat by certified mail not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the date of hearing (76-3-605(3), MCA).
2. **Staff report.** Planning staff shall prepare staff reports and presentations for the Planning Board plat review meeting and public hearing. A copy of each staff report shall be available electronically to the subdivider at least five (5) working days prior to the Board or governing body meeting. Each staff report shall provide a recommendation for approval, conditional approval or denial of the application and draft findings of fact as basis for the recommendation. The Planning staff shall also prepare a report forwarding the recommendation of the Planning Board to the governing body including the Board’s recommendation for approval, conditional approval or denial of the applications and draft findings of fact as basis for the recommendation.
3. **Public Hearing.** The Planning Board shall conduct the public hearing and consider all relevant evidence as related to the proposed plat before preparing its written findings of fact and recommendation to the governing body. The subdivider or their agent shall be given the opportunity to object to any testimony given. The subdivider shall be allowed to submit in writing his or her own proposed findings of fact to the Board and the governing body following the hearing.

The relevant evidence considered at the public hearing on the preliminary plat shall include the criteria listed above in Section H. of this Article.

After holding the public hearing and reviewing the evidence concerning the plat, the Planning Board shall submit its recommendations to the governing body to approve, conditionally approve or deny the major preliminary plat in writing no later than ten (10) days after the public hearing (76-3-605(4), MCA).

G. Governing Body Action. The governing body’s decision to approve or conditionally approve a subdivision is based on the preliminary plat application, public hearing, Planning Board recommendations, or additional information that demonstrates the development of the subdivision meets the requirements of the Montana Subdivision and

Platting Act and these Regulations, local zoning ordinances, subdivision design standards and regulations, and all other adopted City of Billings regulations.

In reviewing a subdivision and when requiring mitigation, the governing body may only place conditions to ensure an approved subdivision application is completed in accordance with the applicable local requirements or survey requirements pursuant to Title 76 Chapter 4 of the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act.

The governing body shall approve, conditionally approve the preliminary plat within thirty-five (35) working days of the submittal deadline and when the application was considered complete and sufficient.

H. Preliminary Plat Approval Period. The approval or conditional approval shall be valid for not more than three (3) calendar years. At the end of this period the governing body may, at the request of the subdivider, extend its approval for mutually agreed-upon period of time. Any mutually agreed-upon extension must be in writing, dated and signed by the governing body and the subdivider or subdivider's agent. The governing body may issue more than one extension.

When considering a request for an extension of the preliminary plat approval period, the governing body may use the following criteria to evaluate the request:

1. Changes to the subdivision regulations since the original approval and whether the subdivision as originally approved is essentially compliant with the new regulations;
2. Progress to date in completing the subdivision as a whole and any phases;
3. Phasing of the subdivision and the ability for the existing development to operate without the delayed development;
4. Dependence of infrastructure development on the subdivision;
5. Duration of the requested extension;
6. Demonstrated ability of the subdivider to complete the subdivision;
7. Such other factors or criteria as deemed material in the discretion of the governing body.

After the preliminary plat is approved, the governing body may not impose any additional conditions as a prerequisite to final plat approval, providing the approval is obtained within the original or extended approval period described above (76-3-610(2), MCA).

I. Appeal Process. A decision of the governing body regarding a proposed subdivision may be appealed to the district court, as provided in Section 23-1105 of these Regulations and 76-3-625, MCA.

J. Final Plat. A final plat application shall be submitted for review and approval following the procedures outlined in Section 23-307 of this Article prior to the expiration of the preliminary plat approval period.

Section 23-307 Minor Subdivisions Qualifying for Administrative Review

A. Eligibility. Subdivisions, hereafter referred to as “administrative review plats” are eligible for administrative-review when:

- 1. They meet the definition of a first minor subdivision from a tract of record or a subsequent minor subdivision from a tract of record; and**
- 2. Legal and physical access to all lots is provided; and**
- 3. Complies entirely with locally adopted zoning regulations; and**
- 4. Complies entirely with the design standards and all other requirements of these regulations; and**
- 5. Does not require a variance to any subdivision regulations**

B. Administrative Review Plat Application Submittal.

Pre-application Meeting. The purpose of the pre-application meeting is to provide the subdivider with requirements of local subdivision regulations and the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act. A pre-application meeting must be requested no later than seven (7) working days and no earlier than one hundred and twenty (120) working days prior to submittal of a major preliminary plat application for completeness review.

At the time of request, the subdivider shall provide the Planning Director or designee with electronically submitted sketch plans of the proposed subdivision for review and discussion. The sketch plan should be legibly drawn to scale no greater than 1 inch = 400 feet (1:4,800), showing in simple form the layout of proposed features in relation to existing conditions. The sketch plan may be a freehand sketch made directly on a print of a topographic map. See online ‘Pre-application application’ for recommended pre-application sketch plan contents and other meeting recommendations.

The Planning Director or designee will schedule the pre-application meeting to occur within fifteen (15) working days of the receipt of the sketch plan, and shall notify the subdivider and any affected City Departments of the time and place of the meeting.

The pre-application meeting shall not constitute approval of a preliminary or final plat. Rather, it shall be deemed an expression of general acceptance of the sketch plan submitted.

C. Administrative Review Plat Review.

- 1. Required.** The subdivider shall submit to the Planning Director or designee, for

review and recommendation, a preliminary plat of the proposed minor subdivision, which conforms to the requirements of these Regulations. Information required in submittal of plats and supporting documents shall be performed by or under the supervision of a registered land surveyor or professional engineer licensed to practice in the State of Montana, as their respective licensing laws allow.

2. Application submittal. Complete and sufficient application for minor preliminary plat approval shall be made to the Planning Director or designee on or before 3:00 p.m. of the first day of any given month. When the date of submittal falls on a weekend or holiday, the submittal shall be on the following working day by 3:00 p.m. The application form is provided online “Preliminary Plat Application” and must be accompanied by the required preliminary plat, and supporting documents and applicable fee.
3. Review period. Upon receipt of a complete and sufficient application, the Planning Director or designee has thirty (30) working days to approve, conditionally approve, or deny the preliminary plat application. Subsequently, upon receipt of a complete and sufficient application, the governing body’s designee must notify, by first-class mail, each property owner of record whose property is immediately adjoining the land included in the preliminary plat and each purchaser under contract for deed of property immediately adjoining the land included in the Preliminary Plat.

D. Appeal.

If, and only if, a party identified in Section 23-307.C.3 of this article objects to the Planning Director or designee’s decision to approve, conditionally approve, or deny an administrative minor subdivision, the party may request in writing that the subdivision administrator forward the application on to the governing body. The governing body shall sustain the subdivision administrator’s decision based on the record as a whole unless the decision was arbitrary, capricious, or unlawful. The governing body has 15 working days from the receipt of the request to review a decision to approve, conditionally approve, or deny the administrative minor subdivision and make a final determination.

Section 23-306308. Amended Plats.

- A. Required.** A division of lots within a platted subdivision filed with the County Clerk and Recorder that results in an increase in the number of lots, or that redesigns or rearranges six (6) or more lots must be reviewed and approved by the governing body and an amended plat must be filed with the County Clerk and Recorder (76-3-207(2)(a), MCA).
- B. Eligibility.** Amended plats shall be processed as first minor subdivisions, as described in Section 23-303, if they meet the following criteria:
 1. Legal and physical access to all lots is provided; and
 2. No land in the subdivision will be dedicated to public use for parks or playgrounds; and

3. The plat has been approved by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality or County Environmental Health whenever approval is required or the plat has been approved by the City of Billings for sanitary water, sewer and stormwater facilities or no public improvements are required; and
4. The amended plat creates no more than five additional lots.

Amended plats not meeting these criteria shall be reviewed as major subdivisions.

C. **Form and Content.** An amended plat shall be entitled “Amended Plat” and follow the form and content shown in Appendix D “Preliminary Plat Requirements.”

Section 23-~~307~~309. Final Plat Submittal Requirements.

- A. **Required.** After receiving a preliminary plat approval for a major, first minor or subsequent minor, the subdivider may submit a final plat of the proposed subdivision as required by this Article. The final plat shall incorporate all required conditions and changes and conform to the approved preliminary plat and this Section.
- B. **Checkprint.** Prior to submitting the final plat on mylar, a subdivider must submit ~~four (4) electronic~~ copies of a final plat application, ~~four (4)~~ paper prints of the final plat, ~~four (4)~~ draft copies of the supporting documents and ~~one (1)~~ a copy of the survey closure calculations to the Planning Director or designee for review. The final plat application form is provided in Appendix I online “Final Plat Application” and the form and content of the checkprint and the supporting documents are described in Appendix I online “Final Plat Requirements”. The final plat review fee and the subdivision title commitment or title report are also required at this stage. The Planning Director or designee may require additional documentation to ascertain whether the conditions of preliminary plat approval have been met.

~~One (1) copy of the checkprint, supporting documents and survey closure calculations shall be forwarded to City Public Works Department for their review and comment. One (1) copy of the checkprint and supporting documents shall be forwarded to the Billings Fire Department for their review and comment. Copies of submitted documents will be available to reviewers electronically. Both Reviewing~~ departments shall notify Planning staff of any changes required to conform to the conditions of final plat approval or local regulations and state law within ten (10) working days after receipt of the checkprint.

Planning staff shall notify the subdivider no later than fifteen (15) working days after receipt of the checkprint of any changes required. A red-lined copy of the checkprint shall be returned to the subdivider along with the reviewer’s comments.

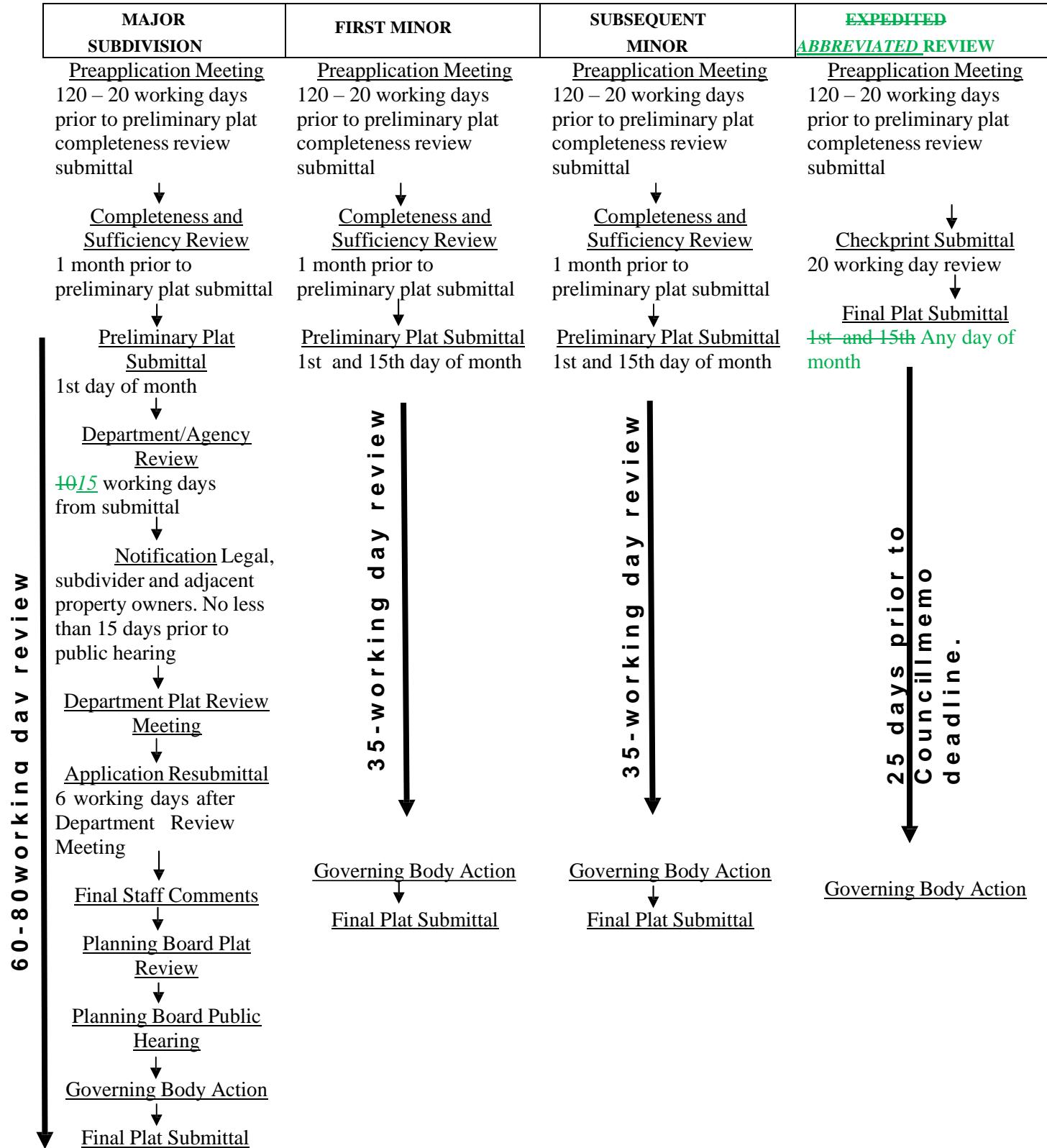
- C. **Final Mylar Submittal.** Application for final plat approval shall be submitted to the Planning Director or designee on or before 3:00 p.m. at least twenty-five (25) working days prior to the City Council memo deadline. The subdivider shall submit one (1) electronic copy. ~~in either AutoCad ® or ArcGIS ® format and one (1) copy in .pdf, .jpg or .tif format.~~ The subdivider must also submit two (2) signed mylar originals of the final plat. The form and content of final plat is provided in Appendix I online “Final Plat-

Requirements.” The final plats must be accompanied by a complete final plat application form as provided [in Appendix I online](#) “Final Plat Application”, a subdivision title commitment or title guarantee prepared within the previous six (6) months, all supporting documents and the required review fee.

- D. **Review Procedure.** Planning staff shall route the application, final plat and supporting documents to the appropriate departments and officials for their signatures within sufficient time to assure the documents are placed on the first available agenda of the governing body for their consideration and authorized signatures.
- E. **Approval Period.** Final plat approval shall be in force not more than twelve (12) months from the date of the governing body’s approval. At the end of the period the governing body may, at the request of the subdivider, after review and recommendation of the Planning Board, extend its approval for no more than twelve (12) months.

After all required signatures have been obtained; the plat shall be recorded with the County Clerk and Recorder within the twelve (12) months of the date of approval.

Section 23-308309. Flowchart of Subdivision Procedures.



Section 23-308309.

Flowchart of Subdivision Procedures. *Continued*

**EXPEDITED
SUBDIVISION**

Preapplication Meeting
120 – 20 working days
prior to preliminary plat
completeness review submittal

↓
Completeness and
Sufficiency Review
1 month prior to
preliminary plat submittal

↓
Preliminary Plat Submittal
1st day of month in which
the Planning Board will hold
its public hearing

35-working day review



↓
Governing Body Action
↓
Final Plat Submittal

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

Article 23-400. DEVELOPMENT

REQUIREMENTS. Section 23-401. General.

All subdivisions approved by the governing body must comply with the provisions of this Article, except where granted a variance pursuant to Section 23-1101, Variances, of these Regulations. The requirements contained in this Article apply to subdivisions within the City of Billings as outlined in Section 23-104 of these Regulations.

Section 23-402. Conformance with Zoning.

In addition to the standards outlined in this Article, the design and development of a subdivision must conform to any applicable zoning regulations as found in the Unified Zoning Regulations (Article 27, BMCC).

Section 23-403. Improvement Design.

Engineering and survey plans, specifications, and reports required in connection with public improvements and other elements of the subdivision required by the governing body must be prepared by a professional engineer or professional land surveyor as their respective licensing laws allow in accordance with the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act (MSPA) and these Regulations. All traffic impact studies must be prepared and stamped by a Professional Traffic Operations Engineer (PTOE). Subdivisions must meet the current Access Management Plan adopted by the City.

Section 23-404. Lots.

- A. **Regulation of Lots:** Each lot must contain a building site that can be designed to meet applicable building codes, site development standards, driveway slope standards, and zoning requirements of the Unified Zoning Regulations.
- B. **Dimensions, Orientation and Topography:** The lot size, depth, shape and orientation shall be appropriate for the location, contemplated use of the subdivision and the zoning of the property. Flag lots shall be discouraged prohibited except in cases where they are necessary due to topography or other physical constraints on the property zoning districts allow flag lots.

Slopes of more than 25% are excessive for building sites and shall be subject to a geotechnical analysis. Areas within the subdivision with a slope of 25% or greater shall be identified on the face of the preliminary and final plats.

- C. **Frontage:** Residential lots shall have a provide the minimum lot width as required by the existing or proposed zone, as defined in BMCC 27-300 and shall be of thirty-two (32) feet of frontage on a public right of way or private easement. Lots in commercial and industrial subdivisions shall have a minimum lot width, as defined in BMCC 27-400, frontage of forty-four (44) feet on a public right of way or private easement, or through a reciprocal access easement.

D. **Division by Rights-of-Way:** No single lot may be divided by a public road, alley, or access easement.

E. **Corner Lots:** Design of corner lots must meet the following requirements:

1. Corner lots must be of sufficient size to provide a building site while meeting the clear vision requirements specified in Section 27-618 of the [Unified Zoning](#) Regulations.
2. All residential corner lots adjacent to a street identified as a Principal or Minor Arterial must have vehicular access only to an internal street in the subdivision identified as a Collector or Residential street.

F. **Double Frontage Lots:** Double frontage lots (See Figure 23.200.1.) are allowable where they are necessary due to topography and when a one (1) foot wide no-access easement is provided for separation of residential development from railroad or street rights-of-way.

1. **Residential Areas:** For any residential subdivision where an Arterial street abuts or runs through any portion of the subdivision, the subdivision plan shall provide [lots to back onto the arterial street for the rear lot line to be adjacent to the arterial street](#) and provide a one (1) foot wide no-access easement to prevent vehicle access to the arterial street.
2. **Commercial Areas:** For any commercial subdivision where an Arterial street abuts or runs through any portion of the subdivision, the subdivision plan shall provide for shared accesses to the arterial street or access via internal roads with a one (1) foot wide no-access easement to prevent uncontrolled vehicle access to the Arterial street.

Section 23-405. Blocks.

A. Size and Orientation Block Length and Perimeter:

Commented [AV1]: The following changes requested by the Zoning Coordinator

<u>Zone District</u>	<u>Block Length (Max/Preferred in feet)</u>	<u>Block Perimeter (Max/Preferred in feet)</u>
<u>N1/NX1</u>	<u>780/600</u>	<u>1,900/1,480</u>
<u>N2</u>	<u>950/720</u>	<u>2,200/1,700</u>
<u>N3</u>	<u>1,000/780</u>	<u>2,400/1,900</u>
<u>NX2/NX3</u>	<u>700/500</u>	<u>1,200/800</u>
<u>RMH</u>	<u>750/570</u>	<u>2,000/1,600</u>
<u>NO/NMU</u>	<u>780/600</u>	<u>1,900/1,480</u>
<u>CMU1</u>	<u>700/500</u>	<u>1,900/1,400</u>
<u>CMU2</u>	<u>1,400/700</u>	<u>4,200/2,800</u>
<u>CX</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
<u>I1</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
<u>I2</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
<u>EBURD/CBD/DX</u>	<u>600/300</u>	<u>1,800/1,200</u>

<u>Public 1-3</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
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Length, width and shape of blocks shall be determined with consideration of the following:

1. Provision of adequate building sites suitable to the needs of the type of use contemplated;
2. Needs for convenient and necessary access, circulation, traffic control and traffic safety, and public safety;
3. Limitations or opportunities created by the topography.
4. The block face requirements are:
 - a. Maximum Block Face Length: For CMU districts the maximum block face length shall be no more than 660 feet in length. For all districts other than CMU, maximum block face length shall be no more than eight hundred (800) feet.
 - b. Maximum Block Perimeter: The maximum perimeter of any block shall be 2,200 feet.
 - c. Connectivity: Streets shall connect and continue existing or planned streets from adjoining areas. Block faces at the maximum length above require pedestrian access at mid block points to ensure walkability. Pedestrian access or walkways may be incorporated as a dedicated alley or as an easement between lots.

Block Length and Block Perimeter preferred measurements are not minimums. Less than the preferred measurement is also acceptable if the design enhances the connectivity of the subdivision.

Block Length means the measurement along the property lines of all lots that share the same street frontage until another street intersects. Breaks in block length may also be provided by the intersection with a dedicated pedestrian right of way of at least 30 feet in width, or a dedicated park or open space area with at least 40 feet of street frontage. See Figure 1 and Figure 1a. A block length continues until the street frontage changes from one cardinal direction to another.

When designing new roads and streets, curvilinear, serpentine and spirograph streets are discouraged and should only be used when a PTOE recommends the design as a traffic calming measure that is warranted or when the topography otherwise prohibits grid street layout.

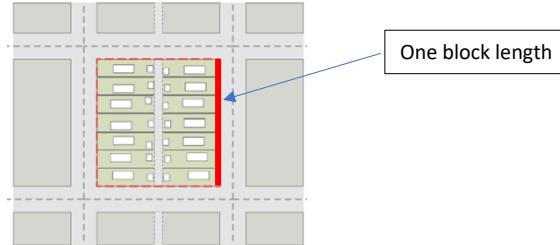


Figure 1. Block Length



Figure 1a. Breaks in Block Length

Block Perimeter means the aggregated measurement along all perimeter property lines contained within a Block (See definition of Block in Section 23-200) See Figure 2. A block perimeter excludes portions of lots along a project boundary where connections cannot be made because of physical obstacles, such as prior platting of property, existing structures or other barriers, steep slopes (slopes over 15%), wetlands and water bodies, railroad and utility rights-of-way, existing highway rights-of-way, and parks and dedicated open space. See Figure 2a.



Figure 2.

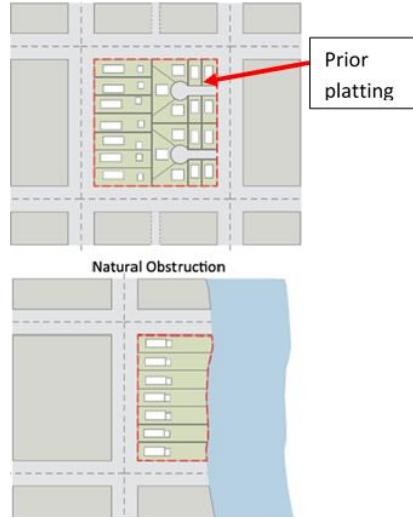


Figure 2a.

<u>Zone District</u>	<u>Block Section Max/Preferred</u>	<u>Other Requirements</u>
<u>N1/NX1</u>	<u>797/622</u>	<u>Shortest block length is 160 feet</u>
<u>N2</u>	<u>960/740</u>	<u>Shortest block length is 160 feet</u>
<u>N3</u>	<u>1,029/806</u>	<u>Shortest block length is 200 feet</u>
<u>NX2/NX3</u>	<u>708/510</u>	<u>Shortest block length is 100 feet</u>
<u>RMH</u>	<u>777/605</u>	<u>Shortest block length is 200 feet</u>
<u>NO/NMU</u>	<u>797/622</u>	<u>Shortest block length is 160 feet</u>
<u>CMU1</u>	<u>720/525</u>	<u>Shortest block length is 160 feet</u>
<u>CMU 2</u>	<u>1,432/762</u>	<u>Shortest block length is 300 feet</u>
<u>CX</u>	<u>NA</u>	
<u>I1</u>	<u>NA</u>	
<u>I2</u>	<u>NA</u>	
<u>EBURD/CBD/DX</u>	<u>622/340</u>	<u>Shortest block length is 160 feet</u>
<u>P1-3</u>	<u>NA</u>	

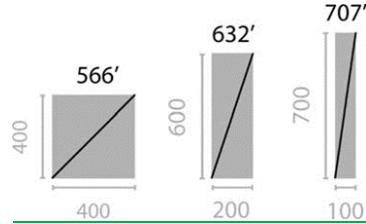


Figure 3. Block Shape and Measurement Examples

The block section measures the greatest straight-line distance between any two points around the perimeter of an area enclosed by streets. Breaks in blocks such as dedicated pedestrian right-of-way of at least 30 feet or a public park with at least 40 feet of street frontage can substitute for an intersecting street. Alleys and similar service corridors will not count as a break in the block perimeter.

Preferred measurements are not minimums. Less than the preferred measurement is also acceptable if the design enhances the connectivity of the subdivision.

B. **Rights-Of-Way for Internal Non-motorized Connections:** Public rights-of-way for internal non-motorized connections within blocks will be required when essential to provide circulation or safe access to schools, playgrounds, shopping, transportation and other community facilities. Pathways shall also be installed at the end of cul-de-sacs. where deemed appropriate.

C. **Block Numbering:** All blocks shall be identified with Arabic numerals.

Section 23-406. Streets and Roads.

A. **Streets and Roads, General:** The arrangement, type, extent, width, grade, and location of all streets shall conform to any adopted area plans including, but not limited to, the Growth Policy and Transportation Plan, and must be considered in their relation to existing and planned streets, topographical conditions, public convenience and safety, and the proposed uses of the land to be served by them.

1. **Relation to Undeveloped Areas:** When a proposed subdivision adjoins undeveloped land, streets within the proposed subdivision shall be arranged to allow access to the adjoining undeveloped land this may require multiple connections to multiple adjacent undeveloped parcels. The maximum distance between connections to undeveloped lands shall no exceed 600 feet. Streets within the proposed subdivision shall be constructed to the boundary lines of the tract to be developed, unless prevented by topography or other physical conditions or granted by a variance. A variance may not be requested to eliminate connectivity to any street proposed on the most recently adopted Functional Classification Map.
2. **Relation to Developed Areas:** The subdivider shall arrange the streets to provide for

the continuation of streets between adjacent developed properties ~~when such continuation is necessary for the convenient movement of traffic, to provide~~ effective provision of emergency services and efficient provision of utilities. Such provision may be waived ~~where the adjacent land use is incompatible with the proposed subdivision, or~~ when prevented by topography or other physical conditions.

3. **Separation of Through and Local Traffic:** Whenever a subdivision abuts or contains an existing or proposed highway, Arterial street or Collector street, the subdivider may be required, as a condition of approval, to provide frontage roads, reverse frontage lots with a no-access strip preventing access along the rear property lines, planting or fencing screens, shared accesses, or other treatment as may be necessary to adequately protect residential properties and to separate through and local traffic.
4. **Distance between Parallel Right-of-Way:** Where a subdivision borders on or contains a railroad, limited access highway, canal, stream or ditch right-of-way, the subdivider may be required to provide a street or easement approximately parallel to and on each side of the right-of-way at a distance sufficient to allow for the operations and maintenance of the intervening land. Such distances shall also be determined with regard for the requirements of approach grades and future grade separation.
5. **Second Access:** To facilitate traffic movement, the provision of emergency services, and the placement of utilities, all major subdivisions and subsequent minor subdivisions shall provide at least two means of vehicular access built to the standards of this Chapter and designed to ensure public health and safety.

Exceptions to the requirement to provide at least two means of vehicular access may be made for major and subsequent minor subdivisions that meet all of the following criteria:

- Access is provided by a cul-de-sac with an approved turnaround that is ~~600~~ 1000 feet or less in length; and
- The subject cul-de-sac is served by a local, collector, or arterial street that is not classified as a dead-end street; and
- The subject cul-de-sac serves no more than 20 lots, and no more than 30 dwelling units, when residential development is proposed.

Provision of a second means of vehicular access may be required for any subdivision when deemed necessary for public health, safety or welfare.

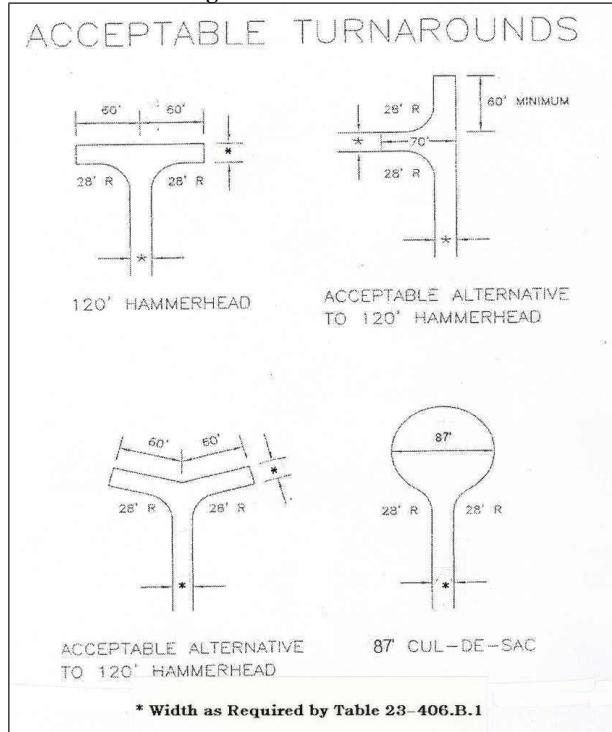
When not otherwise exempt, if a second means of vehicular access built to City street standards cannot be provided for reasons of topography or other physical conditions, the subdivider shall provide an emergency access road, built to the standards detailed in Section 23-413 of these Regulations.

- Variance requirement in relation to Emergency Access Roads (EAR).
 - If a full city standard access road is required, and the developer proposes to build an EAR, a variance shall be required showing the

hardship encountered.

6. **Dead-end Roads:** Dead-end access roads or driveways in excess of one hundred fifty (150) feet shall not be permitted without an approved turn around at the terminus. Where streets terminate, the subdivider shall provide a “cul-de-sac” or “hammerhead-T” turnaround conforming to the design standards outlined in Figure 23.406.A.1. The maximum allowable length of a dead-end road is ~~six hundred (600) one thousand (1000)~~ feet. In cases where a dead-end road may be extended in the future, a right-of-way easement or dedication ~~may~~ will be required to be provided.

Figure 23.406.A.1.



7. **Half Streets:** Half streets are prohibited except when they are essential to the subdivision, are beneficial to the City, or when the City Public Works Department is satisfied that the other half of the street will be dedicated to the public when the adjoining property is subdivided. When an existing half street is adjacent to a tract to be subdivided, the other half of the street must be platted within the new subdivision.
8. **Street Continuity:** Streets that are a continuation of streets in contiguous territory shall be so aligned as to assure that their centerlines shall coincide and shall have matching names. In cases where straight continuations are not physically possible,

such centerline shall be continued by a centerline offset of not less than one hundred twenty-five (125) feet.

9. **Tangent for Reverse Curves:** A tangent shall be introduced where necessary as determined by City Engineering between reverse curves on arterial and collector streets.
10. **Deflected Street Lines to be Curved:** When continuing street lines deflect from each other at any one point by more than five (5) degrees, they shall be connected by a curve with a radius adequate to ensure adequate stopping sight distance at the center line of a street in accordance with the most current American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Manual guidelines.
11. **Intersections:** Local streets shall be laid out ~~so as~~ to intersect as nearly as possible at right angles and no local street shall intersect any other local street at less than eighty (80) degrees. Such angle of eighty (80) degrees or greater shall be retained for at least fifty (50) feet back from the intersection. Any street intersection involving an arterial and/or collector street, shall intersect at ninety (90) degrees, shall be retained for at least one hundred (100) feet back from the intersection. Not more than two (2) streets shall intersect at any one point unless specifically approved by the City Public Works Department.
12. **Lot Corners at intersections:** Lot corners at all street intersections shall be designed to accommodate public infrastructure and the requirements of the American Disabilities Act (ADA)
13. **Sight distance:** The alignment of all streets and roads must provide adequate sight distances in accordance with Section 27-1802 H, Visibility at Intersections, Billings Zoning Code, the most current American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Manual guidelines. Intersections must be designed to provide adequate visibility for traffic safety based on the designed operating speeds of the intersecting roadways.
14. **Approach Permits:** The subdivider shall obtain the applicable approach or curb cut permits for all new accesses to City streets. The subdivider shall obtain an approach permit approved by the Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) for any vehicular access onto a state highway.
15. **Street/Road Names and Lot Addresses:** New streets/roads aligned with existing streets/roads shall have the same name as the existing street/road. All new street names and lot addresses shall be approved by the City Fire Department City GIS/ Land Management prior to final plat approval in order to avoid duplication and confusion with names of existing roads.
16. **Street/Road Signs and Traffic Control Devices:** Street or road signs and traffic control devices of the size, shape, and height approved by the governing body must be placed at all intersections. Traffic control devices must conform to the standards contained in the *Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices*.

17. Central Mail Delivery: When required by the United States Postal Service, the developer shall provide a cluster/gang mailbox area for mail delivery. All access provided to these mail delivery systems shall be ADA compliant.

B. Streets and Roads Design and Improvement Standards:

1. General: The design and improvement standards contained in this section shall apply to all construction, reconstruction of streets and roads, public or private, dedicated to the public within the City limits.
2. Improvement Design: All street improvements shall be designed by and constructed under the supervision of a professional Civil Engineer, registered in the State of Montana, and shall meet or exceed the right-of-way and construction standards for the type of street to be constructed found within these regulations, the adopted Transportation Plan, and adopted policies of the City Public Works Department.
3. Plans and Specifications approval: Plans and specifications for all streets shall be provided to and approved by the City Engineer. The subdivider shall provide professional engineering services for construction inspections, and post-construction certifications. The plans and specifications shall be approved by the City Engineer prior to initiation of any street improvement construction. In addition, a copy of the road plans and specifications for any emergency access roads shall be reviewed and approved by the City Fire Department prior to construction.
4. Traffic Accessibility Impact Study: Prior to the City Council's action on the preliminary plat, a traffic accessibility study shall be prepared and stamped by a Professional Traffic Operations Engineer and approved by the City Engineer for any new residential, institutional, commercial or industrial development which will generate five hundred (500) or more vehicular trips per day, as referenced in the Trip Generation Report of the Institute of Transportation Engineers. A vehicular trip is defined as a one-way journey of a person in an automobile or a transit vehicle. If the study indicates a need for the installation of traffic signals, intersection improvements, or other off-site street improvements to facilitate traffic flow generated by the entire proposed development, the identified improvement shall be installed or a financial contribution for the subdivision's proportional share shall be made prior to final plat approval of the subdivision. The study shall include, but not be limited to the following:
 - a. Estimated number of vehicular trips per day;
 - b. Location of approaches;
 - c. Circulation patterns;
 - d. Location and type of traffic-control devices;

- e. Pedestrian systems;
- f. Bicycle systems;
- g. Projected turning movements;
- h. Impacts on existing street intersections.
- i. Traffic Calming

5. Street and Road Dedication: All streets providing access to the proposed subdivision shall be dedicated to the public.

6. Right-of-Way and Street Widths: Street right-of-way and surface widths shall be provided as shown in Table 23.406.B.1, below. Street widths (b-b curb width) and lane widths shall be determined and approved by City Engineering Right-of-Way dedications at intersections shall be determined by City Engineering, and may include chamfered corners in order to accommodate ADA or future roundabout.

Table 23-406.B.1. Required Dedications and Street Improvements for Subdivisions within the City Limits

Street Type	Right-of-Way	B-B Curb Width Range	Lane Width* ***	Parking Width** **	Turn-lane-width	Median Width	Boulevard Width	Sidewalk Width	Shared Use Path Width
Principal Arterial	<u>130'-120'</u>	<u>64'-49'-86'*</u>	<u>11'-12''**</u>	---	<u>14'</u>	—	10'	<u>5'/10' ***</u>	<u>10'</u>
Minor Arterial	100'	42'-66' *	<u>11'-12'</u>	---	—	<u>14'</u>	10'	5'	<u>10'</u>
Collector	74'	53'-39'	<u>11'</u>	8'	<u>14'</u>	—	5'	5'	
Commercial Local Access	70'	<u>44'-45'-39'-45'</u>	<u>13.5'</u>	8'	<u>14'</u>	—	5'	5'	
Residential Local Access	56'	34' min.	n/s	n/s	—	—	5'	5'	
Cul-de-Sac 100'-600'-1000'	56'	34' min.	n/s	n/s	—	—	5'	5'	
Cul-de-Sac <100 feet	40'	29' min.	n/s	n/s	—	—	---	---	

* A traffic study is required to determine final width.

** Interior lane(s) is 11' and the outside lane is 12'.

*** Sidewalk is 5' on one both sides, and 10' shared use path on the other side. n/s No specific width is specified.

**** Lane Width measured from lip of curb. Parking width measured from face of curb.

7. Alleys: Proposed alleys in both residential and commercial subdivision shall meet the following standards:

- a. The width of an alley shall be a minimum of twenty (20) feet.
- b. Alley intersections and sharp changes in alignment shall be avoided, but where necessary, corners shall be designed to permit single unit truck movement.
- c. Dead-end alleys shall be avoided where possible, but if unavoidable, shall be provided with adequate turnaround facilities at the end.

8. Grading/Cut and Fill: All streets and alleys with adjacent to the subdivision shall be excavated or filled to the grade established and shall provide for surface water drainage as specified by City Public Works according to City specifications.

9. Base Construction: The type of base required will vary depending on the nature of the existing material and with the particular type of traffic to be accommodated, and shall be approved by City Public Works according to a geotechnical analysis.

10. Street Surfacing: A pavement surface shall be required on all streets as specified by City Public Works.

11. Street Grades: All street grades shall conform to the requirements of the City. Street grades shall not exceed the following, with due allowance for reasonable vertical curves and intersection treatment. Street centerline horizontal curves shall be designed for the following minimum speeds:

Street Type	Percent Grade	Speed (M. P. H.)
Arterial	4	45
Collector	7	35
Local Access	12	25

12. Curbs and Gutters: Standard integral curb and gutter shall be placed on all arterial, collector and commercial streets. Standard integral curb and gutter is preferred required on local residential streets, but drive over curb may be used upon approval by City Public Works. The allowable minimum curb and gutter grade shall be four tenths percent and the desirable minimum curb and gutter grade will be five tenths percent.

13. Sidewalks: Boulevard style sidewalks shall be installed on both sides of all streets, except cul-de-sacs less than one hundred (100) feet in length. Arterial and Collector streets may have a multi-use trail on one side in lieu of one of the required boulevard sidewalks. The Planning Board may recommend to the City Council that it waive or modify the requirement for boulevard walks on both sides of a local residential street when the subdivision constructs an approved multi-use bicycle/pedestrian path connected and accessible to all lots in combination with or in lieu of sidewalks. Required sidewalk and boulevard widths shall follow those listed in Table 23.406.B.1, above.

14. Residential Street lights shall be designed by a licensed professional engineer in accordance with the American National Standard Practice for Roadway Lighting RP-8, current edition.

Commented [GD2]: Requested by Engineering and Planning to incorporate CPTED

New Street Lighting

- a) Residential Light Fixture Configuration. Street light fixtures installed after the effective date of these regulations shall be equipped with full cutoff optics, and positioned to minimize any glare source and not create light spillover
- b) Mercury Vapor Bulbs or Lamps. Mercury Vapor bulbs or lamps may not be used in Residential street lights installed after the effective date of this ordinance. LED type luminaires shall be utilized in new street lights.
- c) Residential Street light mounting Height. Residential Street Light fixtures installed after the effective date of this ordinance shall not be mounted higher than 30 feet above grade.

Exceptions to (a), (b), and (c):

- 1) Traffic signals and other traffic safety and control devices
- 2) Historic streetlights

15. Access Driveways: Access driveways to new lots shall be allowed as regulated by the City's Curb Cut Regulations found in Article 6-1208, BMCC.

16. Permanent cul-de-sac streets may not represent more than 20% of total roadway miles in a subdivision unless approved by a variance.

Commented [GD3]: Requested by Planning for safety and connectivity

1. Exceptions to this do not require a variance but can be approved administratively.

Exception provision are:

Infill projects where a dead-end cul-de-sac is the only viable road option.

Long narrow lots that are not wide enough for more than a single road that is less than 1,000 feet long.

Topography that does not allow for a grid system as outlined in the subdivision regulations.

a. Developments with cul-de-sacs, must provide non-motorized access easements that connect the ends of these streets with each other or provide non-motorized access to existing or reasonable expected future streets, schools, shopping, parks, trails or open space, bus stops and community facilities.

C. **Multi-Use Trails, General:** All subdivisions must be reviewed for compliance with the Heritage Trail Plan³ currently adopted Active Transportation Plan to provide multi-use trail and greenway corridors for safe, convenient non-motorized transportation routes throughout the City and County.

1. To comply with the Heritage Trail Plan currently adopted Active Transportation Plan, all subdivisions may shall provide a twenty (20) thirty (30) foot wide multi-use trail easement across the property if:
 - a. The Heritage Trail Plan currently adopted Active Transportation Plan indicates that a proposed multi-use trail corridor crosses the subdivision property; or
 - b. The Heritage Trail Plan indicates that a proposed greenway corridor crosses the subdivision property.
2. If the Heritage Trail Plan currently adopted Active Transportation Plan indicates that a proposed trail or greenway corridor crosses the subdivision property, and a segment of the trail or greenway corridor has already been provided on adjacent property, then the subdivision may shall connect the trail or greenway segments at the property lines to provide for a continuous trail or greenway corridor.
3. In the case of major subdivisions, if the Heritage Trail Plan indicates that a proposed trail or greenway corridor crosses the subdivision property, dedication of linear park land including a trail easement shall be considered as all, or a portion of, the required parkland dedication (See Sections 23-1004 and 23-1002 of these Regulations).
3. Trail infrastructure identified and designated as Neighborhood Bikeways, Bike Lanes, Shared Use Path in the currently adopted Active Transportation Plan are required to be constructed by the developer when the trail is in the adjacent right of way or within the development itself. This is considered a public improvement.

Section 23-407. Storm Drainage Facilities.

- A. **General:** Facilities and design for storm water drainage shall be provided in accordance with standards set by the City of Billings Storm Water Management Manual (SWMM) and the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ). The subdivider shall provide a storm water collection and conveyance system which is designed and constructed in accordance with applicable City standards and which is connected to an existing storm drainage system. If there is no existing storm drainage system in the area or if the existing system has insufficient capacity to carry the additional discharge, the subdivider shall provide an onsite area for retention or detention with controlled outlet capacity, if needed. Such on-site retention or detention and controlled outlet shall be utilized only if specifically approved by the City.
- B. **Drainage Discharge:** Discharge of storm drainage is subject to the following:
 1. Storm drain systems shall not discharge into sanitary sewer facilities.
 2. Storm drain systems shall not discharge into agricultural water user's facilities without the written permission of the appropriate irrigation district.

3. Stormwater detention or retention ponds ~~must in parkland, reference Section 23-1005~~
~~Stormwater Detention / Retention Ponds in Parks of these regulations, on a separate~~
~~parcel and shall not count towards the parkland dedication requirements. Signage is~~
~~required to indicate the ownership and provide a maintenance contact for the facility.~~
~~Retention ponds may be located within a public park land at the discretion of the when~~
~~the following criteria is met and approved by the City Parks Department.~~

- a. ~~The facility is~~ Such areas shall not count toward the park land dedication requirement unless they are approved by the City Parks Department designed to serve as an amenity to the park ~~and includes improvements such as (trail, benches, walking paths, landscaping, pavilions, etc.)~~
- b. ~~The facility~~ and fits into the planned uses and improvements to the park (See Article 23-1000 of these Regulations).

³The Heritage Trail Plan is not a regulatory document. It is advisory in nature.

- C. **Easements:** Easements may be required between lots and along public right-of-way to manage storm drainage in subdivisions.
- D. **System Maintenance:** If any onsite retention or detention facilities are utilized, unless otherwise provided a special maintenance district shall be created prior to filing the final subdivision plat in order to provide funds for the maintenance of such facilities.
- E. **Future Improvements:** If any onsite retention or detention facility is used, a waiver of right to protest against a future storm drain system special improvement district shall be executed by the subdivider and recorded and filed with the final plat.

Section 23-408. Sanitary Sewer Systems.

- A. ~~If the subdivision is within the City limits, the The subdivider~~ shall install complete sanitary sewer system facilities in accordance with the requirements of the City and the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ).

An application for extension of sanitary sewer services shall be submitted for review and approval by the City. The subdivider shall submit plans and specifications for the proposed facilities to the City and to MDEQ and shall obtain necessary approvals prior to construction.

- B. ~~If any boundary of the subdivision is within five hundred (500) feet of a public sanitary sewer system, the subdivider must annex into the city and connect to the sewer district and install sanitary sewer system facilities.~~

~~The governing body may grant a variance from the requirement to connect to a public system if the subdivider demonstrates that connection to the public system is physically or economically impractical. For purposes of this section, a connection is economically~~

~~impractical if the cost is greater than three times the cost of installation of an approvable system on the site.~~

C. Where individual septic systems are proposed, the system shall meet the standards set forth in Title 17, Chapter 36 (Subdivisions/Onsite Wastewater Treatment), Montana Administrative Rules and obtain approval by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality and/or the Yellowstone County Environmental Health Department.

1. For lots less than twenty (20) acres, MDEQ approval shall be obtained prior to the submission of the final plat application.
2. For lots equal to or greater than twenty (20) acres, Yellowstone City County Health Department approval is required prior to the submission of the final plat application.
3. A waiver of right to protest the creation of a future special improvement district for a sanitary sewer system shall be executed by the subdivider and recorded and filed with the final plat.

Section 23-409. Water Supply Systems.

A. ~~If the subdivision is within the City limits, The subdivider shall install complete water system facilities in accordance with the requirements of the City and the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ). Additionally, the City may as a condition of approval require two water feeds into dead-end roads.~~

An application for extension of water service shall be submitted for review and approval by the City. The subdivider shall submit plans and specifications for the proposed facilities to the City and to the MDEQ and shall obtain necessary approvals prior to construction.

B. If the subdivision is within the County Water District of Billings Heights (CWDBH), the subdivider shall install complete water system facilities in accordance with the requirements of the CWDBH and the MDEQ.

An application for extension of water service shall be submitted for review and approval by the CWDBH. The subdivider shall submit plans and specifications for the proposed facilities to the CWDBH and to the MDEQ and shall obtain necessary approvals prior to final plat approval.

C. ~~If any boundary of the subdivision is within five hundred (500) feet of a public water system, the subdivider must annex into the city and connect to the water system and install system facilities.~~

~~The governing body may grant a variance from the requirement to connect to a public system if the subdivider demonstrates that connection to the public system is physically or economically impractical. For purposes of this section, a connection is economically~~

~~impractical if the cost is greater than three times the cost of installation of an approvable system on the site.~~

~~D. If individual water supply systems (e.g. wells or cisterns) are proposed, the system shall satisfy the standards set forth in Title 17, Chapter 36 (Subdivisions/Onsite Wastewater Treatment), Montana Administrative Rules and obtain approval by the MDEQ or the Yellowstone County Environmental Health Department.~~

- ~~1. For lots less than twenty (20) acres, the subdivider must obtain MDEQ approval prior to submission of the final plat.~~
- ~~2. For lots equal to or greater than twenty (20) acres, the subdivider must obtain Yellowstone City County Health Department Subdivision approval prior to submission of the final plat.~~
- ~~3. A waiver of right to protest the creation of a future special improvement district for a water system shall be executed by the subdivider and filed and recorded and filed with the final plat.~~

Section 23-410. Utilities.

A. All new utilities serving the subdivision including electricity, cable television, and telephone shall be placed underground, with the exception of fire hydrants, cable closures, alignment markers, etc. Easements for utilities shall be clearly indicated on the plat.

1. Easements ~~across lots or centered on common rear or common side lot lines~~ shall be provided for public and private utilities ~~where requested by the city and private utility companies, and shall be at least sixteen (16) feet wide; easements located along perimeter lot lines shall be at least eight (8) feet in width.~~ The width of an easement may vary depending upon the utility company serving the subdivision.
2. Utility facilities shall be designed by utility firms in cooperation with the subdivider, subject to applicable laws and rules and regulations of any appropriate regulatory authority having jurisdiction over such facilities. The subdivider shall have the construction of all private utilities inspected by a licensed professional engineer prior to final plat approval or release of the financial guarantee for improvements.

B. Where a subdivision is proposed in part or in whole within an airport influence area and noise zone, as defined in BMCC, Article 5-400, a perpetual air rights easement shall be executed.

Section 23-411. Watercourse and Irrigation Easements (76-3-504(1)(j), (k), MCA).

A. **Easements for irrigation facilities WITHIN the subdivision:** Easements are required to be shown on the face of the preliminary and final plats for all drainage ways, irrigation canals/ditches and their laterals, and belowground pipelines that traverse the property to be subdivided, providing for irrigation within the subdivision, except as noted in Section

23-411.B., below. In addition, an easement document shall be filed with the final plat. The easements provided shall meet the following standards:

1. Easements shall be provided in locations of appropriate topography and sufficient width to allow the physical placement and unobstructed maintenance of open ditches or below ground pipelines for the delivery of water for irrigation to persons and land legally entitled to the water under an appropriated water right or permit of an irrigation district or other private or public entity formed to provide for the use of the water right on the subdivision lots;
2. Easements of a sufficient width to allow for construction, repair, maintenance, and inspection of the ditch shall be provided. The easement width shall be based on the policy of the appropriate irrigation district; and
3. The easement document shall prohibit the placement of structures or the planting of vegetation other than grass within the ditch easement without the written permission of the water users.

4. Irrigation or ditch easements may be located within parkland but shall not be used to satisfy parkland dedication requirements.

B. Exclusion of easement requirements for irrigation within the subdivision: The subdivider need not establish irrigation easements as provided in Section A. above if one of the following is met:

1. The average lot size in the proposed subdivision will be one acre or less and the subdivider provides for disclosure, in a manner acceptable to the governing body, notifying potential buyers that lots within the subdivision are classified as irrigated land and may continue to be assessed for irrigation water delivery even though the water may not be deliverable to the lots; or
2. The water rights are removed from the property being subdivided or evidence is provided by the subdivider that the appropriate legal or administrative process has been initiated to remove the water rights from the land within the subdivision. Furthermore, the fact the water rights have been or will be removed from the land within the subdivision shall be denoted on the preliminary plat. If the removal of water rights has not been completed at the time the final plat is filed, the subdivider shall provide written notification to prospective buyers of the subdivider's intention to remove the water right and shall document that intent, when applicable, in agreements and legal documents for related sales transactions.

C. Easements through the subdivision for the benefit of downstream water users: Easements are required to be shown on the face of the preliminary and final plats for all drainage ways, irrigation canals/ditches and their laterals, and below-ground pipelines on the property being subdivided that are necessary to convey water through the subdivision to lands adjacent to or beyond the subdivision boundaries in quantities and in a manner that are consistent with historic and legal rights. In addition, an easement document shall be recorded

with the final plat. The easements provided shall meet the following standards:

1. Easements shall be provided in locations of appropriate topography and sufficient width to allow the physical placement and unobstructed maintenance of open ditches or below ground pipelines for the delivery of water for irrigation to persons and land legally entitled to the water under an appropriated water right or permit of an irrigation district or other private or public entity formed to provide for the use of the water right on the subdivision lots;
2. Easements of a sufficient width to allow for construction, repair, maintenance, and inspection of the ditch shall be provided. The easement width shall be based on the policy of the appropriate irrigation district; and
3. The easement document shall prohibit the placement of structures or the planting of vegetation other than grass within the ditch easement without the written permission of the water users.

D. Additional Provisions:

1. The realignment or relocation of active irrigation ditches or pipelines is discouraged. If an irrigation facility is proposed to be realigned or relocated, the developer shall receive written permission of the appropriate irrigation district and/or water user and the subdivider's Professional Engineer shall certify prior to final plat approval that the water entering and exiting the realigned or relocated irrigation facility is the same quality and amount of water that entered or exited the facility prior to realignment or relocation.
2. New storm water generated from a subdivision shall not be discharged into an irrigation facility unless the subdivider receives written approval from the appropriate irrigation district and/or water user prior to final plat approval.

Section 23-412. Disposition of Water Rights (76-3-504(1) (j), MCA).

If a subdivision will create lots averaging less than five acres in size, The subdivider shall submit evidence with the final plat indicating that either A. and B., below, or C., below, has been provided:

- Reservation and transfer of water rights:** The subdivider shall reserve all ~~or a portion~~ of the water rights on the land to be subdivided and transfer these water rights to a single entity for use by landowners within the subdivision who have a legal right to the water; ~~Any remaining surface water rights from the land shall be reserved and severed;~~ and
- Establish landowner's water use agreement:** If the land to be subdivided is subject to a contract or interest in a public or private entity formed to provide for the use of a water right on the subdivision lots, the subdivider shall establish a landowner's water use agreement administered through a single entity. This agreement must specify how the water rights will be administered and describe the rights and responsibilities of landowners within the subdivision who have a legal right and access to the water; or

C. **All rights reserved and severed and granted to the City:** All surface water rights and/or ditch shares shall be reserved and severed from the land proposed for subdivision and granted to the City.

Section 23-413. Fire Protection Requirements.

To ensure a reasonable level of fire protection and life-safety for the public and firefighters, fire apparatus access roads and an approved water supply capable of providing the required water flow for fire protection shall be provided in accordance with this section and the adopted fire code to all premises upon which facilities, buildings, or portions of buildings are hereafter constructed or moved into the jurisdiction.

A. Definitions.

Approved: Acceptable to the fire department having jurisdiction.

Fire Department having jurisdiction: Fire Department or Fire District serving the area in which the subdivision is located.

B. Major, Minor, and Subsequent Minor Subdivisions: For all subdivisions, the subdivider shall provide the following minimum mechanism for fire suppression: A pressurized fire hydrant system meeting the flow requirements of the adopted Fire Code, National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 1142, and the City of Billings Public Utilities Department Rules and Regulations.

C. Emergency Secondary Access Roads: In the event that an emergency secondary access road is approved, through the variance process, as a means of providing a second access to a subdivision, as required by Section 23-406.A.5. of these Regulations, it shall be built to the following standards:

1. Emergency access roads shall be designed to a minimum unobstructed surface width of not less than twenty (20) feet and shall be constructed to adequately support a forty (40) ton vehicle with a surface so as to that provides all weather driving capabilities. The road shall be constructed to City standards. The emergency access road shall be maintained throughout the year including the removal of snow and ice. Where required by the Fire Department having jurisdiction, gates or other approved barricades shall be required at either end of the road to restrict through traffic. A sign shall be fixed to each gate in a conspicuous manner. The sign shall read "EMERGENCY ACCESS ONLY" using black letters not less than two (2) inches wide and six (6) inches high on a white retro reflective background.
2. Prior to construction, a cross-sectional design of the road including location, section, surfacing, and drainage, and design of gates or barriers shall be submitted to and approved by the Billings Fire Department and the City Engineer's Office. The storm drain design shall accommodate runoff during a ten (10) year storm event to ensure that there is no blockage of the roadway in the event of an emergency. The drainage shall not encroach into the travel way.

3. Emergency access roads will be assigned a name by [the Billings Fire Department City GIS / Land Management](#). In order to ensure the roads are entered into and reflected on the County GIS mapping system, the road shall be shown on the plat along with the name assigned to the road. Emergency access roads will not have conventional street signs identifying them by the assigned name.

Two (2) sets of final plans showing corrections/revisions after review and approval shall be submitted to [the Fire Department City GIS / Land Management](#). [The Fire Department City GIS](#) will forward one (1) set of plans to County GIS to ensure that the emergency access road and road name are entered into the GIS mapping system.

Section 23-414. Flood Hazard Evaluation.

If any portion of a proposed subdivision is within the floodway of a flood of one hundred (100) year frequency as defined by Title 75, Chapter 5, MCA and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), or deemed subject to flooding by the City, or if any portion of a proposed subdivision is within two thousand (2,000) horizontal feet and less than twenty (20) vertical feet of a live stream draining an area of twenty-five (25) square miles or more, the flood hazard evaluation criteria found in Appendix O shall be applied, as applicable.

Article 23-500. GUARANTEE OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.

Section 23-501. Subdivision Improvements Agreement.

Prior to granting approval of the final plat by the governing body the subdivider shall have installed all of the required improvements as stipulated in these regulations, or shall, prior to receiving approval of the final plat, provide a financial guarantee in accordance with Section 23-502 and enter into a written subdivision improvement agreement (SIA) with the governing body guaranteeing the construction and installation of all required improvements in conformance with all policies, standards and ordinances adopted by the City. The agreement shall stipulate, among other things, which type of security arrangements acceptable to the governing body the subdivider elects to use, the time schedule acceptable to the City, the subdivider's plans for accomplishing the required improvements and an agreement that the subdivider shall guarantee all improvements for a period of one (1) two (2) years from the date of acceptance by the City. (See Appendix K for SIA template)

Section 23-502. Security Guarantee. (MCA 76-3-507).

The subdivider shall provide a monetary security guarantee from the following listed methods in the amount of one hundred twenty-five (125) percent of the estimated total cost or actual construction contract amount of installing all required improvements including engineering and administration fees, as estimated by a Professional Engineer and approved by the Public Works Department.

- A. **Escrow account.** The subdivider shall deposit cash, or other instrument readily convertible into cash at face value, either with the City, or in escrow with a financial institution. The use of any instrument other than cash, and in the case of an escrow account, the financial institution with which the funds are to be deposited, shall be subject to the approval of the governing body or designee. (See Appendix L for Escrow template). In the case of an escrow account, the subdivider shall file with the City an agreement between the financial institution and the subdivider guaranteeing the following:
 1. That the funds of the escrow account shall be held in trust until released by the governing body or designee and may not be used or pledged by the subdivider as security in any other matter during that period; and
 2. That in the case of a failure on the part of the subdivider to complete the improvements, then the financial institution shall immediately make the funds in the account available to the City for use in the completion of those improvements.
- B. **Irrevocable letter of credit.** The subdivider shall provide, from a financial institution or other reputable institution subject to the approval of the governing body or designee, an irrevocable letter of credit. (See Appendix M for Letter of Credit template). This letter shall be deposited with the City and shall certify the following:

1. That the creditor does guarantee funds of the required amounts, as estimated by the subdivider and approved by the Public Works Department, for completing all required improvements; and
2. That, in the case that the subdivider fails to complete the specified improvements within the required time period, the creditor shall pay to the City immediately, and without further action, such funds as are necessary to finance the completion of those improvements, up to the limit of credit stated in the letter; and
3. That the letter of credit may not be withdrawn, or reduced in amount, until released by the governing body or designee; and
4. That the letter of credit shall be renewed from year to year until such time the improvements are completed.

C. **Bond.** The subdivider shall provide a surety bond to guarantee the funds to complete improvements, subject to any requirements of the bonding company. The bond shall be payable to the City and shall remain in effect until the improvements have been completed and accepted by the City. The subdivider shall bear all costs associated with the provision of the guarantee.

D. **Sequential development Phased Development.** Where a subdivision is to be developed in phases, a phasing plan shall be prepared by the developer, and reviewed and approved by the governing body with the preliminary plat. The phasing plan shall be included in the SIA and shall describe which lots are included in each phase, *and* what improvements shall be completed with each phase, ~~and the approximate completion date of each phase~~. Improvements included in the first phase shall be constructed or guaranteed using one of the acceptable monetary security guarantees prior to final plat approval by the governing body. Lots within subsequent phases shall be restricted from being transferred or developed. A “Restrictions on Transfers and Conveyances” contract shall be entered into for subsequent phases by the subdivider and the governing body and shall be filed with the final plat documents with the Clerk & Recorder (*See Appendix N for Restrictions on Transfers and Conveyances template*).

A release on the restrictions on transfers and conveyances may be filed with the Clerk & Recorder only after the necessary improvements for each particular phase are constructed, approved and accepted by the City, or guaranteed using one of the acceptable monetary security guarantees.

The subdivider shall set a future date that each phase is proposed to commence. Should the date set be passed or the developer determines they are unable to meet the set date a new public hearing will be scheduled to set new dates for future phases. When the developer prepares to release a new phase in the subdivision the developer shall submit to the Planning Department the existing SIA, an updated Environmental Assessment addressing any changes, an updated TIS accounting for growth in the area, and any updates to the MDEQ requirements for the development. Should there be no changes to

the above-mentioned submittal requirements the applicant shall submit documents justifying that finding. A public hearing shall be held to review the proposed phase and its' impacts on the surrounding area with the possibility of additional conditions of approval being added should the findings of fact determine they are needed. A public hearing is required prior to any 'future phase' being released for public sale of lots. (76-3-617 MCA)

All phases included within the phasing plan, if completed within 5 years of final plat approval, are not required to go through the public hearing process as outlined above in paragraph D. They will only be required to obtain a "Release and Certificate" to open each phase. If the subdivider applies to open any phase after 5 years of the approval of the final plat, then the governing body will hold a public hearing in order to determine whether changed circumstances justify amending any conditions of approval or imposing additional conditions of approval as outlined above in paragraph D.

E. **Other.** Provision for security requirement to ensure construction of public improvements. Any other method ~~that may be acceptable to the Planning Board and the governing body, specified in MCA 76-3-507 that is also acceptable to the governing body. In all circumstances the guarantee method shall provide the City of Billings as the beneficiary.~~

Section 23-503. Reduction of Guarantees.

In those cases where improvement guarantees have been made by the method in Sections 23-502 ~~A.,B.,C., or D.~~ the amount of the guarantee may be reduced upon installation and acceptance by the City of the required improvements. The amount of the reduction shall not exceed the percentage that the accepted improvements made up of all originally required improvements.

Section 23-504. Release of Guarantee.

Upon completion of required improvements by the subdivider and acceptance of them by the City, all in conformance with this Chapter, the City shall authorize the release of any remaining portion of the improvement guarantee of ninety percent (90%) of the original amount. The remaining ten percent (10%) will be released after any deficiencies are corrected after the ~~one~~-~~two~~- year warranty inspection. The acceptance of improvements by the City shall initiate the ~~one~~-~~two~~-year warranty period.

Article 23-600. DEVELOPMENTS PROVIDING MULTIPLE SPACES FOR RENT OR LEASE FOR RECREATIONAL VEHICLES, MOBILE HOMES, AND MANUFACTURED HOMES

Section 23-601. General.

A. Definition. A development providing multiple spaces for rent or lease for recreational vehicles (RVs) and/or mobile or manufactured homes is created when any portion of a parcel is rented or leased for the purposes of situating a temporary or permanent RV, mobile or manufactured home for residential or commercial use owned by the renter or lessee. The rented/leased land is owned as one parcel under single ownership, which can include a number of persons owning the property in common. These developments are commonly known as mobile home parks, manufactured home parks, and recreational vehicle parks.

B. Review & approval required. Manufactured home parks, mobile home parks and RV parks must be submitted for review and approval by the governing body before portions **thereof** may be rented or leased (76-3-504(s), MCA). Approval must be based on the criteria found in Article 23-300 of these Regulations.

The number of spaces available for rent or lease shall determine the level of review under Article 23-300 (i.e. major, minor, or expedited) as follows:

- a. Two spaces for rent/lease meeting all other criteria found in Section 23-305.A. of these regulations shall be reviewed as a subdivision qualifying for expedited review under Section 23-305.
- b. Two spaces for rent/lease not meeting one or more of the criteria found in Section 23-305.A. of these regulations shall be reviewed as a first minor subdivision under Section 23-303.
- c. Three to five (3-5) spaces for rent/lease shall be reviewed as a first minor subdivision under Section 23-303.
- d. Six or more (6+) spaces for rent/lease shall be reviewed as a major subdivision under Section 23-302.

C. Zoning requirements. Manufactured home parks, mobile home parks and RV parks shall follow all applicable requirements outlined in the **Unified** Zoning Regulations (Article 27, BMCC).

Section 23-602. Review Procedures

A. Submittal requirements.

1. Manufactured home parks, mobile home parks and RV parks require submittal of those requirements outlined in Article 23-300 of these Regulations except that the subdivider shall submit un-surveyed plans drawn to scale, rather than plats.
2. Supplementary materials. In addition to the submittal requirements outlined in Article 23-300, preliminary and final plans and submittals for manufactured home parks, mobile home parks and RV parks shall include the following:
 - a. A layout of all spaces, buildings, or structures proposed for rent or lease.
 - b. Location of common areas and facilities.
 - c. Parks and/or recreation areas, if required by Article 23-1000, of these Regulations.
 - d. Landscaping plan, ~~if required by Section 27-1200 Section 23-603.E.2, or Section 27-805, 27-912, Section 27-1006, Article 27-1100 or Article 27-1400, BMCC~~, as applicable.
 - e. A Traffic Impact Analysis, if required by Section 23-406.B.4., BMCC.
 - f. A Stormwater Pollution Protection Plan (SWPPP) for developments disturbing one acre or more.

B. Final Approval. Manufactured home parks, mobile home parks and RV parks shall follow the applicable review procedures outlined in Article 23-300 of these Regulations. In lieu of a final plat, a final plan drawn to scale shall be submitted for approval by the governing body. The approved final plan shall be filed with the Yellowstone County Clerk & Recorder as an exhibit, not as a final plat.

Section 23-603. Manufactured and/or Mobile Home Park Development Requirements.

A. Manufactured or mobile home spaces.

1. The number of allowed spaces is limited to what is approved on the final plan.
2. Manufactured or mobile home spaces must be arranged to permit the safe and practical placement and removal of manufactured homes.
3. All manufactured or mobile homes must meet the minimum setback requirements of ~~Article 27-308 Section 27-309~~, BMCC from all perimeter boundary lines. In the case where a boundary line is adjacent to an arterial

street, all homes and accessory structures must meet setbacks as required in Article 27-602 Section 27-303 J, BMCC. In addition, all manufactured or mobile homes must meet the requirements of fire code separations. Any additional detached building must meet all requirements from building.

4. ~~The manufactured or mobile home pad must be located at least ten (10) feet from the street that serves it.~~
5. ~~Location of space limits on the ground must be approximately the same as those shown on the approved plans. Precise surveying of space limits is not required either on the plans or on the ground.~~
6. ~~The size of the manufactured or mobile home pad must be suitable for the general market to be served and must fit the dimensions of manufactured homes anticipated. At a minimum the pad should measure fourteen (14) feet wide and seventy (70) feet long. All pads shall be constructed of at least six (6) inches of gravel over a stabilized sub-base.~~
7. ~~The total area occupied by a manufactured or mobile home and its roofed accessory buildings and structures may not exceed one third (1/3) of the area of a space.~~
8. ~~All manufactured or mobile homes shall be separated by a minimum of fifteen (15) feet.~~
9. ~~There shall be a minimum of fifteen (15) feet between all attached structures such as carports, awnings, decks, and stairs and any adjacent manufactured or mobile home.~~
10. ~~There shall be a minimum of six (6) feet between detached structures and any adjacent manufactured or mobile home. Detached structures are defined as any structure that is more than six (6) feet away from the manufactured home.~~
114. A minimum of two (2) off-street parking spaces must be provided on or adjacent to each manufactured or mobile home space. The driveway must be located to allow for convenient access to the manufactured home, and be a minimum of ten (10) feet wide.

B. Streets.

1. Streets within a manufactured or mobile home park or recreational vehicle park shall be private and built to city standards.
2. Private streets shall be designed to provide access to all sites. No site shall have vehicular access to a public street. The streets shall be laid out to discourage through traffic and intersections with public streets shall be kept to a minimum.

3. Streets, *pedestrian, and bicycle facilities* shall be designed and built to meet current City Standards.
4. Curvilinear streets shall have no centerline curve with less than a one hundred (100) foot radius. At intersections, the inside edge of the paved street shall have a minimum of a twenty (20) foot radius.
5. All streets shall intersect at an angle of ninety (90) degrees except where the subdivider can show just cause not to and with the approval of the governing body.
6. The layout near street intersections shall be such that a clear vision area is maintained. Stopping sight distance on curves shall be as required on subdivision streets.
7. All traffic-control devices used shall comply with the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, published by the U.S. Department of Transportation.

C. **Fire protection.** The manufactured or mobile home park shall provide an adequate water supply for fire suppression needs, following the requirements as found in Section 23-413 of these Regulations. The means for fire protection shall be subject to approval by the local fire district and the governing body.

D. **Health standards/license requirement.** In addition to the criteria of this Section, manufactured or mobile home parks must also meet the minimum standards of the Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services (MDPHHS) under Title 50, Chapter 52, MCA and the requirements of the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) under Title 50, Chapter 60, MCA. The governing body shall not grant final approval of a manufactured home, mobile home, and/or recreational vehicle park until the subdivider first obtains the applicable licenses and approvals for the facility from MDPHHS and MDEQ.

E. **Additional provisions**

1. Manufactured or mobile home parks shall meet the parkland dedication requirements as outlined in Article 23-1000 of these Regulations.
2. Manufactured or mobile home parks located adjacent to industrial, commercial or lower-density residential land uses shall provide screening such as fences or natural growth along the property boundary lines separating the community from such adjacent uses.
3. All manufactured or mobile home parks shall have a sign near the main entrance showing the park layout.

4. Centralized mail delivery shall be provided at one or more locations within the park. Location and design of such group mail collection site(s) shall be reviewed and approved by the United States Postal Service. ~~and the Public Works department.~~
5. It shall be unlawful to operate a manufactured or mobile home park without holding a valid license issued by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ), to be renewed annually.

Section 23-604. Recreational Vehicle Park Development Requirements.

A. Recreational vehicle spaces.

1. Recreational vehicle spaces must be arranged to allow for the safe movement of traffic and access to spaces.
2. Recreational vehicles must be separated from each other and from other structures by at least fifteen (15) feet. Any accessory structures such as attached awnings must, for purposes of this separation requirement, be considered part of the recreational vehicle.
3. No recreational vehicle space may be located less than twenty (20) feet from any public street or highway right-of-way.
4. The density of a recreational vehicle park may not exceed twenty five (25) recreational vehicle spaces per acre of gross site area.

B. Streets.

1. Roads within recreational vehicle parks must be designed to provide safe traffic circulation and parking.
2. Design of the streets within a recreational vehicle park shall follow those guidelines on street design for manufactured home parks above (Section 23-603.B.).

C. Additional standards.

Recreation vehicle parks shall also follow the guidelines listed in Section 23-603.C. **Fire protection**; Section 23-603.D. **Health standards/license requirement**; and Section 23-603.E. **Additional provisions**.

Section 23-605. Timing of Improvements.

- A. The subdivider shall install all required improvements before renting or leasing any portion of the subdivision. The governing body or designated agent will inspect all required improvements in order to ensure conformance with the approved construction plans and specifications. The subdivider shall guarantee all improvements for a period of

~~one two~~ years from the date of written approval by the governing body or designated agent.

- B. If the subdivider seeks approval of the final plan prior to the installation and completion of all required improvements, the subdivider shall enter into a written agreement with the governing body guaranteeing the construction and installation of all required improvements. This agreement shall specify which type of security arrangements the subdivider elects to use and the time schedule proposed for accomplishing the required improvements. Acceptable monetary security guarantees are described in Article 23-500 of these Regulations.

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

Article 23-700. CLUSTER DEVELOPMENTS (MCA 76-3-509) AND PLANNED-NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENTS (MCA 76-3-509)

Section 23-701. Purpose.

The purpose of this Article is to promote maximum flexibility in the design of new developments within the City of Billings and to encourage innovation within a framework of timely, efficient and flexible design review. Developments that utilize innovative, progressive planning and site design techniques and methods to allow a mixture of land uses, densities, setbacks and building heights are encouraged. Cluster Developments are encouraged where community resources are present and desirable for protection or preservation. Those areas include but are not limited to wildlife habitat, river and stream corridors, wetlands, historical or archeological sites or prime agricultural lands. Planned Neighborhood Developments are encouraged where the proposed development is in excess of twenty acres and diversity in land uses is desirable.

Section 23-702. Definitions.

For the purposes of this Article the following definitions shall apply:

Cluster Development: A Cluster Development is a subdivision creating five (5) or more lots clustered in a group that is designed to concentrate building sites on smaller lots in order to reduce capital and maintenance costs for infrastructure through the use of concentrated public services and utilities, while allowing other lands to remain undeveloped. A minimum of thirty percent (30%) of the area within the subdivision shall be reserved for open space owned by common ownership (76-3-103(2), MCA).

Maximum Density Calculation: The maximum number of residential dwelling units allowed is calculated by dividing the gross square footage of the Cluster Development area (including any Open Space area) by the required lot area in the underlying zoning district.

Master Plan: A master plan is a site plan for a Planned Neighborhood Development that shows lots, blocks, streets, alleys and areas for various land uses including open space within the development. The master plan shall be part of the subdivision approval and any significant change to such master plan shall be considered an amended subdivision.

Planned Neighborhood Development (PND): A Planned Neighborhood Development (PND) is a subdivision consisting of a planned mixture of land uses such as residential clusters, industrial parks, shopping centers, and/or office building parks built in a prearranged relationship to each other and having open space and community facilities in common ownership or use (76-3-103(10), MCA).

Section 23-703. Cluster Development General Requirements.

- A. Cluster development may be applied to any residential subdivision of five (5) or more lots. The subdivision shall generally conform to the Growth Policy and the underlying zoning district(s) although the lots may be smaller in area than required in the underlying zoning district.

- B. The maximum size of any developed parcel or lot within a cluster development is 175,000 square feet.
- C. A minimum of 30% of the total area within the subdivision shall remain undeveloped in a cluster development. The undeveloped parcel must be protected in perpetuity and prohibit further division of the parcel. (See Section 23-708)
- D. Cluster developments are exempt from the review criteria in Section 23-302.H. of these Regulations (76-3-509(e)(ii), MCA).
- E. Cluster developments are exempt from the parkland dedication requirements in Article 23-1000 in so far as the cluster development meets or exceeds parkland dedication requirements of Section 23-1002 of these Regulations.
- F. Cluster developments shall comply with all other requirements of these Regulations.

Section 23-704. Design Standards and Applications for Cluster Developments.

- A. The Cluster development subdivision shall follow all applicable review procedures, as outlined in Article 23-300 of these Regulations.
- B. **Site Analysis Map.** A site analysis map shall be submitted with the preliminary plat application including the following information:
 1. Property boundaries;
 2. All streams, rivers, lakes, wetlands and other hydrologic features;
 3. Topographic contours with a minimum of 5-foot intervals; where lots are proposed on slopes 10% or less, contours must be shown at 2-foot intervals.
 4. All proposed open space areas;
 5. General vegetation characteristics;
 6. General soil types;
 7. The planned location of protected open space;
 8. Existing roads and structures;
 9. Potential connections with existing open space, parks and trails.
- C. **Open Space Management Plan.** An open space management plan, as described in Section 23-707 of this Article, shall be prepared and submitted with the preliminary plat application. The management plan will be reviewed as a supporting document of the preliminary plat. Review and recommendations to the governing body on the proposed open space management plan will be prepared by the Planning Board.
- D. **Instrument of Permanent Protection Required.** An irrevocable covenant prohibiting further subdivision, division, or development of the open space lots or parcels as provided in 70-17-201, et seq., MCA, shall be placed on the open space concurrent with the application for final plat approval.

E. Maximum Density. The maximum number of dwelling units shall be calculated by dividing the gross area of the lot including the open space by the required lot area of the underlying zoning district. The applicant need not demonstrate the development capability of the land to calculate the maximum dwelling unit density.

F. Other Requirements. The applicant shall adhere to all other applicable requirements of the underlying zoning district(s) with the exception of minimum lot area per dwelling unit (See Maximum Density above). The proposed number of dwelling units shall not exceed the maximum density but each dwelling unit may be placed on a lot of less than the minimum lot area required by the underlying zoning district(s). Subsequent to a preliminary plat approval, the applicant shall apply for and receive a zoning variance (Art. 27-1500, BMCC) from the minimum lot area required within the zoning district(s).

Section 23-705. Open Space.

- A. At least thirty percent (30%) of the gross area of a cluster development shall be reserved as open space.
- B. **Resource Protection Areas:** The following are considered resource protection areas and are required to be included within the open space when present. These resource areas must be mapped and shown on the preliminary plat.
 1. The 100-year floodplain.
 2. Riparian zones of at least seventy five (75) feet in width along all perennial and intermittent streams.
 3. Areas of at least 5,000 square feet with percent grade of twenty five percent (25%) or greater.
 4. Wetlands that meet the definition used by the Army Corps of Engineers pursuant to the Clean Water Act.
 5. Populations of endangered or threatened species, or habitat for such species.
 6. Archaeological sites, cemeteries and burial grounds or historic sites listed as such with any state or federal agency.
- C. **Other Resource Areas.** The following are considered important resource areas and may or may not be included within the open space at the discretion of the applicant.
 1. Historic sites or structures not listed as such with state or federal agencies.
 2. Existing native forests or prairie of at least one (1) acre contiguous area.
 3. Other significant natural features and scenic view sheds such as ridge lines, peaks and rock outcrops, particularly those that can be seen from public roads.
 4. Prime agricultural lands of at least two (2) acres contiguous area.
 5. Existing trails that connect the tract to neighboring areas.
 6. Areas at the base of any ridge line or rimrock of at least one (1) contiguous acre.
- D. Above-ground utility rights-of-way and small areas of impervious surface may be included within the protected open space. Such areas shall make up not more than

five percent (5%) of the required open space area.

- E. At least seventy five percent (75%) of the open space shall be in a contiguous tract of a minimum size of 45,000 square feet. The open space should adjoin any neighboring areas of open space, other protected areas, and non-protected natural areas that would be candidates for inclusion as part of a future area of protected open space.
- F. The open space should be directly accessible to the largest practicable number of lots within the subdivision. Non-adjoining lots shall be provided with safe, convenient access to the open space.

Section 23-706. Permitted Uses of Open Space.

- A. Uses of Open Space may include the following:

1. Conservation of natural, archeological or historical resources;
2. Meadows, woodlands, wetlands, wildlife corridors, game preserves, or similar conservation-oriented areas;
3. Walking, bicycle trails or other multi-use trails as defined in the [Heritage Trail Plan currently adopted Active Transportation Plan](#);
4. Passive recreation areas, such as open fields;
5. Active recreation areas;
6. Agriculture, horticulture, silviculture or pasture uses, provided that all applicable best management practices are adhered to;
7. Landscaped storm water management facilities approved by the governing body, community wastewater disposal systems and individual wastewater disposal systems located on soils particularly suited to such uses;
8. Easements for drainage, access, and underground utility lines;
9. Other conservation-oriented uses compatible with the purposes of this Article.

B. Prohibited uses of Open Space.

1. Golf courses;
2. Roads, parking lots and impervious surfaces, except as specifically authorized in the previous sections;
3. Agricultural and forestry activities not conducted according to accepted Best Management Practices;
4. Impoundments;
5. Other activities as determined by the applicant and recorded on the legal instrument providing for permanent protection.

Section 23-707. Ownership and Management of Open Space.

- A. **Ownership of Open Space.** Open space shall be owned by one of the following entities:

1. The open space shall be dedicated to the public as public parkland can be provided as allowed per MCA 76-3-621. Acceptance of the open space shall be at the discretion of the governing body, as recommended by the City's Park and Recreation Department's staff. Open space must allow public access through a plat dedication or easement; or
2. A Homeowners' Association representing residents of the subdivision may own the open space. Membership in the association shall be mandatory and automatic for all homeowners of the subdivision and their successors. The Homeowners' Association shall have lien authority to ensure the collection of dues from all members. Open space owned by a Homeowners' Association must indicate through a plat dedication or easement, whether or not there is public access to the open space. The park will display signs indicating public or private use.

B. Management Plan. The applicant shall submit a Plan for Management of Open Space and Common Facilities (Management Plan) that:

1. Allocates responsibility and guidelines for the maintenance and operation of the open space and any facilities located thereon, including provisions for ongoing maintenance and for long-term capital improvements;
2. Estimates the costs and staffing requirements needed for maintenance and operation of, and insurance for, the open space and outlines the means by which such funding will be obtained or provided;
3. Provides that any changes to the Management Plan be approved by the Planning Department, or in the case of publicly accessible owned open space, approved by the Parks and Recreation Department Park Board; and
4. Provides for enforcement of the Management Plan.

C. Maintenance.

1. Open space dedicated to the public shall be maintained according to the Management Plan by a Park Maintenance District (PMD) to be established prior to final plat approval.
2. Maintenance of open space owned by a Homeowner's Association shall be the responsibility of the Homeowner's Association. In the event the party responsible for maintenance of the open space fails to maintain all or any portion in reasonable order and condition the City of Billings may assume responsibility for its maintenance and may enter the premises and take corrective action, including the provision of extended maintenance. The costs of such maintenance may be charged to the Homeowners' Association, or to the individual property owners that make up the Homeowners' Association, and may include administrative costs and penalties. Such costs shall become a lien on all subdivision properties.

Section 23-708. Legal Instrument for Permanent Protection of Open Space.

A. Legal Instrument. Privately owned open space shall be protected in perpetuity by an irrevocable covenant prohibiting further subdivision, division, or development of the open space lots or parcels as provided in 70-17-201, et seq., MCA, that is recorded with the deed. The instrument for permanent protection shall include clear restrictions on the use of the open space. These restrictions shall include all

restrictions contained in this Chapter, as well as any further restrictions the applicant chooses to place on the use of the open space.

B. **Tax Assessment of Open Space.** Once a legal instrument for permanent protection has been placed upon the open space, the Yellowstone County Board of Assessment shall be directed to reassess the open space at a lower value to reflect its more limited use. If the Open Space is used purely for passive recreational purposes and the terms of the instrument for permanent protection effectively prohibit any type of significant economic activity, then the assessment shall be at a value of zero.

Section 23-709. Planned Neighborhood Developments General Requirements.

A Planned Neighborhood Development (PND) project is intended to encourage the use of improved techniques for the development and arrangement of a mixture of land uses more than is available under conventional zoning regulations or land restrictions that separate land uses into distinct zones. It is further the intent of PNDs to allow for the integration of housing, business, and community facilities, and to allow for the preservation of the natural environment through efficient utilization of open space. [PND requirements are outlined in City of Billings Zoning Article 27-800.](#)

A. ~~A PND may be applied to any mixed use subdivision of five (5) or more lots. The subdivision shall generally conform to the adopted Growth Policy. The underlying zoning district(s) land use designations and building setbacks and other limitations shall be used as a general guide. The applicant is encouraged to design the PND to allow a mixture of land uses, densities, setbacks and building heights.~~

B. ~~The maximum size of any developed parcel or lot within a PND is 350,000 square feet.~~

C. ~~The minimum size for any area designated for common use by the residents or owners of the PND or by the public is 45,000 square feet. The area may be designated for active or passive recreation, for conservation purposes or for any other use in common by the residents and owners of the PND or by the public.~~

D. ~~Planned Neighborhood Developments are exempt from the review criteria in Section 23-302.H. of these Regulations.~~

E. ~~Planned Neighborhood Developments are exempt from the parkland dedication requirements in Article 23-1000 in so far as the PND meets or exceeds parkland dedication requirements of Section 23-1002.~~

F. ~~Planned Neighborhood Developments shall comply with all other requirements of these Regulations.~~

G. ~~Planned Neighborhood Developments shall be considered a Special Review use for purposes of the Unified Zoning Code (Article 27-1500, BMCC).~~

Commented [GD1]: Removed by Planning, this is outlined the current zoning code.

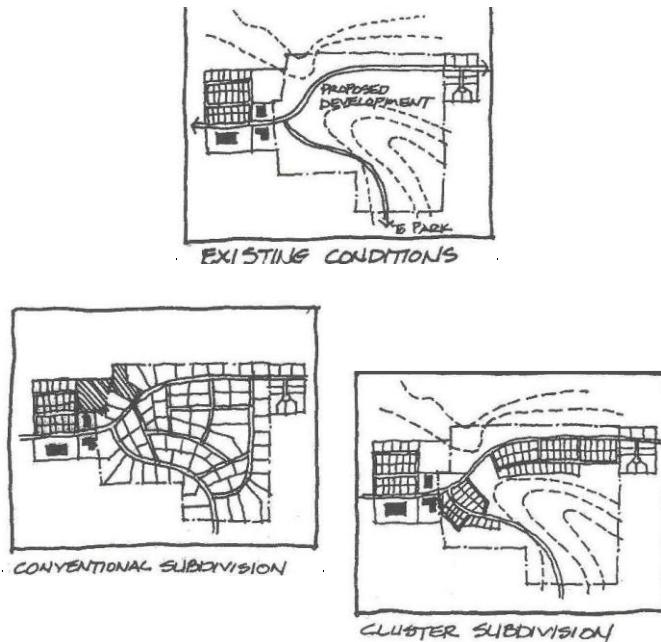
Section 23-710. Design Standards and Applications for Planned Neighborhood Developments.

- A. The PND shall follow the applicable review procedures, as outlined in Article 23-300 of these Regulations.
- B. **Site Analysis Map.** A site analysis map shall be submitted with the preliminary plat application including the following information:
 1. Property boundaries;
 2. All streams, rivers, lakes, wetlands and other hydrologic features;
 3. Topographic contours with a minimum of 5 foot intervals; where lots are proposed on slopes 10% or less, contours must be shown at 2 foot intervals;
 4. All proposed open space areas;
 5. General vegetation characteristics;
 6. General soil types;
 7. The planned location of protected open space;
 8. Existing roads and structures;
 9. Potential connections with existing open space, parks and trails.
- C. Planned Neighborhood Developments are allowed in any zoning district as a Special Review use. Each land use area within a Planned Neighborhood Development will not be a separate zoning district but will apply for and receive special review approval (see Article 27-1500, BMCC for procedure) concurrently with the preliminary plat application (Article 23-300, BMCC). The Planned Neighborhood Development shall provide opportunities for mixed land uses, various housing types and densities, recreational opportunities, and areas for neighborhood services such as schools, community centers, fire or police stations, libraries, and places of employment.
- D. **Master Plan:** A Master Plan must be submitted showing the proposed design and land use areas of the development. The Master Plan should be of sufficient detail to determine build-out population, traffic circulation and control requirements, permitted uses or mix of uses within each area, building envelopes for each developed lot, recreation areas and open space. If open space is provided it shall conform to the requirements of Sections 23-705 through 23-708 of this Article.

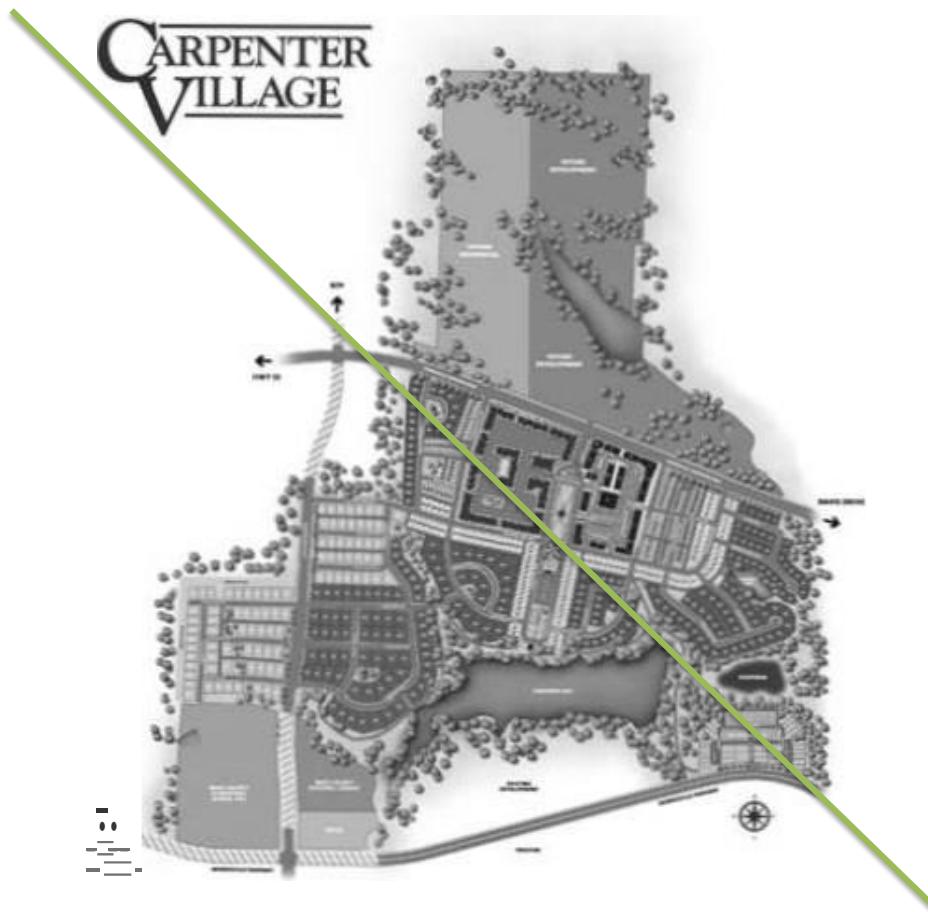
The Master Plan must also show development phasing and construction timing for each phase of the development including any construction or improvements for public parks, trails, community centers, fire and police stations, schools or other public facilities that will serve the Planned Neighborhood Development. Each development phase must contain mixed uses and housing densities. Common elements such as playgrounds, parks, neighborhood service areas and community centers must be included for development within each phase of the development.

E. The Planned Neighborhood Development must be consistent with any adopted Growth Policy, Neighborhood Plan, Heritage Trail Plan, Transportation Plan, Public Utilities Facilities Plan, and any other pertinent public facilities or land use plan that may apply to the PND subdivision area.

Section 23-7140. Examples of Cluster Development Designs.



Section 23.712. Examples of Planned Neighborhood Developments Designs.



Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

Article 23-800. CONDOMINIUMS AND TOWNHOMES.

Section 23-801. Condominium and Townhome or Townhouse Development.

A. **Exemptions.** All condominium, townhome, or townhouse developments are subdivisions subject to the terms of these Regulations and the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act (MSPA), except those exempted by 76-3-203, MCA, as described below.

1. The approval of the original subdivision of land expressly contemplated the construction of the condominiums, townhomes, or townhouses, and any applicable park dedication requirements in 76-3-621, MCA are complied with; or
2. The condominium, townhome, or townhouse proposal is in conformance with applicable local zoning regulations when local zoning regulations are in effect.

B. **Procedures.** All condominium, townhome, or townhouse developments which are not exempt from subdivision review, are subject to the applicable procedures contained in Article 23-300, Subdivision Review Procedures or Article 23-600, Subdivisions for Rent or Lease. The applicable subdivision procedure will be based on:

1. Whether a division of land is to be created.
2. The number of proposed units.
3. Whether the land is a first or subsequent minor subdivision.

Section 23-802. Condominium and Townhome Standards.

A. Condominium and townhome developments shall comply with those standards contained in Article 23-400, Development Requirements and Article 23-1000, Parks, Trails and Open Space.

B. All buildings and structures in a condominium or townhome development shall meet the minimum setback requirements of Article 27-308, BMCC from all perimeter boundary lines. In the case where a boundary line is adjacent to an arterial street, all homes and accessory structures must meet setbacks as required in Article 27-602, BMCC.

C. Condominium, townhome, or townhouse developments shall comply with all applicable provisions of the Unit Ownership Act – Condominiums, Title 70, Chapter 23, MCA, as amended.

Article 23-900. ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT.

Section 23-901. Purpose.

The environmental assessment is a tool by which to evaluate a proposed subdivision's impact on the natural environment, adjacent properties, local services, and the community as a whole. From this evaluation the most appropriate course of action can be determined to mitigate any negative impacts created by the subdivision. The environmental assessment is required by 76-3-603, MCA, unless otherwise exempted.

Section 23-902. General Requirements.

A. **Major Subdivision.** The subdivider shall provide an environmental assessment with the submittal of the preliminary plat containing the following information:

1. A description of the surface and ground water, geology and soils, vegetation, and wildlife use within the area of the proposed subdivision, as required by Section 23-903. **Environmental Description Contents**, of these Regulations.
2. A community impact report containing an analysis of anticipated impacts of the proposed subdivision on the community and local services as required by Section 23-904. **Community Impact Report Contents**, of these Regulations.
3. A summary of probable impacts of the proposed subdivision based on the criteria described in 76-3-608, MCA, as required by Section 23-905. **Summary of Probable Impacts**, of these Regulations.
4. Additional relevant and reasonable information related to the applicable regulatory criteria per 76-3-501, MCA as may be required by the governing body or designee.

B. **Subsequent Minor Subdivision.** An environmental assessment must accompany the preliminary plat and shall include only the summary of probable impacts of the proposed subdivision based on the criteria described in 76-3-608, MCA, as required by Section 23-905. **Summary of Probable Impacts**, of these Regulations.

C. **Exemptions.** The following subdivisions shall not be required to submit an environmental assessment:

1. A first minor subdivision from a tract of record (76-3-609(3), MCA).
2. A subdivision qualifying for expedited review as described in Section 23-305 of these Regulations.
3. Other subdivisions that satisfy all of the following criteria (76-3-616(2), MCA):
 - a. The proposed subdivision is completely within an area adopted by the Growth Policy pursuant to 76-1-601, et seq., MCA;

- b. The proposed subdivision is located within zoning pursuant to 76-2-203 or 76-2-304, MCA, that avoids significantly reduces, or mitigates adverse impacts identified in a growth policy that includes the provisions of 76-1-601(4)(c); and
- c. The proposed subdivision is located within an area where a long-range public works development program (i.e. Capital Improvements Plan) has been adopted pursuant to 76-1-601(4), MCA.

Section 23-903. Environmental Description Contents.

A. Surface Water.

1. Locate on a plat overlay or sketch map all surface water and the delineated floodways that may affect or be affected by the proposed subdivision including natural water systems (streams, lakes, rivers, or marshes), artificial water systems (canals, ditches, aqueducts, reservoirs, irrigation or drainage systems), and land subject to flooding (see also Section 23-414 *and Appendix O*—Flood Hazard Evaluation).
2. Describe all surface water that may affect or be affected by the proposed subdivision including name, approximate size, present use, and time of year that water is present.
3. Describe the proximity of proposed construction (such as buildings, sewer systems, roads) to surface water.
4. Describe any existing or proposed stream bank or shoreline alterations and/or any proposed construction or modification of lakebeds or stream channels. Provide information on the location, extent, type, and purpose of any proposed alteration.
5. Please indicate which of the following water quality permits have been or will be applied for and describe the reasons why these permits are required.

<u>PERMIT</u>	<u>AGENCY</u>
310 Permit	Local Conservation District
SPA 124 Permit	Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks
Floodplain Permit	County Floodplain Administrator
Section 404 Permit, Section 10 Permit	U. S. Army Corps of Engineers
318 Authorization	Department of Environmental Quality
Navigable Rivers Land Use License or Easement	Department of Natural Resources and Conservation

B. Groundwater.

1. Using available information, provide the estimated seasonal minimum and maximum depth to the water table, dates on which these depths were determined, and the location and depth of all known aquifers that may be affected by the proposed subdivision.

2. Provide a description of any steps necessary to avoid the degradation of groundwater and groundwater recharge areas.

C. Geology/Soils/Slopes.

1. Using available information locate on a plat or overlay any known geologic hazards affecting the proposed subdivision which could result in property damage or personal injury due to any of the following: rock falls or slides; land, mud or snow slides; high water table, unstable or expansive soil conditions, slopes greater than twenty five percent (25%).
2. Explain the measures that will be taken to prevent or materially lessen the danger of future property damage or injury due to existing geologic hazards.
3. Provide a statement describing any unusual soil, topographic or geologic conditions on the property, which may limit the capability for construction or excavation using ordinary and reasonable techniques. The statement should address conditions such as shallow bedrock, high water table, unstable or expansive soil conditions, and slope. Describe the location and amount of any cut or fill three (3) or more feet in depth. Where cuts or fills are necessary, describe prevention of erosion and the promotion of revegetation, such as replacement of topsoil and grading.
4. Include soil reports obtained from the USDA, Natural Resource and Conservation Service (NRCS) containing the physical properties and engineering indexes for each soil type, the soil limitations for sanitary facilities, building site development, and water features for each soil type. Describe any special design methods planned to overcome the soil limitations.

D. Vegetation.

1. Indicate the distribution of the major vegetation types and identify critical plant communities as identified by the NRCS.
2. Describe measures to preserve trees and critical plant communities (e.g., design and location of roads, lots and open spaces).

E. Wildlife.

1. Describe species of fish and wildlife that inhabit the area affected by the proposed subdivision.
2. Identify on an exhibit map any known critical or "key" wildlife areas, such as big game winter range, migration routes, waterfowl nesting areas, habitat for rare or endangered species, and wetlands.

3. Submit the impacts of the proposed development on fish and wildlife as identified by the Montana Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks (MFWP). Provide a written statement outlining any recommendation of MFWP and any mitigation efforts to mitigate adverse impacts.

Section 23-904. Community Impact Report Contents.

A. Impact on agriculture and agricultural water user facilities.

1. Describe the number of acres in crop production and whether the property is in whole or in part a viable farm unit, e.g. was the property under production during the last regular season.
2. Describe the uses of land within the vicinity of the proposed subdivision.
3. Describe existing irrigation rights on the property and whether the rights will be transferred, retained by the original owner, or severed.
4. Explain any modification or relocation of ditches or any easements to be provided with the subdivision. The subdivider shall notify the affected ditch company of the subdivision and shall obtain permission to reroute or alter the ditch in any way.

B. Impact on local services and public health and safety.

1. Water Supply.

- a. Describe how water will be provided for domestic use and fire protection.
- b. Indicate the number of gallons per day of water the proposed subdivision will require and whether the water supply is sufficient to meet the needs of the anticipated population of the subdivision. Describe any anticipated effects on existing water systems or wells within the area.
- c. Based on available information, specify whether the proposed water supply satisfies the standards set forth by MDEQ for quality, quantity and construction criteria.
- d. If connection to an existing public, community, or shared water system is proposed, identify and describe the existing system and approximate distance to the connection from the proposed subdivision.
 - i. Provide written evidence that permission to connect to that system has been obtained.
 - ii. Provide information regarding the capacity of the existing water system and its adequacy for serving the proposed subdivision.

- e. If a new community or shared water system is proposed, identify who will install that system, and how the system will be maintained.
- f. If individual water systems are proposed, describe the adequacy of supply of groundwater for individual wells or cisterns and the method used to determine adequacy.

2. Sewage Disposal.

- a. Describe the proposed method of sewage disposal.
- b. Indicate the number of gallons of effluent per day that will be generated by the proposed subdivision at full occupancy, whether the proposed method of sewage disposal is sufficient to meet the anticipated needs of the subdivision, and whether it meets the standards of MDEQ.
- c. If connection to an existing public sewer system is proposed, provide a description of the system and the approximate distance from proposed subdivision.
 - i. Provide written evidence from the appropriate sewer jurisdiction granting permission to connect to that system shall be submitted with the preliminary plat.
 - ii. Provide information regarding the installation, maintenance and phasing of any proposed public sewage disposal system.
- d. If a new community or shared sewer system is proposed, identify who will install that system, and how the system will be maintained.
- e. If individual septic systems are proposed, describe the location and specifications of septic systems.

3. Solid Waste Disposal.

- a. Provide evidence that there is an existing solid waste collection and disposal system available that can accommodate the anticipated additional volume.
- b. If no existing collection and disposal system is available, describe the proposed method of solid waste collection and disposal.
- c. Describe how the proposed system satisfies the standards set forth by MDEQ.

4. Storm water.

- a. Provide calculations indicating how much storm water run-off will be generated as a result of the proposed development.

- b. Provide a description of the proposed storm water collection and drainage systems that satisfy the standards set forth by Section 23-407.

5. Roads.

- a. Describe any proposed access roads or substantial improvements to existing public or private access roads.
- b. If connections to any existing roads are proposed, identify all access permits that are necessary from the city, county or state.
- c. Discuss whether any of the individual lots or tracts have access directly to arterial roads.
- d. Explain any proposed closure or modification of existing roads.
- e. Describe provisions considered for dust control on roads.
- f. Explain how road maintenance will be provided to meet MDEQ guidelines for prevention of water pollution and erosion.
- g. Indicate who will pay the cost of installing and maintaining the roads.
- h. Discuss how much daily traffic will be generated on existing local and neighborhood roads and main arterials when the subdivision is fully developed.
- i. Indicate the capacity of existing and proposed roads and if they are capable of safely handling the increased traffic resulting from the proposed subdivision. Describe any additional maintenance that will be necessary due to increased traffic and who will pay the cost of maintenance.
- j. Indicate ownership of any private access to the subdivision, including private driveway easements.

6. Utilities.

- a. Indicate which utility companies are proposed to serve the subdivision.
- b. State the method of furnishing electric, natural gas or telephone service, where provided, the extent to which these utilities will be placed underground, and the estimated completion of each utility installation.
- c. Indicate if there are any existing utility lines on the property such as transmission lines, pipelines, etc. and if so, describe the impacts they may have on the proposed subdivision.

7. Emergency Services.

- a. Describe the emergency services available to the subdivision including fire protection, police protection, ambulance, and medical services
- b. Provide an estimate of the number of responses generated by the subdivision, and the method of determining those numbers.
- c. Describe roads to the subdivision and provide information on compaction standards and widths that satisfy the requirements set forth for emergency vehicle access.
- d. In the event that the proposed subdivision is located within the Wildland Urban Interface (WUI), the subdivider shall submit a plan to mitigate fire hazard in accordance with the fire department having jurisdiction.
- e. Describe any health or safety hazards on or near the subdivision, such as mining activity, high-pressure gas lines, dilapidated structures or high voltage power lines. These conditions should be accurately described and their origin and location identified and any proposed mitigation.

8. Schools.

- a. Describe the available educational facilities that would service this subdivision.
- b. Provide an estimate of the number of school children that will be generated from the proposed subdivision and provide the basis for the estimate.
- c. Provide information regarding whether increased enrollment can be accommodated by the present personnel, facilities and the existing school bus system. This should include any recommendations of the administrator(s) and plans to mitigate adverse impacts of the proposed development on the provision of educational services.

9. Parks and Recreation Facilities.

- a. Describe any park and recreation facilities to be provided within the proposed subdivision and other recreational facilities that may serve the subdivision.
- b. State how the required parkland dedication is being satisfied.

C. Land Use.

1. Indicate compliance with zoning encompassing all or part of the proposed subdivision. ~~If the proposed subdivision is located near the jurisdictional area of an incorporated city or town, state whether annexation is proposed~~

2. Describe how the subdivision will affect access to any public lands. Where public lands are adjacent to or near the proposed development, describe present and anticipated uses for those lands.
3. Describe the effect of the subdivision on adjacent land uses.
4. Describe any on-site or off-site land uses creating a nuisance, such as unpleasant odors, unusual noises, dust or smoke.

D. Historical Features.

Provide a letter from the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) indicating whether any historic features such as paleontological, archeological or cultural sites, structures, or objects are present on the subject property. If such features are present, provide a written statement outlining any recommendations of SHPO and any plans for inventory, study and/or preservation and mitigation for any adverse impacts.

E. Visual Impact.

1. Describe any efforts to visually blend development activities with natural surroundings.
2. If the subdivision is located near the Yellowstone River or the Rimrocks, describe any potential impacts to these natural amenities. Discuss any mitigation efforts to preserve the views.
3. Provide information regarding revegetation after construction and any proposed landscaping to be provided along streetscapes.

Section 23-905. Summary of Probable Impacts

A. Describe the effects the proposed subdivision has on the following:

1. Agriculture
2. Agricultural water user facilities
3. Local services
4. The natural environment
5. Wildlife and wildlife habitat
6. Public health and safety

- B. Describe how the proposed subdivision complies with the following:
 - 1. Survey requirements provided in Part 4 of the MSPA
 - 2. These subdivision regulations
 - 3. The subdivision review process as described in Article 23-300 of these Regulations
- C. Describe how the proposed subdivision provides for easements for the location and installation of any planned utilities.
- D. Describe how the proposed subdivision provides for legal and physical access to each lot and the required notation of that access on the plat.

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

Article 23-1000. DEDICATION OF PARKS, TRAILS AND OPEN SPACE

Section 23-1001. Purpose.

The purpose of parkland dedication is to:

- Meet the objectives associated with adopted City plans and policies, the goals and objectives associated with parks, open space, trails and other non-motorized transportation facilities in the Heritage Trail Plan, Yellowstone County and City of Billings Growth Policy, Parks2020, The Yellowstone County Comprehensive Parks Plan, the Yellowstone River Greenway Master Plan and the Billings Urban Area Transportation Plan.
- Preserve critical wildlife habitat, wetlands, riparian areas, river and stream corridors.
- Preserve and protect historical and cultural features.
- Provide active and passive park land and open space that is accessible and functional for use by the residents of a specific development and, where preferred, by the community.

Commented [AV1]: Below edits requested by Parks and Public Lands Department

Section 23-1002. Park Land Dedication Requirements (76-3-621, MCA).

A. Except as provided in Sections 23-1008 and 23-1009, a subdivider shall dedicate to the City a cash or land donation equal to:

1. 11% of the area of the net land proposed to be subdivided into parcels of one-half acre or smaller;
2. 7.5% of the area of the net land proposed to be subdivided into parcels larger than one-half acre and not larger than 1 acre;
3. 5% of the area of the net land proposed to be subdivided into parcels larger than 1 acre and not larger than 3 acres; and
4. 2.5% of the area of the net land proposed to be subdivided into parcels larger than 3 acres and not larger than 5 acres.

B. Park dedication requirements for subdivisions that provide for multi-family and condominium developments, and that provide permanent, multiple spaces for recreational camping vehicles or manufactured homes shall be in lieu of those provided in Section 23-1002(A) and are as follows:

1. 11% of the area of the net land proposed to be developed at a density of one dwelling unit per half acre or less;
2. 7.5% of the area of the net land proposed to be developed at a density of between one dwelling unit per half acre and one dwelling unit per one acre;
3. 5% of the area of the net land proposed to be developed at a density of between one dwelling unit per one acre and one dwelling unit per 3 acres; and

4. 2.5% of the area of the net land proposed to be developed at a density of between one dwelling unit per 3 acres and one dwelling unit per 5 acres.

C. The governing body, in consultation with the subdivider, the Planning Board, and the Parks and Recreation and Public Lands Department (PRPL) and the subdivider may determine suitable locations for parks, and playgrounds and, provided that consideration is given to the preference of the subdivider, may determine whether the park dedication must be a land donation, cash donation, or a combination of both. The combination could include some land dedication to meet the requirement with the cash in lieu balance going toward park improvements on the land dedicated. In determining whether land or cash is suitable, proximity to existing parks, including schools and other public or private recreational facilities shall be considered by the PRPL.

1. Land dedicated for park purposes shall:
 - a. Be usable land;
 - b. Street frontage requirements for parks is 200 continuous, linear, feet for each park of one acre, and 30 feet of frontage for every acre after that. The 30 feet segments are not required to be continuous with the original 200 feet.
Example: 5-acre park requires 200 linear feet for first acre and 4 x 30 = 120 for the others for a total of 320 linear feet. The developer shall coordinate park street frontage openings with the City of Billings Parks Department before the preliminary plat is completed. Minimum width for additional accesses into parkland shall be 30 feet. If the parkland dedication requirement is under 1 acre the required street frontage will be a percentage of the one acre minimum. Minimum street frontage is 60 linear feet for parks less than 1 acre.

For example: If 20,000 square feet is what is required by sub reqs, 20,000 divided by 43,560 equals 46%. 200 times 46% equals 92 feet of frontage.

 - c. Accessible to bicycle and pedestrian facilities where possible;
 - d. At least 50% of the park must have slopes under 5%.
2. Land not suitable to meet parkland dedication:
 - a. More than 5% of the area has grades 25% or higher;
 - b. Riparian resources and areas adjacent to or within irrigation, floodway or wetlands unless it includes a programmable space.
 - c. Monument entry areas and central landscaped boulevards;
 - d. Exclusively stormwater facilities;
 - e. Street lights, cell towers, overhead power, major transmission lines, or other similar uses;

D. A Park Maintenance District shall be formed or expanded with any new parkland dedication. If a developer provides cash in lieu, but is located directly adjacent to an existing public park maintained by a PMD, the PMD shall be expanded to include the newly subdivided lots.

E. Irrigation of public and private parkland are encouraged to be provided by ditches

or wells when possible. If neither of these methods is possible, city treated water is an alternative.

Section 23-1003. School Land Dedication in lieu of Park Land Dedication (76-3-621(8), MCA).

Subject to the approval of the governing body and acceptance by the Billings School District #2 Board of Trustees School Board of Trustees that serves the subdivision, a subdivider may dedicate land as required by Section 23-1002 to a school district if the land is adequate to be used for school facilities or buildings.

Section 23-1004. Linear Park Land Dedication for Trail Corridors.

To be consistent with the adopted active transportation plans and parks and recreation plans, and if reviewed and approved by the review authority, linear park land can be dedicated to the city to provide corridors for trails and satisfy park land dedication requirements.

- A. Maintenance of the linear park is required as per Section 23-1002.D
- B. The linear park shall not be used as a substitute for sidewalks or shared use paths adjacent to streets.
- C. The linear park shall serve as a connection to other parks or shared use trails.
- D. A linear park cannot be dedicated over an irrigation ditch or canal easement.
- E. At a minimum, any linear parkland shall be at least 30 feet in width. Privacy fencing in excess of 4' adjacent to linear park is prohibited.

Heritage Trail Plan, Yellowstone County and City of Billings Growth Policy, Parks2020, the Yellowstone River Greenway Master Plan and the Billings Urban Area Transportation Plan, linear parks for trails may be counted toward the required park dedication pursuant to Section 23-1002 of this Article. These parks shall provide corridors for trails and meet the following requirements:

- A. The location of the proposed linear park section is identified as part of the Heritage Trail Plan trail system.
- B. The proposed linear park should be no more than twenty (20) feet in width except when designed to incorporate other park features as approved as part of a parks master plan.
- C. Maintenance of the linear park is provided through a Park Maintenance District as with all other dedicated parks.

Section 23-1005. Stormwater Detention/Retention Ponds in Parks.

Stormwater detention or retention ponds may be located within public park land, but such areas shall not count toward the park land dedication requirement unless they are designed and constructed to serve as an amenity to the park and fit into the planned uses and improvements to the park. An example of a stormwater detention area that is an amenity to a park could be several ponds with water features connecting them designed to have a trail around them with picnic shelters. The developer, at the time of preliminary plat application, shall include documents

detailing the amenity improvements. The SIA shall also include language regarding the improvements and the maintenance shall occur through the use of a PMD.

A. A stormwater facility maintenance agreement as per the stormwater management manual must be submitted to the parks department for any ponds located on dedicated park land prior to this regulation.

Section 23-1006. Determining Cash Contribution for Park Land.

Upon submittal of a final plat application, the subdivider shall provide one of the following to verify the fair market value of the land being subdivided that supports the cash contribution for park land the subdivider is providing. All of the below methods shall be completed by a third party. In addition, all methods shall assume the new zoning of the property:

- A. A Comparative Market Analysis performed by a licensed realtor that meets the following criteria:
 1. It provides the per acre sale price of at least three (3) comparable parcels of land.
 2. The comparable sales must have occurred within one (1) year of the date of the subdivision final plat application submittal.
 3. The comparable sales must be within two (2) miles of the subdivision.
- B. A raw land appraisal by a licensed appraiser.

C. The sale price of the property being subdivided if it was purchased within one (1) year of the date of the subdivision final plat application submittal.

Section 23-1007. Use of Dedicated Money or Land for Parks (76-3-621(5), MCA).

The governing body shall use the dedicated money or land for development, acquisition, or maintenance of parks to serve the subdivision and community as follows:

- A. The governing body may use the dedicated money to acquire, develop, or maintain, within its jurisdiction, parks or recreational areas, or use the money for the purchase of public open space or conservation easements only if:
 1. The park, recreational area, open space, or conservation easement is within a reasonably close proximity to the proposed subdivision; and
 2. The City Council has formally adopted a park plan that establishes the needs and procedures for use of the money.
 3. The governing body may not use more than 25% of the dedicated money for park maintenance.

Section 23-1008. When Park Land Dedication May Not Be Required (76-3-

621(3(c), MCA).

The following subdivisions may not require parkland dedication:

- A. A minor subdivision.
- B. Land proposed for subdivision into parcels larger than 5 acres.
- C. Subdivision into parcels that are all nonresidential.
- D. A subdivision in which parcels are not created, except for condominiums and when that subdivision provides permanent multiple spaces for recreational camping vehicles or mobile homes (See Section 23-1002.B. of this Article).
- E. A subdivision in which only one additional parcel is created.
- F. Cluster Developments and Planned Neighborhood Development (See Sections 703.E. and 709.E. of these Regulations).

Section 23-1009. Waiving Park Land Dedication Requirement (76-3-621(6), MCA).

The governing body shall waive the park dedication requirement if:

- A. The subdivision provides for a planned ~~unit~~ development or other development with land permanently set aside for park and recreational uses sufficient to meet the needs of the persons who will ultimately reside in the development; and the area of the land and any improvements set aside for park and recreational purposes equals or exceeds the area of the dedication required under Section 23-1002 of this Article.
- B. The subdivision provides long-term protection of critical wildlife habitat; cultural, historical, or natural resources; agricultural interests; or aesthetic values; and the area of the land proposed to be subdivided, by virtue of providing long-term protection is reduced by an amount equal to or exceeding the area of the dedication required under Section 23-1002 of this Article.
- C. The area of the land proposed to be subdivided, by virtue of a combination of the provisions of Sections 23-1009.A. and B. of this Article, is reduced by an amount equal to or exceeding the area of the dedication required under Section 23-1002 of this Article.
- D. The subdivider dedicates land outside of the subdivision to be set aside for park and recreational uses sufficient to meet the needs of the persons who will ultimately reside in the subdivision; and the area of the land equals or exceeds the area of the dedication required under Section 23-1002 of this Article.

Article 23-1100. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

Section 23-1101. Variances.

The City Council may grant reasonable variances from the design and improvement standards of these Regulations when strict compliance would result in undue hardship and the result would not negatively affect public health and safety. The granting of a variance shall not have the effect of nullifying the intent and purpose of these Regulations or justifying submission of an incomplete application. The City Council may not approve a variance that would permit structures within *the floodway of* the 100-year floodplain, as defined in 76-5-101, MCA.

A. Requesting a Variance. The subdivider shall include with the submission of the variance request, a written statement describing the facts of hardship upon which the request for the variance is based. Each requested variance shall be deemed a separate application, for which a fee shall be required. Information addressing each of the following findings shall accompany the application. The Planning Board shall review the submitted findings and make a recommendation to the City Council. The City Council shall not approve variances unless the subdivider has demonstrated that the request satisfies the following findings:

1. The granting of the variance will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, or general welfare or injurious to other adjoining properties;
2. Because of the particular physical surroundings, shape, or topographical conditions of the specific property involved, an undue hardship to the owner would result if the strict letter of the regulation was enforced;
3. The variance will not result in an increase in taxpayer burden;
4. The variance will not in any manner place the subdivision in nonconformance with any adopted zoning regulations or Growth Policy; and
5. The subdivider must prove that the alternative design is equally effective and the objectives of the improvements are satisfied.

B. In granting variances, the City Council may require conditions of approval that will, in their judgment, secure the objectives of these Regulations.

C. When any such variance is granted, the motion of approval of the proposed subdivision shall contain a statement describing the variance and the facts and conditions upon which the issuance of the variance is based.

D. *An application for a variance is not necessary where Planned Neighborhood Developments are proposed, as modifications to the standards and requirements of these Regulations may be approved by the City Council.*

Section 23-1102. Amendments to Subdivision Regulations.

- A. These Regulations may be amended by the City Council by their own motion or upon recommendation of the Planning Board to the City Council.
- B. Prior to amending these Regulations, the governing bodies shall conduct a public hearing and public notice shall be given of the intent to amend these Regulations and of the public hearing by publication of the time and place of the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation in the County not less than 15 days prior to the date of the hearing.

Section 23-1103. Corrections or Vacations of Recorded Final Plats and Supporting Documents.

- A. Corrections to recorded final plats shall be processed as exempt plats pursuant to the requirements [set forth in Appendix B](#), provided that there is evidence of at least one of the following:
 1. There is a discrepancy in the map.
 2. Material evidence is provided that does not appear on any map filed by the Yellowstone County Clerk and Recorder.
 3. There is evidence that suggests alternate locations of lines or points.
 4. The recorded plat does not positively show the location, size of lots or blocks, or the location or width of any street or alley.
- B. Corrections to a recorded Subdivision Improvements Agreement (SIA) or other supporting document of the final plat to which the City Council is party, may be submitted provided that they do not significantly alter the original approval. Requests to alter a recorded SIA or supporting document shall follow these procedures:
 1. A written request to amend the recorded document shall be submitted to the Planning Department.
 2. The request will be circulated for review by the agencies affected by the proposed amendment. The Planning Department will, in consultation with the affected agencies, submit a recommendation to the City Council.
 3. A public hearing may be required based on the information received by the reviewing agencies. Notice of the public hearing shall be given in accordance with these Regulations.
 4. The City Council may approve the request if it does not significantly alter the original approval and does not conflict with the review criteria set forth in these Regulations.

- C. Any plat prepared and recorded in accordance with these Regulations may be vacated, either in whole or in part.
 - 1. If the vacation affects five (5) or fewer lots it shall be processed as an exempt plat pursuant to the requirements. ~~set forth in Appendix B~~.
 - 2. If the vacation affects ~~six (6)~~ twelve (12) or more lots it shall be reviewed as an amended plat pursuant to Section 23-307 of these Regulations.
 - 3. If the vacation includes public rights-of-way, the applicant must first obtain approval for the right-of-way vacation from the governing body in accordance with the applicable procedures. Title to the streets and alleys of the vacated portions may revert to one or more of the owners of the properties within the platted area adjacent to the vacated portions, as determined by the City Council or designee.
 - 4. When any utility lines or any other public or private facility are located in a vacated street or alley, at the time of the reversion of the title to the vacated street or alley, the owner of the public or private utility facility shall be granted an easement over the vacated land to continue the operation and maintenance of the public or private utility facility.

Section 23-1104. Corrections or Adjustments to Plats, Conditions and Supporting Documents after Preliminary Plat Approval.

- A. Minor adjustments may be approved by the City Council or designee, in consultation with the appropriate agencies, prior to the filing of the final plat. Minor adjustments are those changes, which, in the opinion of the City Council or designee, ~~does~~ not affect the basic character of lots or blocks, ~~does~~ not affect the open space requirements or amount provided, and ~~does~~ not affect the original street design. Minor adjustments shall not change existing Conditions of Approval or require additional conditions. Minor adjustments may require that a new plat be drawn; however, they do not require that the plat be re-submitted for preliminary plat review.
- B. Major adjustments are those which, in the opinion of the City Council or designee, substantially alter the basic design, or ~~alter change~~ open space requirements or amount provided of for the subdivision. Changes to conditions of approval placed on the preliminary plat shall be considered major adjustments unless otherwise determined using the criteria in Section 23-12~~4~~04.C., below. Any changes which constitute a major adjustment shall require that a new plat be drawn and the plat be re-submitted for preliminary plat review as specified in Article 23-300.
- C. **Requested Amendments to Conditions.** Upon written request of the subdivider, the City Council may amend conditions of preliminary plat approval where it can be found that errors or changes beyond the control of the subdivider have rendered a condition unnecessary, impossible or illegal. Requests to amend a condition of approval shall follow these procedures:

1. The request to amend the condition shall be submitted in writing to the Planning Department.
2. The request will be circulated for review by the agencies affected by the proposed amendment. The Planning Department will, in consultation with the affected agencies, submit a recommendation to the City Council.
3. A public hearing may be required based on the information received by the reviewing agencies. Notice of the public hearing shall be given in accordance with these Regulations.
4. The City Council may approve the request if it can be found that the original condition is unnecessary, impossible or illegal and does not conflict with the review criteria set forth in these Regulations.

D. Once the preliminary plat is approved, unless inaccurate or incomplete information has been found or a change to a condition has been requested, the City Council may not impose any additional conditions as a prerequisite to final plat approval, providing that approval is obtained within the original or extended approval period as provided in these Regulations.

Section 23-1105. Appeals.

- A. A person who has filed with the City Council an application for a subdivision under these Regulations may bring an action in district court to sue the City Council to recover actual damages caused by a final action, decision, or order of the City Council or these Regulations that is arbitrary or capricious.
- B. A party who is aggrieved by a decision of the City Council to approve, conditionally approve, or disapprove a proposed preliminary plat or final subdivision plat may, within thirty (30) days after the date of the written decision, appeal to the district court. The petition must specify the grounds upon which the appeal is made.
- C. The following parties may appeal under the provisions of Section 23-1105.B.:
 1. The subdivider;
 2. A landowner with a property boundary contiguous to the proposed subdivision or a landowner with property within the county or municipality where the subdivision is proposed if that landowner can show a likelihood of material injury to the landowner's property or its value;
 3. The Yellowstone County Board of County Commissioners;

D. For purposes of this section, “aggrieved” means a person who can demonstrate a specific personal and legal interest, as distinguished from a general interest, who has been or is likely to be specially and injuriously affected by the decision.

Section 23-1106. Schedule of Fees.

The required fee shall accompany the preliminary plat, final plat, exempt surveys, and any proposed variances. A schedule of fees for plats shall be established by the City Council by resolution, ~~as set forth in Appendix P~~ *fee information is available online.*

Section 23-1107. Penalty for Violation.

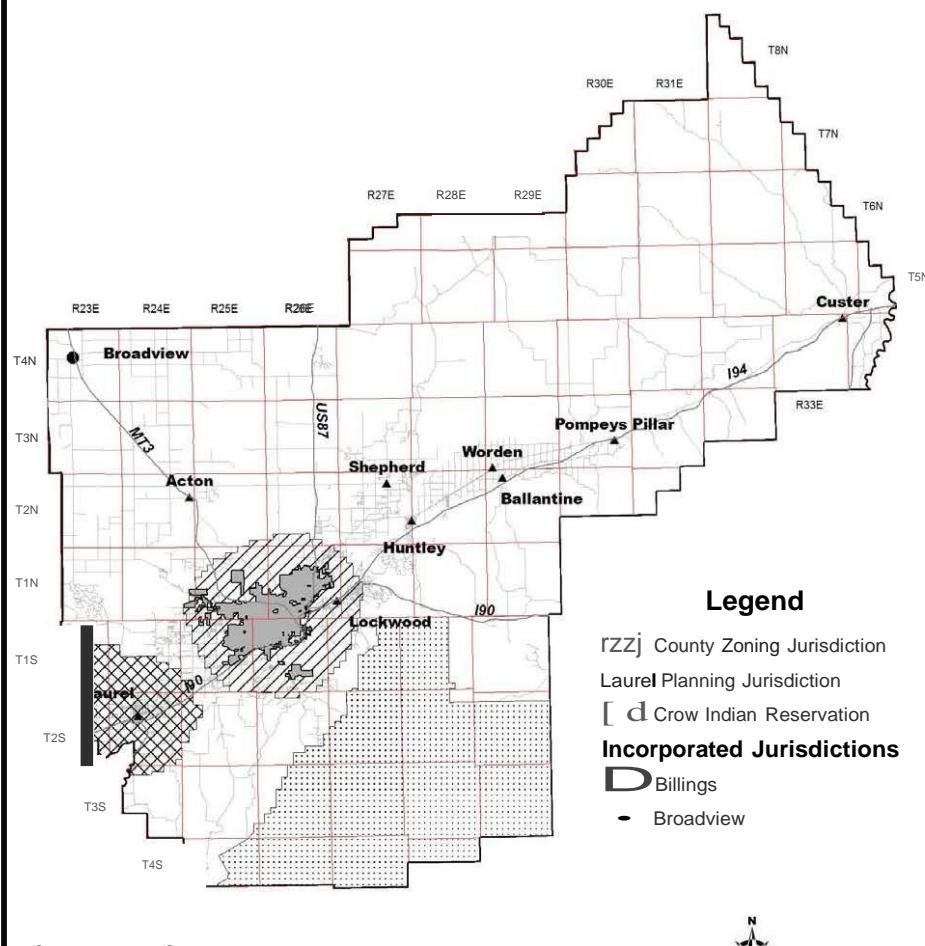
A. Except as provided in 76-3-303, MCA, every final subdivision plat shall be filed with the County Clerk and Recorder before title to the subdivided land can be sold or transferred in any manner. If illegal transfers are completed, the ~~County Attorney City Attorney~~ shall commence action to enjoin further sales or transfers and compel compliance with the provisions of the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act (76-3-101 et seq., MCA) and these Regulations. The cost of such action shall be imposed against the person transferring the property.

Each sale, lease or transfer, or offer of sale, lease, or transfer of each separate parcel of land in violation of any provision of the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act or these Regulations shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense.

B. Any person who violates any of the provisions of the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act (76-3-101 et seq., MCA) or these Regulations is guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) or by imprisonment in jail for not more than three (3) months or by both fine and imprisonment.

APPENDIX A
Jurisdictional Map

**Yellowstone County Board of Planning
Planning Jurisdiction**



Prepared by the Planning & Community Services Department
November, 2005 (PudServ3/Maps/Planning/Planning Jurisdiction)

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX B
Evasion Criteria

City of Billings Evasion Criteria

A. Purpose.

The State of Montana provides that certain divisions of land, which would otherwise constitute subdivisions, are exempt from local subdivision review and approval, unless the development is an attempt to evade the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act (MSPA), 76-3-101, et. seq., MCA.

The following procedures, criteria and requirements shall be used to review an exemption from subdivision review and to determine whether the division of land is for the purpose of evading the MSPA.

B. Procedures and General Requirements.

1. Any person seeking exemption from the requirements of the Subdivision and Platting Act (76-3-101 et. seq., MCA) shall submit to the Clerk and Recorder (1) a certificate of survey, exempt amended plat, or where a survey is not required an instrument of conveyance, and (2) evidence of, and a notarized statement affirming, entitlement to the claimed exemption signed by the landowner.
2. When a certificate of survey, exempt amended plat, or instrument of conveyance is submitted to the Planning Department, the Planning Department shall cause the documents to be examined by the designated agents of the governing body: (the City or County Public Works Department, City or County Attorney, Sanitarian, Treasurer, and Clerk and Recorder). The agents shall examine the proposed land division to determine whether it complies with the requirements set forth in this Resolution, the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act, and the Montana Sanitation in Subdivisions Act (76-4-101, et seq., MCA).
3. After the review to evaluate compliance with the requirements contained in this section, the agents shall submit written comments as to whether the use of the exemption is intended to evade the purposes of the Act, after which a written recommendation will be presented to the governing body for its review.
4. If the designated agents find that the proposed use of the exemption complies with the statutes and these criteria, they shall recommend to the Clerk and Recorder to file the certificate of survey, exempt amended plat, or record the instrument of conveyance and accompanying documents. If the agents find that the proposed use of the exemption does not comply with the statutes and these criteria, they shall advise the Clerk and Recorder of their determination and recommend whether or not to file or record the documents, and upon his/her concurrence, the Clerk shall return the materials to the landowner with an explanation as to why the recordation was declined.

APPENDIX B **Evasion Criteria**

5. Any person whose proposed use of an exemption has been denied by the designated agents may appeal the agents' decision to the governing body. The person may request a hearing, and may submit additional evidence to show that the use of the exemption in question is not intended to evade the Act.

If the governing body concludes that the information provided by the developer overcomes the recommendation by staff that the exemption is being used to evade the Act, they may authorize the use of the exemption in writing. A certificate of survey claiming such an exemption from subdivision review, which otherwise is in proper form, may be filed (or an exempt amended plat or an instrument of conveyance recorded) if the governing body has signed a certificate of an exemption as provided in these regulations.

6. Landowners or their representatives are encouraged to meet with the governing body's designated agents to discuss whether a proposed land division or use of an exemption is in compliance with these criteria.

The agents may issue an advisory opinion only, and the opinion does not constitute a commitment by the local officials when the documents creating the proposed land division are submitted to the Clerk and Recorder.

7. The governing body and its agents, when determining whether an exemption is claimed for the purpose of evading MSPA, shall consider all of the surrounding circumstances. These circumstances may include but are not limited to: (1) the nature of the use of the parcel, (2) the prior history of uses of the particular tract in question, (3) the proposed configuration of the tracts if the proposed exempt transaction is completed, and (4) any pattern of exempt transactions that will result in the equivalent of a subdivision without local government review (State ex rel. Dreher v. Fuller, 50 St. Rptr. 454, 1993).
8. Exempt divisions of land that would result in a pattern of development equivalent to a subdivision shall be presumed to be adopted for purposes of evading the Act. A "pattern of development" occurs whenever three (3) or more parcels of less than 160 acres each with common covenants or facilities pertaining to each parcel have been divided from the original tract.
9. If the use of an exemption is determined to be an evasion of MSPA, the landowner may submit a subdivision application for the proposed land division.

C Exemption as a Gift or Sale to a Member of the Immediate Family (76-3-207(1)(b), MCA).

1. **Statement of Intent:** The intention of this exemption is to allow a landowner to convey one parcel to each member of the immediate family without local subdivision review. A single parcel may be conveyed to each member of the immediate family under this exemption in each county where the landowner owns property.

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX B
Evasion Criteria

2. "Immediate family" is defined as the spouse, children by blood or adoption, or parents of the grantor (76-3-103(7), MCA).
3. Any certificate of survey filed that would use this exemption to create a parcel for conveyance to a family member must clearly identify the name of the grantee, the grantee's relationship to the landowner, and the parcel to be conveyed under this exemption, and be accompanied by, or contain, the landowner's written certification of compliance. The certificate of survey or other instrument must also cite the exemption claimed and include the **proper** language. **provided in Section H of this Chapter**. Also, the certificate of survey or instrument of conveyance shall be accompanied by a deed or other conveying document.
4. One conveyance of a parcel to each member of the landowner's immediate family is eligible for exemption from subdivision review. However, the use of the exemption may not result in more than one remaining parcel of less than 160 acres.
5. Any proposed use of the family conveyance exemption to divide a tract that was previously created through use of an exemption shall be presumed to be an evasion of the Act if it creates a pattern of development consistent with an overall plan with characteristics such as common roads, utility easements, restrictive covenants, open space or common marketing. This presumption will not be rebutted by previous ownership of the tracts, and pertains to remaining tracts of less than 160 acres as well as to those tracts that were previously created through the use of one or more of the exemptions.
6. The use of the family conveyance exemption to divide tracts that were created **with the subdivision process are allowed as long as they can also meet the requirements of zoning, as part of an overall development plan with characteristics such as common roads, utility easements, restrictive covenants, open space or a common marketing or promotional plan shall be presumed that the use of the exemption is an evasion the Act.**
7. **An immediate family member or the spouse of an immediate family member who receives a division of land as part of a gift or sale may not transfer or otherwise convey the division of land for a period of up to 2 years after the date of the division. The governing body may authorize variances from these requirements to address hardship situations.**

D. Exemption to Provide Security for a Construction Mortgage, Lien or Trust Indenture (76-3-201(1)(b) MCA).

1. **Statement of Intent:** Under policies of many lending institutions and federal home loan guaranty programs, a landowner who is buying a tract with financing or through a contract for deed is required to hold title to the specific site on which the residence will be built. The intended purpose of this exemption is to allow a landowner who is buying a tract using financing or a contract for deed to segregate a smaller parcel from the tract for security for financing construction of a home on the property.

APPENDIX B **Evasion Criteria**

2. When claiming this exemption, the landowner shall submit the following documents to the City-County Planning Department:
 - a. A signed statement from both the landowner and the lending institution that the creation of the exempted parcel is necessary for the owner to secure construction financing through a construction mortgage, lien or trust indenture on the exempted parcel.
 - b. Any certificate of survey that uses this exemption must bear the acknowledged certificate of the property owner stating that the division of land in question is exempted from review as a subdivision, cite the exemption claimed, and include the language provided in Section H. of this Chapter.
3. The use of this exemption is presumed to have been adopted for the purpose of evading MSPA if:
 - a. It will create a site for more than one dwelling unit;
 - b. The loan is for someone other than the owner of record or the recorded contract purchaser of the parcel to be divided.
 - c. It will create a pattern of development which is equivalent to a subdivision with characteristics such as common roads, sewer, water, utility easements, restrictive covenants, open space or a common marketing or promotional plan.

E. Exemption for Agricultural Purposes (76-3-207 (1)(c), MCA).

1. **Statement of Intent:** The intention of this exemption is to allow a landowner to create a parcel without local review where the parcel will be used only for production of livestock or agricultural crops and where no residential, commercial, or industrial buildings will be built.
2. "Agricultural Purpose," for purposes of these evasion criteria, means the use of land for raising crops or livestock, or for the preservation of open space, and specifically excludes residential structures and facilities for commercially processing agricultural products. Agricultural lands are exempt from review by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ), provided the applicable exemption is properly invoked by the property owner.
3. The following conditions must be met or the use of the exemption will be presumed to have been adopted for the purposes of evading MSPA:
 - a. The parties to the transaction by gift, sale, or agreement, must enter into a covenant running with the land and revocable only by mutual consent of the governing body and the property owner that the divided land will be used exclusively for agricultural purposes or open space. The covenant must be signed by the property owner, the buyer or lessee and the governing body. An example of a covenant is provided in Section H. of this Chapter.

APPENDIX B **Evasion Criteria**

- b. The landowner must demonstrate that the planned use of the exempted parcel is for agricultural purposes and that no residential, commercial or industrial buildings will be built (e.g., a statement signed by the buyer).
- c. Any change in use of the land for anything other than agricultural purposes subjects the parcel to full review as a subdivision.
- d. Residential, commercial and industrial structures, including facilities for commercial processing of agricultural products are excluded uses on parcels created under this exemption unless the covenant is revoked and the land division is reviewed under MCA Title 76, Chapter 3.
- e. A certificate of survey that uses this exemption must bear the acknowledged certificate of the property owner stating that the division of land in question is exempted from review as a subdivision, cite the exemption claimed, and include the language provided in Section H. of this Chapter.

F. Relocation of Common Boundary (76-3-207(1) (a, d and e), MCA).

- 1. **Statement of Intent:** The intended purpose of this exemption is to allow a change in the location of a boundary line between two parcels and to allow a one-time transfer of a tract to affect that change in location without subdivision review.
- 2. If the relocation of a common boundary would result in the permanent creation of an additional parcel of land, the division of land must be reviewed as a subdivision. If a temporary tract is created, language shall be added to indicate that the temporary tract is merged forever with the adjacent tract.
- 3. Within a platted subdivision, a division of lots that redesigns or rearranges six or more lots must be reviewed and approved by the governing body and an amended plat must be filed with the County Clerk and Recorder in accordance with Section 306 of these Regulations.
- 4. Certificates of survey or amended plats claiming this exemption must be clearly distinguished between the existing boundary location and the new boundary. This shall be accomplished by representing the existing boundary with a dashed line and the new boundary with a solid line. The appropriate certification must be included on the certificate of survey as provided in Section H. of this Chapter.

G. Remainder Parcels.

Statement of Intent: Any part of an original tract of record, less than 160 acres that is left following the segregation of other parcels from the tract for the purpose of transfer shall be reviewed as part of the subdivision.

APPENDIX B Evasion Criteria

H. Certification.

1. **Exemption Certificates.** The following represents examples of certificates to be used on certificates of surveys for the following types of exemptions: relocation of common boundaries, land gift or sale to family member, agricultural exemption, and security for constructions.

CERTIFICATE OF EXEMPTION (RELOCATION OF COMMON BOUNDARY)

I (We) certify that the purpose of this survey is to relocate common boundaries between adjoining properties existing outside of a platted subdivision. Therefore, this survey is exempt from review as subdivision pursuant to Section 76-3-207 (1)(a), (d), or (e), MCA.

DATED THIS _____ day of _____, 20_____.

(Signature) _____
Property Owner(s)

CERTIFICATE OF EXEMPTION (FAMILY GIFT OR SALE)

I (We) certify that the purpose of this survey is to create Tract # _____ for transfer of ownership as a family gift or sale and that no prior family sale has been conveyed to ((name), our (my) (relationship) _____ and that this exemption complies with all

conditions imposed on its use. Therefore this survey is exempt from review as a subdivision pursuant to Section 76-3-207(1)(b), MCA, and the City of Billings Subdivision Regulations.

DATED THIS _____ day of _____, 20_____.

(Signature) _____
Property Owner(s)

APPENDIX B
Evasion Criteria

CERTIFICATE OF EXEMPTION
(FOR AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES)

I (We) certify that the purpose of this survey is to create Tract # _____, as shown on this certificate of survey, for gift or sale, which is to be used for agricultural purposes only, and that this exemption complies with all conditions imposed on its use. Therefore, this survey is exempt from review as a subdivision pursuant to Section 76-3-207(1)(c), MCA and the City of Billings Subdivision Regulations.

I also hereby enter a covenant, to run with the land, that Tract _____ as shown hereon, will be used exclusively for agricultural purposes only. No building or structure requiring water or sewer facilities shall be utilized on Tract _____. This covenant is revocable only by the mutual consent of the governing body and the property owner.

DATED THIS _____ day of _____, 20_____.

(Signature) _____
Property Owner(s)

CERTIFICATE OF EXEMPTION
(SECURITY FOR CONSTRUCTION)

I certify that the purpose of this survey is to create a parcel of land to provide security for construction or loan purposes and that this exemption complies with all conditions imposed on its use. Therefore, this survey is exempt from review as a subdivision pursuant to Section 76-3-201(1)(b) MCA and from review by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (16.16.605(1)(b)).

DATED THIS _____ day of _____, 20_____.

(Signature) _____
Property Owner(s)

APPENDIX B
Evasion Criteria

2. **Governing Body Certification.** If the exemption is approved after appeal to the Governing Body, the Governing Body shall so certify in a printed certificate on the Certificate of Survey.

I, Mayor of the City of Billings, do hereby certify that the use of the exemption claimed on the accompanying Certificate of Survey has been duly reviewed, and has been found to conform to the requirements of the MSPA, Section 76-3-101, et. seq., MCA, and the City of Billings Subdivision Regulations.

DATED THIS _____ day of _____, 20_____.

(Signature) _____
Mayor, City of Billings

Attest: *(Signature)* _____
City Clerk

APPENDIX C
Preapplication Recommendations

The following information is recommended submittal material for all pre application meeting requests. The analysis of the feasibility of the proposal by staff may depend on the amount of information that is provided. The submittal material must be provided to the Planning Department at least one week in advance of the scheduled pre application meeting time.

Commented [GD1]: Proposed to be removed by Planning. All required documents are available on line.

Submittal Copies Required

10 Copies of conceptual drawing and other supplemental materials

Conceptual drawing identifying the following:

1. Proposed subdivision name
2. Legal description including quarter Section, Township and Range and any underlying survey data
3. Owner, subdivider (if different from owner)
4. Proposed lot layout with approximate dimensions and size
5. Existing streets, roads, alleys and/or access easements within or adjacent to the subject property
6. Proposed legal and physical access to each lot and dimensions of right of way and street surfaces; proposed road names
7. Existing easements on or adjacent to the subject property (i.e. access, irrigation, utility, pipelines, trails, etc.)
8. Proposed easements
9. Location of all existing physical features on or adjacent to the subject property, including but not limited:
 - Structures
 - Above ground utility lines
 - Irrigation facilities
 - Rock outcrops
 - Topographic features (hills, drainages, draws, etc.)
 - Streams, lakes, wetlands, areas within flood plain
10. Location of existing or proposed fire hydrants, or other fire suppression water source
11. Potential layout of:
 - Water distribution system
 - Sanitary sewer system
 - Storm drainage facilities
12. Existing and proposed zoning, if applicable
13. Existing and proposed land use
14. Existing or proposed parkland or trail easements

APPENDIX C

Preapplication Recommendations

Recommended Supplemental and Supporting Documentation

1. Vicinity map showing access to and from property
2. USGS Topographic map with subject property identified
3. Soils survey map (County) or soils hazard map (City) with subject property identified
4. Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) if property is in or nearby a mapped floodplain
5. Well logs from adjacent properties
6. Zoning map showing subject property and surrounding property zoning
7. Photographs of site
8. When subject property is proposed to be subdivided in separate filings, a Master Plan of the entire area to be developed

Frequently Asked Questions at a Pre-Application Meeting

1. What type of review does the proposed subdivision require? (i.e. major, 1st minor, subsequent minor, expedited review, exempt, amended) Procedures for the appropriate review type will be explained.
2. Is the property within an existing subdivision or certificate of survey?
3. Is there an existing Subdivision Improvements Agreement?
4. Will the property be further subdivided?
5. Is there any right of way dedication necessary?
6. Does the Transportation Plan or Heritage Trail Plan BABTMP affect the property?
7. Will the subdivision generate 500 Average Daily Trips (ADT)? If so, Traffic Study is required.
8. What improvements are necessary? (i.e. water, sewer, storm water management, street, sidewalk/trail)
9. Is public water and sanitary sewer service available or within 500 feet of the property?
10. Will there be a need to request any variances from the Subdivision Regulations?
11. What is the proposed use of the subdivision?
12. Is the property zoned? Is a zone change proposed? Is a special review through zoning needed for the proposed uses?
13. How will parkland dedication requirements be met (if applicable)?
14. Is an Environmental Assessment required?
15. Is the property within a flood hazard area?
16. Are there existing irrigation water rights on the property? If so, how will they be delineated or severed? Will the irrigation facility be moved, altered or covered?

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX D
Preliminary Plat Requirements

The following information is required for all preliminary plat submittals

Submittal Copies

- 24" x 36" plat and supplements (number of copies specified by staff)
- 11" x 17" plat and supplements (number of copies specified by staff)
- Electronic copy of plat (in AutoCad ® or ArcInfo ® format) and supplements (a high quality scanned copy in .jpg or .pdf may suffice if other formats are unavailable)
- Electronic copy of plat (in .jpg or .pdf format)

Plat Contents:

1. Subdivision name that does not duplicate an existing subdivision name or not too similar to another's name
2. Legal description including quarter section, Township and Range
3. Owner, subdivider (if different from owner), engineer and surveyor
4. Date plat was prepared
5. North arrow and scale bar
6. Vicinity map of sufficient detail to locate the subdivision
7. Names and addresses of adjoining property owners
8. Names of adjoining subdivisions and certificates of survey
9. Location of all existing physical features on land adjacent to and within subdivision, including but not limited to:
 - Structures
 - Utilities
 - Irrigation facilities
 - Rock outcrops
 - Areas of 25% slope or greater
10. Locations and dimensions of:
 - Proposed streets and street names that do not duplicate existing street names
 - Sidewalks and/or pathways, trails
 - Alleys, internal private streets, driveways
 - Easements
 - Parkland
 - Street centerline curve radii
11. Proposed layout of:
 - Water distribution system
 - Sanitary sewer system
 - Storm drainage facilities
 - Location of nearest available utilities
12. Lot lines, lot numbers, lot areas and block numbers

APPENDIX D
Preliminary Plat Requirements

13. Site data including:
 - Number of lots
 - Maximum lot area
 - Minimum lot area
 - Area of parkland
 - Linear feet of streets
 - Net and gross acreage of land to be subdivided
 - Existing and proposed zoning
 - Existing and proposed land use
14. Tentative finished grades of each street indicated by spot elevations
15. Location of streams, lakes, wetlands, floodplain boundaries, and land subject to flooding
16. In case of a subsequent subdivision, the subdivision superimposed on a copy of the existing plat
17. All plats shall be neatly drawn in a professional manner
18. All plats to be filed as an addition to the City shall be noted in title
19. Contour lines of not more than five (5) foot intervals; where lots are proposed on slopes 10% or less, contours must be shown at 2 foot intervals
20. Approximate location of all sections lines and corners pertinent to the proposed subdivision.

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX E
Preliminary Plat Application

Subdivision Name: _____

Date of Preapplication Meeting: _____

Type: _____ Major _____ First Minor _____ Subsequent Minor _____

Tax Code: _____

Location:

Legal Description: _____

1/4 Section: _____, Township: _____, Range: _____

General Location: _____

Subdivider Information:

Name (Include a list of officers if corporation): _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____ Email: _____

Owner Information:

Name: _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____ Email: _____

Plat Data:

Gross Area: Net _____

Area: Number of _____

Lots: _____

Maximum Lot Size: _____

Minimum Lot Size: _____

Linear Feet of Streets: _____

Existing Zoning: _____

Surrounding Zoning: _____

North: _____

South: _____

East: _____

West: _____

Existing Land Use: _____

Proposed Land Use: _____

Parkland Requirement:

Land: _____ **Acres:** _____

Cash: _____ **\$** _____

APPENDIX E
Preliminary Plat Application

Variances Requested (list and attach Variance Request):

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

Service Providers for Proposed Subdivision

Gas: _____
Electric: _____
Telephone: _____
School (Elementary, Middle, High): _____
Irrigation District: _____
Cable Television: _____

List of Materials Submitted with Application

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

Agent Information

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____ Email: _____

I declare that I am the owner of record of the above described property, and have examined all statements and information contained herein, and all attached exhibits, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, is true and correct.

Owner of Record _____ **Date** _____

Owner Under Contract _____ **Date** _____

The submission of a preliminary plat application constitutes a grant of permission by the subdivider to enter the subject property (See. 23-109).

APPENDIX F
Required Supporting Documents for Major Preliminary Plat Applications

Supplemental and Supporting Documentation

1. Names and addresses of immediately adjoining property owners typed or neatly printed on address labels.
2. Draft Subdivision Improvements Agreement (Appendix L).
3. Environmental Assessment or Summary of Probable Impacts, when applicable (Article 23-900).
4. Traffic Accessibility Study (TAS) when applicable, containing the following information:
 - a. Trip generation, using the Institute of Transportation Engineers Trip Generation Manual;
 - b. Trip distribution;
 - c. Traffic assignment;
 - d. Capacity analysis;
 - e. Evaluation; and
 - f. Recommended access plan, including access points, modifications and any mitigation techniques.
 - g. Land use and trip generation in the form of a table of each type of land use, the number of units or square footage, as appropriate, the trip rates used (daily and peak) and resulting trip generation.
 - h. Traffic graphics, which show:
 - AM peak hour site traffic;
 - PM peak hour site traffic;
 - AM peak hour total traffic;
 - PM peak hour total traffic;
 - Total daily traffic (with site generated traffic shown separately).
 - i. AM and PM capacity analysis with an AM and PM peak hour capacity analysis provided for:
 - All major drive accesses that intersect collector or arterial streets or roads; and
 - All arterial arterial, collector collector and arterial collector intersections within one mile of the site, or as required by the Director of Public Service during the pre-application review.
 - j. Capacity. Indicate the levels of service (before and after development) of existing and proposed streets and roads, including appropriate intersections, to safely handle any increased traffic. Describe any anticipated increased maintenance that will be necessary due to increased traffic and who will pay the cost of maintenance.
 - k. Bicycle and Pedestrian Pathways, Lanes and Routes. Describe bicycle and pedestrian pathways, lanes or routes to be developed with the development.
 - l. Traffic Calming. Detailed drawings of any proposed traffic calming installations, including locations and turning radius templates.
5. Preliminary water and sanitation information, including:
 - a. A site plan or exhibit that shows:
 - The location, within 100 feet outside of the exterior property line of subdivision and on the proposed lots, of:

APPENDIX F
Required Supporting Documents for Major Preliminary Plat Applications

- Floodplains
- Surface water features
- Springs
- Irrigation ditches
- Existing, previously approved, and, for parcels less than 20 acres, proposed water wells and wastewater treatment systems;
- For parcels less than 20 acres, mixing zones identified, and
- The representative drainfield site used for the soil profile description, and
- The location, within 500 feet outside of the exterior property line of the subdivision, of public water and sewer facilities
- b. A description of the proposed subdivision's water supply systems, storm-water systems, solid waste disposal systems, and wastewater treatment systems, including whether the water supply and wastewater treatment systems are individual, shared, multiple user, or public as those systems are defined in rules published by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ);
- c. A drawing of the conceptual lot layout at a scale no smaller than 1 inch equal to 200 feet that shows all information required for a lot layout document in rules adopted by MDEQ pursuant to 76-4-104, MCA.
- d. Evidence of suitability for new onsite wastewater treatment systems that, at a minimum, includes:
 - A soil profile description from a representative drainfield site identified on the vicinity map, as provided above, that complies with standards published by the MDEQ;
 - Demonstration that the soil profile contains a minimum of 4 feet of vertical separation distance between the bottom of the permeable surface of the proposed wastewater treatment system and a limiting layer, and
 - In cases in which the soil profile or other information indicates that groundwater is within 7 feet of the natural ground surface, evidence that the groundwater will not exceed the minimum vertical separation distance
- e. For new water supply systems, unless cisterns are proposed, evidence of adequate water availability:
 - Obtained from well logs or testing of onsite or nearby wells;
 - Obtained from information contained in published hydrogeological reports; or
 - As otherwise specified by rules adopted by the MDEQ pursuant to 76-4-104, MCA
- f. A preliminary analysis of potential impacts to the groundwater quality from new wastewater treatment systems, using as guidance rules adopted by the Board of Environmental Review pursuant to 75-5-301 and 75-5-303, MCA related to standard mixing zones for groundwater, source specific mixing zones, and nonsignificant changes in water quality. The preliminary analysis may be based on currently available information and must consider the effects of overlapping mixing zones from proposed and existing wastewater treatment

APPENDIX F

Required Supporting Documents for Major Preliminary Plat Applications

systems within and directly adjacent to the subdivision. Instead of performing the preliminary analysis required under this subsection, the subdivider may perform a complete nondegradation analysis in the same manner as is required for an application that is reviewed under Title 76, Chapter 4.

- g. A subdivider whose land division is excluded from review under 76.4-125(2), MCA is not required to submit the water and sanitation information listed above.
- 6. Geotechnical Report that includes:
 - a. A summary of hazards present and recommended actions.
 - b. A description of proposed construction.
 - c. A description of the investigation methods, including field investigations, laboratory analysis and report preparation.
 - d. A description of the site conditions, including soil, bedrock, groundwater and other physical features present that may limit development.
 - e. Analysis of engineering properties and recommendations in relation to foundations; over excavation and engineered fill; bearing capacity; lateral loads on basement walls; soil friction factor; earthwork; site grading and runoff control; foundation and retaining wall drainages; slabs on grade; reinforcing; utilities testing and concrete considerations; and ventilation and radon.
 - f. Summary of engineering limitations.
 - g. The report shall be accompanied by figures and tables sufficient to convey the results of each test hole and an overall site plan showing the location of each test hole. The spacing of test holes will be dependent of the horizontal and vertical variation of the subsurface material. In all cases, the spacing should result in a representation of all soils present on the subdivision.
- 7. Draft protective and restrictive covenants, if any.
- 8. Draft Articles of Incorporation when Homeowner's Association is proposed.
- 9. When a tract of land is to be subdivided in separate filings, a Master Plan of the entire area to be developed.

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX G

Required Supporting Documents for First Minor Preliminary Plat Applications

Supplemental and Supporting Documentation

1. Draft Subdivision Improvements Agreement
2. Traffic Accessibility Study (TAS) when applicable, containing the following information:
 - a. Trip generation, using the Institute of Transportation Engineers Trip Generation Manual;
 - b. Trip distribution;
 - c. Traffic assignment;
 - d. Capacity analysis;
 - e. Evaluation; and
 - f. Recommended access plan, including access points, modifications and any mitigation techniques;
 - g. Land use and trip generation in the form of a table of each type of land use, the number of units or square footage, as appropriate, the trip rates used (daily and peak) and resulting trip generation;
 - h. Traffic graphics, which show:
 - AM peak hour site traffic;
 - PM peak hour site traffic;
 - AM peak hour total traffic;
 - PM peak hour total traffic;
 - Total daily traffic (with site generated traffic shown separately);
 - i. AM and PM capacity analysis with an AM and PM peak hour capacity analysis provided for:
 - All major drive accesses that intersect collector or arterial streets or roads; and
 - All arterial arterial, collector collector and arterial collector intersections within one mile of the site, or as required by the Director of Public Service during the pre-application review.
 - j. Capacity. Indicate the levels of service (before and after development) of existing and proposed streets and roads, including appropriate intersections, to safely handle any increased traffic. Describe any anticipated increased maintenance that will be necessary due to increased traffic and who will pay the cost of maintenance.
 - k. Bicycle and Pedestrian Pathways, Lanes and Routes. Describe bicycle and pedestrian pathways, lanes or routes to be developed with the development.
 - l. Traffic Calming. Detailed drawings of any proposed traffic calming installations, including locations and turning radius templates.
3. Preliminary water and sanitation information, including:
 - a. A site plan or exhibit that shows:
 - The location, within 100 feet outside of the exterior property line of subdivision and on the proposed lots, of:
 - Floodplains
 - Surface water features
 - Springs
 - Irrigation ditches
 - Existing, previously approved, and, for parcels less than 20 acres,

APPENDIX G

Required Supporting Documents for First Minor Preliminary Plat Applications

- proposed water wells and wastewater treatment systems;
- For parcels less than 20 acres, mixing zones identified; and
- The representative drainfield site used for the soil profile description, and
- The location, within 500 feet outside of the exterior property line of the subdivision, of public water and sewer facilities
- b. A description of the proposed subdivision's water supply systems, storm-water systems, solid waste disposal systems, and wastewater treatment systems, including whether the water supply and wastewater treatment systems are individual, shared, multiple user, or public as those systems are defined in rules published by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ);
- c. A drawing of the conceptual lot layout at a scale no smaller than 1 inch equal to 200 feet that shows all information required for a lot layout document in rules adopted by MDEQ pursuant to 76-4-104, MCA;
- d. Evidence of suitability for new onsite wastewater treatment systems that, at a minimum, includes:
 - A soil profile description from a representative drainfield site identified on the vicinity map, as provided above, that complies with standards published by the MDEQ;
 - Demonstration that the soil profile contains a minimum of 4 feet of vertical separation distance between the bottom of the permeable surface of the proposed wastewater treatment system and a limiting layer; and
 - In cases in which the soil profile or other information indicates that groundwater is within 7 feet of the natural ground surface, evidence that the groundwater will not exceed the minimum vertical separation distance
- e. For new water supply systems, unless cisterns are proposed, evidence of adequate water availability:
 - Obtained from well logs or testing of onsite or nearby wells;
 - Obtained from information contained in published hydrogeological reports; or
 - As otherwise specified by rules adopted by the MDEQ pursuant to 76-4-104, MCA
- f. A preliminary analysis of potential impacts to the groundwater quality from new wastewater treatment systems, using as guidance rules adopted by the Board of Environmental Review pursuant to 75-5-301 and 75-5-303, MCA related to standard mixing zones for groundwater, source specific mixing zones, and nonsignificant changes in water quality. The preliminary analysis may be based on currently available information and must consider the effects of overlapping mixing zones from proposed and existing wastewater treatment systems within and directly adjacent to the subdivision. Instead of performing the preliminary analysis required under this subsection, the subdivider may perform a complete nondegradation analysis in the same manner as is required for an application that is reviewed under Title 76, Chapter 4.
- g. A subdivider whose land division is excluded from review under 76-4-125(2),

APPENDIX G
Required Supporting Documents for First Minor Preliminary Plat Applications

MCA is not required to submit the water and sanitation information listed above.

4. Geotechnical Report that includes:
 - a. A summary of hazards present and recommended actions.
 - b. A description of proposed construction.
 - c. A description of the investigation methods, including field investigations, laboratory analysis and report preparation.
 - d. A description of the site conditions, including soil, bedrock, groundwater and other physical features present that may limit development.
 - e. Analysis of engineering properties and recommendations in relation to foundations; over excavation and engineered fill; bearing capacity; lateral loads on basement walls; soil friction factor; earthwork; site grading and runoff control; foundation and retaining wall drainages; slabs on grade; reinforcing; utilities testing and concrete considerations; and ventilation and radon.
 - f. Summary of engineering limitations.
 - g. The report shall be accompanied by figures and tables sufficient to convey the results of each test hole and an overall site plan showing the location of each test hole. The spacing of test holes will be dependent of the horizontal and vertical variation of the subsurface material. In all cases, the spacing should result in a representation of all soils present on the subdivision.
5. Draft protective and restrictive covenants, if any.
6. Draft Articles of Incorporation when Homeowner's Association is proposed.
7. When a tract of land is to be subdivided in separate filings, a Master Plan of the entire area to be developed.

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX H
Expedited Final Plat Application

City of Billings

EXPEDITED FINAL PLAT APPLICATION

1. **Name of Subdivision** _____

2. **Tax ID #** _____

3. **Location**

a. Legal Description: _____

1/4 _____ Section: _____

Township: _____

Range: _____

b. General location: _____

4. **Name, Address & Telephone Number of Subdivider**

a. _____ Name: _____

b. _____ Address: _____

c. _____ Telephone: _____

5. **Name, Address & Telephone Number of Owner**

a. _____ Name: _____

b. _____ Address: _____

c. _____ Telephone: _____

6. **Plat Data**

a. _____ Gross area: _____

b. _____ Net area: _____

c. Number of lots: _____

7. **List of materials submitted with final application**

Required:

a. Final Plat

b. Subdivision Improvements Agreement and Waiver

c. Title Report

d. Red-lined check print

Other:

8. **Deed restrictions or covenants?** Yes _____ No _____

If yes, please attach copies.

APPENDIX H
Expedited Final Plat Application

9. Name, address & telephone of professional consultant(s)

Surveyor/engineer: _____

Address: _____

Attorney: _____

Address: _____

Other: _____

Address: _____

I declare that I am the owner of record and that all the statements and information contained in all exhibits transmitted herewith are true and correct. I hereby apply for approval of the final plat of:

Owner/Owners: _____

(Signature of Owner/Owners)

Owners under Contract: _____

(Signature of Owners under contract)

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX I
Final Plat Application

City of Billings

FINAL PLAT APPLICATION

1. **Name of Subdivision** _____

2. **Tax ID #** _____

3. **Location**

a. Legal Description: _____

1/4 _____ Section: _____

Township: _____

Range: _____

e. General location: _____

4. **Name, Address & Telephone Number of Subdivider**

a. _____ Name: _____

b. _____ Address: _____

e. _____ Telephone: _____

5. **Name, Address & Telephone Number of Owner**

a. _____ Name: _____

b. _____ Address: _____

e. _____ Telephone: _____

6. **Plat Data**

a. _____ Gross area: _____

b. _____ Net area: _____

e. Number of lots: _____

7. **Park Requirement**

a. Land: _____

b. Cash: \$ _____

8. **Date preliminary plat approved:** _____

9. **List of materials submitted with final application**

Required:

a. Final Plat

b. Subdivision Improvements Agreement

c. Conditions of Approval

d. Title Report

e. Red-lined check print

APPENDIX I
Final Plat Application

Other:

10. Deed restrictions or covenants? Yes _____ No _____

if yes, please attach copies.

11. Name, address & telephone of professional consultant(s)

Surveyor/engineer: _____

Address: _____

Attorney: _____

Address: _____

Other: _____

Address: _____

I declare that I am the owner of record and that all the statements and information contained in all exhibits transmitted herewith are true and correct. I hereby apply for approval of the final plat of:

Owner/Owners: _____

(Signature of Owner/Owners)

Owners under Contract: _____

(Signature of Owners under contract)

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX J
Final Plat Requirements

1. A final subdivision plat may not be approved by the governing body or filed by the County Clerk and Recorder unless it complies with the following requirements:
 - a. Final subdivision plats must be legibly drawn with permanent ink or printed or reproduced by a process guaranteeing a permanent record and must be 18 inches by 24 inches or 24 inches by 36 inches overall to include a 1 1/2 inch margin on the binding side.
 - b. Two signed copies on 3 mil. or heavier matte stable base polyester film or equivalent must be submitted.
 - c. If more than one sheet must be used to adequately depict the land subdivided, each sheet must show the number of that sheet and the total number of sheets included. All certifications must be placed or referred to on one sheet.
 - d. A survey that modifies a filed subdivision plat must be entitled "amended plat of (lot, block and name of subdivision being amended)," and unless it is exempt from subdivision review by 76.3.201 or 76.3.207(1)(d) or (e), MCA, may not be filed with the County Clerk and Recorder unless it meets the filing requirements for final subdivision plats specified in these requirements.
2. A final plat submitted for approval must show or contain, on its face the following information. The surveyor may, at his or her discretion, provide additional information regarding the survey.
 - a. A title or title block indicating the quarter section, section, township, range, principal meridian, county and, if applicable city or town, in which the subdivision is located. The title of the plat must contain the words "plat" and either "subdivision" or "addition".
 - b. The name of the person(s) who commissioned the survey and the name(s) of the owner of the land to be subdivided if other than the person(s) commissioning the survey, the names of any adjoining platted subdivisions, and the numbers of any adjoining certificates of survey previously filed.
 - c. Vicinity sketch of sufficient area to identify the location of the subdivision.
 - d. A north arrow.
 - e. A scale bar. The scale must be sufficient to legibly represent the required information and data on the plat.
 - f. The location of, and other information relating to all monuments found, set, reset, replaced or removed as required by ARM 8.94.3001(1)(e).
 - i. If additional monuments are to be set after the plat is filed, the location of these monuments must be shown by a distinct symbol, and the plat must bear a certification by the surveyor as to the reason the monuments have not been set and the date by which they will be set.
 - ii. All monuments found during a retracement that influenced the position of any corner or boundary indicated on the plat must be clearly shown as required by ARM 8.94.3001(1)(e).
 - g. The location of any section corners or corners of divisions of sections pertinent to the survey.

APPENDIX J
Final Plat Requirements

- h. Witness and reference monuments and basis of bearings. For purposes of these the term "basis of bearings" means the surveyor's statement as to the origin of the bearings shown on the plat. The basis of bearings may refer to a particular line between monumented points in a previously filed survey document. If the plat shows true bearings, the basis of bearings must describe the method by which these true bearings were determined.
- i. The bearings, distances and curve data of all boundary lines. If the subdivision is bounded by an irregular shoreline or body of water that is a riparian boundary, the bearings and distances of a meander traverse generally paralleling the riparian boundary must be given.
 - i. The courses along a meander line are shown solely to provide a basis for calculating the acreage of a parcel with one or more riparian boundaries as the parcel existed at the time of survey.
 - ii. For purposes of these regulations a line that indicates a fixed boundary of a parcel is not a "meander" or "meander line" and may not be designated as one.
- j. Data on all curves sufficient to enable the re-establishment of the curves on the ground. For circular curves these data must at least include radius and arc length. For non-tangent curves, which must be so labeled, the plat must include the bearings of radial lines or chord length and bearing.
- k. Lengths of all lines shown to at least tenths of a foot, and all angles and bearings shown to at least the nearest minute. Distance measurements must be stated in English units, but their metric equivalents, shown to the nearest hundredth of a meter, may be noted parenthetically.
- l. All lots and blocks in the subdivision, designated by number, the dimensions of each lot and block, the area of each lot, and the total acreage of all lots. (Excepted parcels must be marked "Not included in this subdivision" or "Not included in this plat," as appropriate, and the bearings and lengths of these excepted boundaries must be shown.)
- m. All streets, alleys, avenues, roads and highways; their widths (if ascertainable) from public records, bearings and area; the width and purpose of all road rights-of-way and all other easements that will be created by the filing of the plat; and the names of all streets, roads and highways.
- n. The location, dimensions and areas of all parks, common areas and other grounds dedicated for public use.
- o. The total acreage of the subdivision.
- p. A narrative legal description of the subdivision as follows:
 - (i) If the parcel being subdivided is either an aliquot part of a U.S. government section or a U.S. government lot, the information required by this subsection is the aliquot or government lot description of the parcel.
 - (ii) If the plat depicts the division of a parcel or lot that is shown on a filed certificate of survey or subdivision plat, the information required by

APPENDIX J

Final Plat Requirements

this subsection is the number or name of the certificate of survey or plat and the number of the parcel or lot affected by the survey.

- (iii) If the parcel surveyed does not fall within (2)(p)(i) or (ii), above, the information required by this subsection is the metes and bounds description of the perimeter boundary of the subdivision.
- (iv) If the plat establishes the boundaries of a subdivision containing one or more interior parcels, the information required by this subsection is the legal description of the perimeter boundary of the subdivision.

- q. **Certificate of Surveyor.** The dated signature and the seal of the surveyor responsible for the survey and a memorandum of any oaths administered under 76-3-405, MCA. The affixing of this seal constitutes a certification by the surveyor that the final plat has been prepared in conformance with the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act (76-3-101 through 76-3-625, MCA) and the regulations adopted under that Act.
- r. **Certificate of Dedication.** The dated, signed and acknowledged consent to the subdivision of the owner of the land being subdivided. For purposes of this rule when the parcel of land proposed for subdivision is being conveyed under a contract for deed, the terms "owner" and "owner of the land" refers to the seller under the contract for deed.
- s. **If applicable, Consent to Platting.**
- t. **Certificate of Approval.** Certification by the governing body that the final subdivision plat is approved.
- u. **Notice of Approval.** Statement that the final plat is approved by the Yellowstone County Board of Planning.
- v. **Certificate of City Engineer's Office.** If applicable, Certification by the City Engineer that municipal water, sewage disposal and solid waste disposal will be provided. (City only)
- w. **Errors and Omissions Review.** Certification of the reviewing surveyor that the survey has been examined and approved.
- x. **Certificate of City Attorney.** Certification that the plat has been reviewed and accepted by the City Attorney.
- y. **Certificate of County Treasurer.** Certification of county treasurer showing current tax payment.
- z. If applicable, the owner's certificate of dedication of streets, parks, playground easements or other public improvements
- aa. Space for the clerk and recorder's filing information.

** See Appendix B for templates of all Certifications.

- 3. **Supporting documentation shall consist of the following:**

- a. Final plat application completed and signed;

APPENDIX J
Final Plat Requirements

- b. All documentation necessary to guarantee the complete installation of all required improvements including the Subdivision Improvements Agreement and any documents related to financial security for improvements;
- c. An original Title Report or Subdivision Guarantee prepared within the recent 6 months;
- d. Evidence that the Montana Department of Environmental Quality or Yellowstone County Public Health Department has approved the sewage disposal system and/or the water system. This applies to individual and public water supply and sewage disposal systems. When applicable and pursuant to Section 23-504, evidence signed by the City shall be submitted;
- e. Copies of protective and restrictive covenants, if any;
- f. Applicable final plat fee.

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX K

Subdivision Improvements Agreement Template

SUBDIVISION IMPROVEMENTS AGREEMENT
(Name of Subdivision)

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APPENDIX K
Subdivision Improvements Agreement Template

SUBDIVISION IMPROVEMENTS AGREEMENT

(Name of Subdivision)

~~This agreement is made and entered into this _____ day of _____, 200____, by and between (Subdivider), whose address for the purpose of this agreement is ADDRESS, hereinafter referred to as "Subdivider," and the CITY OF BILLINGS, Billings, Montana, hereinafter referred to as "City."~~

WITNESSETH:

(for minor subdivisions insert the following)

~~WHEREAS, the plat of (Subdivision Name), located in the City of Billings, Yellowstone County, Montana, was submitted to the Yellowstone County Board of Planning; and~~

(for major subdivisions, exclude above and insert the following)

~~WHEREAS, at a regular meeting conducted on _____ day of _____, 2004, the Board of Planning recommended conditional approval of a preliminary plat of (Subdivision Name); and~~

(Insert the following for both major and minor subdivisions)

~~WHEREAS, at a regular meeting conducted on _____ day of _____, 2004, the City Council conditionally approved a preliminary plat of (Subdivision Name); and~~

~~WHEREAS, a Subdivision Improvements Agreement is required by the City prior to the approval of the final plat.~~

~~WHEREAS, the provisions of this agreement shall be effective and applicable to (Subdivision Name) upon the filing of the final plat thereof in the office of the Clerk and Recorder of Yellowstone County, Montana. The Subdivision shall comply with all requirements of the City of Billings Subdivision Regulations, the rules, regulations, policies, and resolutions of the City of Billings, and the laws and administrative rules of the State of Montana.~~

~~THE THEREFORE, THE PARTIES TO THIS AGREEMENT, for and in consideration of the mutual promises herein contained and for other good and valuable consideration, do hereby agree as follows:~~

I. VARIANCES

A. ~~Subdivider has requested, and the City hereby grants, the following variances by the City Council from the strict interpretation of the City's Subdivision Regulations (Section 23.1401, BMCC): (Please insert any applicable variances in the provided 1, 2, 3 format)~~

- 1.** ~~Variance #1~~
- 2.** ~~Variance #2~~

APPENDIX K
Subdivision Improvements Agreement Template

II. CONDITIONS THAT RUN WITH THE LAND *(Please insert any applicable conditions in the provided A, B, C format. The following are typical conditions that run with the land which may or may not be applicable to this subdivision)*

- A.** Lot owners will be required to construct that segment of the required sidewalk that fronts their property at the time of lot development.
- B.** Lot owners should be aware that this subdivision is being built in close proximity to prime deer and antelope habitat and it is likely that homeowners will experience problems with damage to landscaped shrubs, flowers, and gardens. The Montana Fish, Wildlife, and Parks Department does not provide damage assistance unless there is damage to commercial crops and/or a threat to public health and safety.
- C.** Lot owners should be aware that soil characteristics within the area of this subdivision, as described in the 1972 Yellowstone County Soil Survey, indicate that there could be potential limitations for proposed construction on the lots, which may require a geotechnical survey prior to construction.
- D.** No water rights have been transferred to the lot owners. Irrigation ditches that exist on the perimeter of this development are for the benefit of other properties. Perimeter ditches and drains shall remain in place and shall not be altered by the Subdivider or subsequent owners.
- E.** There is attached hereto a Waiver waiving the right to protest the creation of the special improvement district or districts which by this reference is expressly incorporated herein and made as much a part hereof as though fully and completely set forth herein at this point. The Waiver will be filed with the plat, shall run with the land, and shall constitute the guarantee by the Subdivider and property owner or owners of the developments described herein. Said Waiver is effective upon filing and is not conditioned on the completion of the conditions set forth in this Agreement. The Subdivider and owner specifically agree that they are waiving valuable rights and do so voluntarily.
- F.** Lot owners should be aware that portion(s) of this property lie within the floodplain/floodway, as depicted on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) for this area. Please be advised that special development restrictions may apply within these specified areas.

III. TRANSPORTATION

A. Streets
(This section should include, but not be limited to the following):

- Rights of way widths
- Pavement widths and surface types
- Curb and gutter design
- Other required street improvements

APPENDIX K
Subdivision Improvements Agreement Template

B. Sidewalks

(This section should include, but not be limited to the following):

- Types of required sidewalk
- Location of required sidewalks
- Widths and surface
- Other required sidewalk improvements

C. Street Lighting (Describe)

- Location and types of lighting to be installed, if required

B. Traffic Control Devices (Describe)

- Location and type of proposed stop signs and/or signals
- Other required traffic control devices

C. Access (Describe)

- Location and widths of proposed accesses
- Restrictions on access
- Other required access improvements

D. Heritage Trail Plan BABTMP (Include)

- Statement of whether subdivision is within the Heritage Trail Plan BABTMP
- Location and type of proposed trail or trail connection
- Ownership arrangement of trail corridor—easement or dedication
- Other required trail improvement

E. Public Transit (Describe)

- Location and type of improvements required to ensure public transit service

IV. EMERGENCY SERVICE

(This section should include, but not be limited to the following):

- Location and specifications for emergency access road including width, base and surface material, blockade and required signage
- Urban Wildland Interface Code requirements (required for highly wooded areas)

V. STORM DRAINAGE

All drainage improvements shall comply with the provisions of the *Stormwater Management Manual* and Section 23-706, BMCC, a stormwater management plan shall be submitted to and approved by the Engineering Division.

(This section should include, but not be limited to the following):

- Description and location of existing and proposed detention facilities
- Any improvements to the existing system
- Other required improvements

VI. UTILITIES

APPENDIX K
Subdivision Improvements Agreement Template

The Subdivision Improvements Agreement does not constitute an approval for extension of or connection to water mains and sanitary sewers. The property owner shall make application for extension/connection of water mains and sanitary sewers to the Public Works Department—Distribution and Collection Division. The extension/connection of/to water mains and sanitary sewers is subject to the approval of the applications and the conditions of approval. Applications shall be submitted for processing prior to the start of any construction and prior to review and approval of any project plans and specifications. The appropriate water and wastewater construction fees and franchise fee in effect shall be submitted with the applications.

It is acknowledged that the properties subject to this Subdivision Improvements Agreement shall be subject to the appropriate water and wastewater local and interior construction fees in effect at the time of payment. Fees shall be paid for the lots in each phase as applied for in the extension application and as per the first paragraph above.

The Developer/Owner acknowledges that the subdivision shall be subject to the applicable System Development Fees in effect at the time new water and/or sanitary sewer service connections are made.

It is acknowledged that all fees stated above are subject to the Franchise Fee in effect at the time of payment.

The design/installation of sanitary sewers and appurtenances, and water mains and appurtenances (fire hydrants, etc) shall be in accordance with design standards, specifications, rules, regulations of and as approved by the City of Billings Public Works Department, Fire Department and the Montana Department of Environmental Quality.

A. Water

(This section should describe any water facilities unique to the subdivision).

B. Sanitary Sewer

(This section should describe any sanitary sewer facilities unique to the subdivision).

C. Power, Telephone, Gas, and Cable Television

(This section should include, but not be limited to the following):

- Services to be provided within the public right of way, existing or to be installed
- Width and location of required utility easements

VII. PARKS/OPEN SPACE

(This section should include, but not be limited to the following):

- The parkland requirement for this subdivision (dedication or cash in lieu)
- Required park improvements to the park and timing of construction
- Required formation of a Park Maintenance District

For minor plats, where no parkland dedication is required, please insert the following statement:

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Subdivision Improvements Agreement Template

There is no parkland requirement for proposed (Subdivision Name), as this is a minor subdivision [MCA 76-3-617(3)(a)].

VIII. IRRIGATION

(This section should include, but not be limited to the following):

- Irrigation District affected by the proposed development
- Required mitigation efforts to protect the ditches during construction
- Location and width of existing and proposed onsite easements for ditches

IX. SOILS/GEOTECHNICAL STUDY

(This section should include, but not be limited to the following):

- Results of geotechnical study
- Construction restrictions due to the results of the study
- Required mitigation efforts

X. PHASING OF IMPROVEMENTS (include if applicable)

Description of each Phase including:

- A. Required improvements
- B. Timing of improvements
- C. Reference to release of lots (documentation)
- D. Restrictions on lot sales (documentation)
- E. Financial guarantees for improvements

XI. FINANCIAL GUARANTEES

Except as otherwise provided, Subdivider shall install and construct said required improvements with cash or by utilizing the mechanics of a special improvement district or private contracts secured by letters of credit or a letter of commitment to lend funds from a commercial lender. All engineering and legal work in connection with such improvements shall be paid by the contracting parties pursuant to said special improvement district or private contract, and the improvements shall be installed as approved by the City Engineer and Utility Department Manager.

XII. LEGAL PROVISIONS

- A. Subdivider agrees to guarantee all public improvements for a period of one year from the date of final acceptance by the City of Billings.
- B. The owners of the properties involved in this proposed Subdivision by signature subscribed herein below agree, consent, and shall be bound by the provisions of this Agreement.
- C. The covenants, agreements, and all statements in this Agreement apply to and shall be binding on the heirs, personal representatives, successors and assigns of the respective parties.
- D. In the event it becomes necessary for either party to this Agreement to retain an attorney to enforce any of the terms or conditions of this Agreement or to give any

APPENDIX K
Subdivision Improvements Agreement Template

~~notice required herein, then the prevailing party or the party giving notice shall be entitled to reasonable attorney fees and costs.~~

- ~~E. Any amendments or modifications of this Agreement or any provisions herein shall be made in writing and executed in the same manner as this original document and shall after execution become a part of this Agreement.~~
- ~~F. Subdivider shall comply with all applicable federal, state, and local statutes, ordinances, and administrative regulations during the performance and discharge of its obligations. Subdivider acknowledges and agrees that nothing contained herein shall relieve or exempt it from such compliance.~~

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have set their hands and official seals on the date first above written.

“SUBDIVIDER” _____ *(Name of Subdivider)*

By: _____

Its: _____

STATE OF MONTANA →

↓
55

County of Yellowstone →

On this _____ day of _____, 2005, before me, a Notary Public in and for the State of Montana, personally appeared _____, known to me to be the _____ of *(Subdivider)*, who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same.

Notary Public in and for the State of Montana
Printed Name: _____
Residing at: _____
My commission expires: _____

This agreement is hereby approved and accepted by the City of Billings, this _____ day of _____, 2005.

“CITY”
CITY OF BILLINGS
MONTANA

By: _____

Mayor

Attest: _____

City Clerk

APPENDIX K
Subdivision Improvements Agreement Template

STATE OF MONTANA →

↓ ss

County of Yellowstone →

On this _____ day of _____, 2005, before me, a Notary Public in and for the State of Montana, personally appeared _____ and _____, known to me to be the Mayor and City Clerk, respectively, of the City of Billings, Montana, whose names are subscribed to the foregoing instrument in such capacity and acknowledged to me that they executed the same on behalf of the City of Billings, Montana.

Notary Public in and for the State of Montana
Printed Name: _____
Residing at: _____
My commission expires: _____

APPENDIX K
Subdivision Improvements Agreement Template

Waiver of Right to Protest

~~FOR VALUABLE CONSIDERATION, the undersigned, being the Subdivider and all of the owners of the hereinafter described real property, do hereby waive the right to protest the formation of one or more special improvement district(s) for street light maintenance and energy, and for the construction of streets, street widening, sidewalks, survey monuments, street name signs, curb and gutter, street lights, driveways, traffic signals, and traffic control devices, parks and park maintenance, trails, sanitary sewer lines, water lines, storm drains (either within or outside the area), and other improvements incident to the above which the City of Billings may require.~~

~~This Waiver and Agreement is independent from all other agreements and is supported by sufficient independent consideration to which the undersigned are parties, and shall run with the land and shall be binding upon the undersigned, their successors and assigns, and the same shall be recorded in the office of the County Clerk and Recorder of Yellowstone County, Montana.~~

The real property hereinabove mentioned is more particularly described as follows:

Subdivision Description/Name

Signed and dated this _____ day of _____, 2005.

Subdivider/Owner

By: _____

Its: _____

STATE OF MONTANA →

:ss

County of Yellowstone →

On this _____ day of _____, 2005, before me, a Notary Public in and for the State of Montana, personally appeared _____, known to me to be Subdivider/Owner Name, the person who executed the forgoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Notarial Seal the day and year hereinabove written.

Notary Public in and for the State of Montana

Printed name: _____

Residing in Billings, Montana

My commission expires: _____

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX L
Eserow Agreement Template
ESCROW AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made this _____ day of _____, 20____ by and between _____ ("Purchaser"), whose address for purposes of this Agreement is _____, AMERICAN TITLE & ESCROW, a Montana corporation ("American Title"), of 1216 16th Street West, Alpine Village No. 21, Billings, Montana 59102, the CITY OF BILLINGS, MONTANA ("City"), c/o City Engineer's Office, 510 North Broadway, 4th Floor, Billings, Montana 59101, and _____ ("Seller"), whose address for the purposes of this Agreement is _____.

1. Seller has agreed to sell and convey unto Purchaser all of its right, title and interest in and to certain real property in _____ Subdivision, (the "Subdivision"), which real property is more particularly described as follows (the "Purchaser's Lot"):

Lot ___, Block ___, of _____ Subdivision, in the City of Billings, Yellowstone County, Montana, according to the official plat on file in the office of the Clerk and Recorder of said County, under Document No. _____.

2. In connection with the development of the Subdivision, certain public improvements (the "Improvements") must be made within or adjacent to the Subdivision in accordance with that certain Subdivision Improvements Agreement between Seller and the City dated the _____ day of _____, 20____, and recorded the _____ day of _____, 20____, under Document No. _____, records of Yellowstone County, Montana (the "SIA"); and

3. Pursuant to Article _____ of the SIA, Seller has agreed that an amount equal to the total estimated cost per square foot of the Improvements multiplied by the total square footage of Purchaser's Lot ("Estimated Costs"), as described in the SIA, with respect to any lot in the Subdivision will be deposited into a separate interest bearing account for the benefit of Purchaser to be held in escrow with American Title; and

4. American Title has agreed to act as escrow agent for the purposes of receiving the above referenced funds and disbursing the same for payment of future SID assessments upon formation of one or more such districts, or for the payment of one or more private contract costs of constructing the Improvements contemplated by the SIA in the event an SID is not formed, which funds will be obtained, held and disbursed by American Title in accordance with the terms of this agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants contained herein, the parties do hereby agree as follows:

1. Escrowed Funds. Purchaser shall deposit the Estimated Costs in the amount of _____ (spell out) _____ Dollars (\$ _____) (the "escrowed funds") into escrow with American Title in an interest bearing account under Purchaser's Federal Identification Number # _____, for the benefit of Purchaser and the City (the "Eserow Account") at the closing of the sale of the Purchaser's Lot, by Seller to Purchaser. The

APPENDIX L
Eserow Agreement Template

escrowed funds amount is based upon Estimated Costs of \$ _____ per square foot on the square feet of land contained within the Purchaser's Lot. The escrowed funds deposited into the Eserow Account will be held and disbursed by American Title in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs 4, 5 and 6 below.

2. Seller's Obligation Terminated. From and after the date of this Agreement, Seller shall have no further obligation or liability for the Estimated Costs, or the construction and/or payments for the Improvements, or any future SID assessments, relating to the Purchaser's Lot.

3. Purpose of Eserow Arrangement. American Title agrees that it shall receive and hold the escrowed funds in the Eserow Account, for the benefit of Purchaser and the City, and shall make disbursements or payments to the City and/or Purchaser pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 4, 5 and 6 below.

4. Payments from Escrow. Upon receipt of a written authorization from Purchaser and the City for payments in connection with actual SID assessments or private contracts for construction of the Improvements, American Title shall disburse the escrowed funds as follows:

- (a) If one or more special improvement districts are created the escrowed funds shall be paid by American Title to the City for application to the actual assessments for the Improvements against the Purchaser's Lot.
- (b) In the event one or more special improvement districts for the Improvements is not or cannot be created, then the amounts held on deposit in the Eserow Account shall be applied toward payment under one or more private contracts for construction of the Improvements attributable to the Purchaser's Lot in accordance with the SIA.

5. Interest on the Escrowed Funds. Interest accrued on the escrowed funds shall be paid to Purchaser in annual disbursements on the first day of December of each year, until such time as final disbursement is made pursuant to paragraph 6 below.

6. Additional Assessments: Return of Excess. If the actual amount of the special improvement district assessments for the Improvements is greater than the escrowed funds held in the Eserow Account with respect to the Purchaser's Lot; then the City shall levy said difference against the Purchaser's Lot. If the Improvements are constructed by one or more private contracts and the actual amount of the private contracts for the Improvements attributable to the Purchaser's Lot is greater than the escrowed funds held in the Eserow Account with respect to the Purchaser's Lot, then the Purchaser shall be responsible for said difference. If the actual amount of the special improvement district assessments or the private contracts for the Improvements is less than the escrowed funds held in the Eserow Account, then American Title shall return such excess to Purchaser after payment of the full amount of the actual SID assessments or the private contracts, and Purchaser shall be entitled to retain such excess.

7. Eserow Fees. Purchaser and Seller shall share equally the costs associated with initial set up fees of the Eserow Account, and thereafter Purchaser shall be solely responsible for all other fees, costs, taxes and expenses related to the escrowed funds and the Eserow Account and the performance of duties under this Agreement by American Title. American Title shall have a

APPENDIX L
Eserow Agreement Template

lien upon all moneys, papers and properties held by it in connection herewith for any fees, costs, or expenses, due American Title hereunder.

8. Scope of Agreement. This Agreement governs only the deposit of the escrowed funds relating to the Purchaser's Lot by Purchaser into escrow with American Title, the disbursement of those funds for payment of actual SID assessments or private contracts, if any, related to the Improvements, to or for the benefit of Purchaser's Lot, and the annual disbursement of interest accrued on the escrowed funds to Purchaser. Other than the matters specifically addressed herein, this Agreement shall not supersede or modify the terms and covenants of the SIA, nor shall any party other than those executing this Agreement be entitled to claim the benefits of this Agreement. No payment made under this Agreement with respect to a private contract for all or any portion of the Improvements shall be evidence of the performance of said private contract, either wholly or in part, and no payment or disbursement by American Title shall be construed to be an acceptance by either Purchaser or the City of defective work or improper materials pursuant to such private contract.

9. Rights and Duties of American Title. It is expressly understood between the parties hereto that American Title is to be considered as a depository and agent to collect, hold and disburse the escrowed funds only, and shall not be responsible or liable in any manner whatsoever for the sufficiency or correctness as to form, manner of execution, or validity of any instructions or authorizations for payment relating to said escrowed funds, nor as to the identity, authority or rights of any person executing such written authorization. American Title assumes no responsibility, nor is it to be held liable, as to the condition of title to the Purchaser's Lot involved herein, nor as to any assessments, liens or encumbrances against the Purchaser's Lot, except with respect to liens or encumbrances arising from the negligence or willful misconduct of American Title with reference to its obligations and duties under this Agreement.

10. Disputes. In the event of any disagreement between the parties hereto or any parties interested herein, resulting in adverse claims and conflicting demands being made in connection with the escrowed funds and the Escrow Account, and disbursements therefrom, American Title shall be entitled at its option to refuse to comply with said conflicting demands so long as such disagreement shall continue. In so refusing, American Title may also refuse to deliver any moneys, papers or property involved in or affected by this escrow, and shall not be or become liable to the parties to this escrow for its failure and/or refusal to comply with the conflicting or adverse demands of the parties hereto. Further, American Title shall be entitled to continue to so refrain to act until (a) the parties hereto have reached an agreement settling their differences and shall have notified American Title in writing of such agreement, or (b) the rights of the parties have been duly adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction, except that nothing herein shall be construed to require American Title to institute any litigation to determine the rights of the parties hereto.

In the event of any disagreement between the parties hereto, or if conflicting demands or claims are made upon American Title by the parties hereto or interested herein or by any other party, American Title shall have the right to employ legal counsel to advise it and/or represent it in any suit or action brought affecting this escrow or the funds held in connection herewith. Purchaser and the City shall be jointly and severally liable to American Title for any and all attorney's fees, costs, and disbursements incurred by American Title in connection herewith, and upon demand shall forthwith pay the same to American Title. The liability of Purchaser and the

APPENDIX L
Eserow Agreement Template

~~City for reimbursement for the amount of such attorney's fees, costs and disbursements paid to American Title shall be governed by the provisions of paragraph 12 below.~~

~~11. Default: Remedies.~~ The failure of any party to perform its obligations under the terms of this Agreement shall constitute a default hereunder. In the event of any such default, and the failure of the defaulting party to cure the same within ten (10) days after written notice thereof by the non-defaulting party or parties, then such non-defaulting parties may:

- ~~(a) Commence a suit or suits in equity or at law, including without limitation an action for the specific performance of any covenant or agreement contained herein; or~~
- ~~(b) Commence a suit or suits for damages arising from the failure to perform any covenant or agreement contained herein; or~~
- ~~(c) Pursue enforcement of any other appropriate legal or equitable remedies.~~

~~12. Attorney Fees and Costs.~~ In the event it becomes necessary for any party to this Agreement to retain an attorney to enforce any of the terms or conditions of this Agreement, to give any notice required herein with respect to any default, or to reimburse American Title for any attorney's fees, costs or disbursements it may incur pursuant to paragraph 10 above, then the prevailing party or parties shall be entitled to payment or reimbursement for reasonable attorney's fees, costs and expenses, from the party or parties who do not prevail.

~~13. Notices.~~ Any notice required under this Agreement shall be served on all other parties either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the party to be served at the following address:

Purchaser: _____

American Title: _____ 1216 16th Street West
Alpine Village No. 21
Billings, Montana 59102
ATTN: _____

City: _____ c/o City Engineer's Office
510 North Broadway
4th Floor
Billings, Montana 59101
ATTN: Public Works Director

Seller: _____

APPENDIX L
Escrrow Agreement Template

A party wishing to change its designated address shall do so by notice in writing to the other party. Notice served by mail shall be deemed complete when deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid. Rejection or other refusal to accept or the inability to deliver because of changed address of which no notice was given shall be deemed to be receipt of the notice.

14. Amendments; Waiver. No amendments or modifications to this Agreement, or of any provisions contained herein, shall be binding or enforceable unless the same shall be in writing and executed in the same manner as this original document and shall after execution become a part of this Agreement. Any waiver or failure to enforce the terms of this Agreement by any of the parties hereto shall not constitute a waiver by said parties of the right to enforce or compel performance with respect to any continuing or subsequent default hereunder.

15. Headings. The headings used herein are for convenience only, and shall not be construed as part of this Agreement or as a limitation on the scope of the particular paragraphs to which they refer.

16. Binding Effect. The covenants, agreements and all statements in this Agreement shall inure to and shall be binding on the heirs, personal representatives, successors and assigns of the respective parties hereto.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Escrrow Agreement as of the day and year first above written.

"Purchaser"

By: _____
Its: _____
Federal Tax Identification No. _____

"American Title"
AMERICAN TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY

By: _____
Its: _____

"City"
CITY OF BILLINGS, MONTANA

By: _____
Its: _____

"Seller"
By: _____
Its: _____
Federal Tax Identification No. _____

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX M
Letter of Credit Template

(Must be on Lender's Letterhead)

IRREVOCABLE STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT

DATE: _____

BENEFICIARY: _____ **APPLICANT:** Subdivider's name
City of Billings Public Works _____ Subdivider's address
Billings, MT 59101

LETTER OF CREDIT NO. _____

EXPIRATION DATE: _____

AT: _____ **OUR COUNTERS PRESENTLY LOCATED AT**
Lender's address here

AMOUNT: _____ US\$

NOT EXCEEDING: _____ US- **spell out** _____ **Dollars-**

We hereby issue our Irrevocable Standby Letter of Credit available by your draft(s) drawn at sight on us and are accompanied by the following documents:

1. Beneficiary's signed statement certifying that _____ (subdivider's name) _____, has failed to pay for required improvements concerning subdividing _____ Subdivision in the City of Billings, Yellowstone County.
2. Copy of mandatory improvements.
3. The original Letter of Credit

This Letter of Credit shall be deemed extended without amendment for one year from the expiration date, unless thirty (30) days prior to any expiration date we shall notify you by Registered Mail that we elect not to consider this Letter of Credit renewed for any such period.

In any communication with us regarding this Letter of Credit, please make specific reference to our Letter of Credit No. at the top of this letter.

Drafts drawn under this Credit must bear the clause: "Drawn under _____ Bank
Irrevocable Standby Letter of Credit No. _____ dated _____. The amount of each drawing must be endorsed on the reverse of this credit by the negotiating bank.

To the extent applicable hereto, this Letter of Credit is subject to the Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits, 1993 Revision, International Chamber of Commerce Publication, No. 500.

We hereby engage with you that draft(s) drawn and/or documents presented and negotiated under and in compliance with the terms of this Irrevocable Standby Letter of Credit will be duly honored upon presentation to us.

_____ **BANK**

APPENDIX M
Letter of Credit Template

By: _____

**DECLARATION OF RESTRICTION ON TRANSFERS.
AND CONVEYANCES**

SUBDIVISION

THIS DECLARATION is made this _____ day of _____ 20____, by (insert owner's name) hereinafter referred to as "Declarant,"

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Declarant is the owner of all of the lots in _____ Subdivision, situated in Section ___, Township ___, Range ___, PMM, City of Billings, Yellowstone County, Montana, hereinafter referred to as the "Subdivision", and

WHEREAS, in connection with the filing of the plat for the Subdivision, the Declarant executed that certain Subdivision Improvements Agreement dated the _____ day of _____, 20____ to the City of Billings, which Agreement contains restrictions against the sale, conveyance or transfer of certain lots in the Subdivision until such time as a private contract has been executed providing for the installation and construction of required public improvements; and

WHEREAS, in order to more fully evidence the restriction against sale, conveyance, or transfer and to give third parties notice of such restrictions, the Declarant desires to execute and record this Declaration of Restrictions.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of these premises, the Declarant, for itself and its successors and assigns, does hereby declare:

4. Except as hereinafter provided, the Declarant does hereby agree and declare that the following described lots shall not be sold, transferred, or conveyed to any third party unless and until a release has been executed and recorded in accordance with the provisions hereinafter appearing:

Phase II:

Lots ___ through ___, inclusive, Block ___; _____ Subdivision in the City of Billings, according to the official plat on file in the office of the Clerk and Recorder of Yellowstone County, Montana (# lots total).

Phase III:

Lots ___ through ___, inclusive, Block ___; and Lots ___ through ___, inclusive, Block ___; _____ Subdivision in the City of Billings, according to the official plat on file in the office of the Clerk and Recorder of Yellowstone County, Montana (# lots total).

APPENDIX N
Restrictions on Transfers and Conveyances Template

2. ~~It is the express purpose and intent of this Declaration to restrict or preclude sale, transfer, or conveyance of the above described lots until such time as a private contract has been executed and necessary funding guarantees provided, as the case may be, providing for the construction and installation of those public improvements required under the above described Subdivision Improvements Agreement which by reference thereto is hereby incorporated herein as though fully set forth at this point. It is anticipated, however, that the Declarant will develop _____ Subdivision, in distinct phases, upon providing for the installation and construction of the public improvement necessary to serve the particular phase. In that regard a release of some but not all of the above described lots may be executed and recorded from time to time, in accordance with the provisions hereinafter appearing, and upon the recording of said release, the covenants and restrictions contained herein with respect to the lots described in said release shall be deemed canceled and terminated, and of no further force and effect.~~
3. ~~Upon compliance with the requirements for a private contract specified above, a release for the lot or lots affected thereby shall be executed and recorded by the City of Billings, pursuant to the provisions contained in the said Subdivision Improvements Agreement. The execution and recording of said release shall be deemed conclusive evidence to all third parties purchasing or acquiring any lot described therein that the restriction against sale, conveyance, or transfer of said lot has been removed.~~
4. ~~UNTIL SUCH RELEASE IS EXECUTED AND RECORDED, THIS DECLARATION SHALL SERVE AS NOTICE TO ALL THIRD PARTIES PURCHASING OR ACQUIRING ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED LOTS OF THE EXPRESS RESTRICTIONS AGAINST ANY SUCH SALE, CONVEYANCE OR TRANSFER, AND OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SAID SUBDIVISION IMPROVEMENTS AGREEMENT, AND SHALL FURTHER SERVE AS NOTICE THAT THE CITY OF BILLINGS MAY ENFORCE ANY AND ALL LEGAL RIGHTS AND REMEDIES SPECIFIED IN THE SUBDIVISION IMPROVEMENTS AGREEMENT SHOULD THE TERMS OF THIS DECLARATION BE VIOLATED.~~
5. ~~The terms, conditions, and restrictions contained in this Declaration shall not preclude or restrict the ability of the Declarant to (a) sell, convey, and transfer all of the above described lots, all of the lots in one phase, or those lots remaining subject to the terms of this Declaration, as one unit or group, to a third party, parties or entities; provided, however, that such sale shall be subject to this Declaration and the lots shall continue to be subject to the restrictions herein provided against the sale, transfer and conveyance until a release has been executed and recorded; or (b) enter into sale and purchase agreements for individual lots; provided, however, that the deeds or other conveyance documents shall not be delivered to the prospective buyer nor shall the closing under any such sale and purchase agreements occur until such time as a release covering the~~

APPENDIX N
Restrictions on Transfers and Conveyances Template

affected lot has been executed and recorded.

6. The terms and conditions of this Declaration shall run with the land and shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the Declarant, the City of Billings, and their successors and assigns.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Declarant has executed this Declaration the day and year first above written:

(Name of Declarant)

STATE OF MONTANA →

: ss.

County of YELLOWSTONE →

On this _____ day of _____, 20____, before me, a Notary Public in and for the State of Montana, personally appeared _____, known to me to be the person who signed the foregoing instrument and who acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

Notary Public in and for the State of Montana
Printed name: _____
Residing at Billings, Montana
My commission expires: _____

Green - Staff Change
Red - Legislative Change

APPENDIX *OB*
Flood Hazard Evaluation

A. Definitions. (Sec. 76-5-103, MCA) Whenever the following words and phrases are used in this Appendix, they shall be given the meaning attributed to them by this section.

1. Development: Any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, or drilling operations or storage of equipment or materials.
2. Flood Fringe: the identified portion of the floodplain outside of the floodway.
3. Flood of 100-year Frequency: A flood magnitude expecting to recur on the average of once every 100 years or a flood magnitude that has a 1% chance of occurring in any given year.
4. Floodplain: The area adjoining the watercourse or drainway that would be covered by the floodwater of a flood of 100-year frequency, except for sheet flood areas that receive less than 1 foot of water per occurrence and are considered "shaded X zone" by the federal emergency management agency.
5. Floodway: The channel of a watercourse or drainway and those portions of the floodplain adjoining the channel that are reasonably required to carry and discharge the floodwater of any watercourse or drainway.

B. General.

1. Land located within the floodway of a flood of 100-year frequency as defined by Title 76, chapter 5, MCA, may not be subdivided for building purposes, or other uses that may be prohibited by state or local floodplain regulations.
2. Where the 100-year floodway has been delineated by a Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), or a City- or County-approved study on land in a subdivision, the 100-year floodway boundary and 100-year floodplain boundary shall be shown on the plat of the subdivision and the area within the 100-year floodway shall be labeled as a "No-Build Zone."
3. Any development of land that is in the flood fringe, a Zone A as shown on a FIRM, or an identified flood prone area is subject to the requirements of the City of Billings Floodplain Regulations.

APPENDIX *OB*
Flood Hazard Evaluation

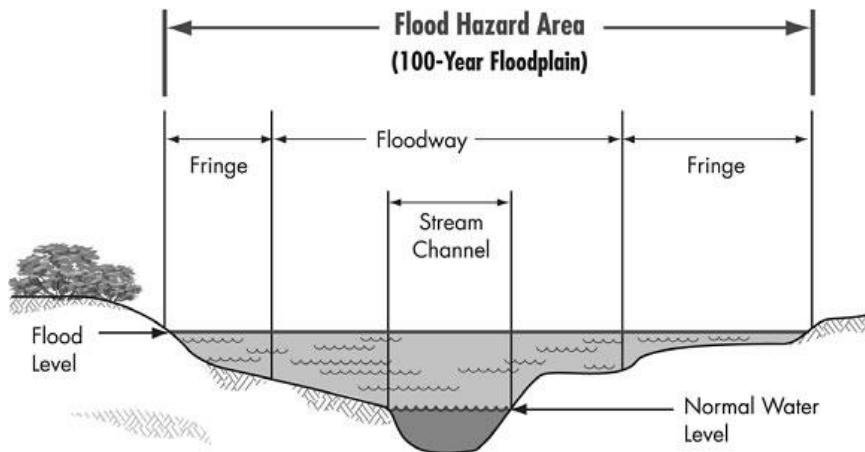


Figure 1. 100-Year Floodplain Cross-Section Diagram

PROPOSED FY 25 & 26 Planning Application Fees

Subdivision Application Review Fees	Current Fee	Proposed FY 25	Proposed FY 26
Pre-application Meeting (required by regulations)	\$ 751	\$ 852	\$ 910
6 to 40 lots	\$ 4,647	\$ 5,071	\$ 5,374
Preliminary Major Plat	\$ 7,544	\$ 8,113	\$ 8,568
Over 200 lots	\$ 7,544	\$ 8,113	\$ 8,568
Preliminary Minor Plat	\$ 2,941	\$ 3,175	\$ 3,357
Preliminary Subsequent Minor Plat	\$ 2,941	\$ 3,469	\$ 3,666
Subdivision Variances (Processed with Subdivision Applications)	Residential/Commercial	666	\$ 699
Phased Subdivision Opening		1837	\$ 1,929
6 to 40 lots	\$ 2,117	\$ 2,294	\$ 2,427
Final Major Plat	\$ 3,513	\$ 3,815	\$ 4,037
Over 200 lots	\$ 3,513	\$ 3,815	\$ 4,037
Final Minor Plat	\$ 1,959	\$ 2,133	\$ 2,258
Final Subsequent Minor Plat	\$ 1,959	\$ 2,128	\$ 2,253
Expedited Plat	\$ 1,955	\$ 5,071	\$ 5,374
Abbreviated Plat	\$ 1,955	\$ 2,154	\$ 2,286
Exempt Plat	200	\$ 400	\$ 400
Corrections or Vacations of Recorded Final Subdivision Plats		328	\$ 344
Corrections or Adjustments to Conditions and/or Supporting Documents		328	\$ 344
Minor Adjustments		328	\$ 344
6 to 40 lots	1634	\$ 1,716	\$ 1,801
Major Adjustments	4902	\$ 5,147	\$ 5,404
Over 200 lots	6536	\$ 6,863	\$ 7,206
TAS/TIS Review	740	\$ 900	\$ 990
TAS/TIS Update Review	400	\$ 520	\$ 572

PROPOSED FY 25 & 26 Planning Application Fees

		Current Fee	Proposed FY 25	Proposed FY 26
Zoning and Other Applications				
Annexations		\$ 1,438	\$ 1,510	\$ 1,585
Deannexations		\$ 1,438	\$ 1,510	\$ 1,585
Limits of Annexation Map Amendment Urban Planning Study		\$ 1,387	\$ 1,456	\$ 1,529
Zone Change + Postage*		\$ 1,559	\$ 1,637	\$ 1,719
Planned Neighborhood Development + Postage*		\$ 2,369	\$ 2,487	\$ 2,612
Land Use Contrary to Zoning + Postage*		\$ 563	\$ 591	\$ 621
Special Review + Postage*	Residential	\$ 1,178	\$ 1,237	\$ 1,299
	Commercial	\$ 1,611	\$ 1,692	\$ 1,776
Variance + Postage*	Residential	\$ 615	\$ 646	\$ 678
	Commercial	\$ 876	\$ 920	\$ 966
Planned Unit Development + Postage*		\$ 2,131	\$ 2,238	\$ 2,349
Administrative Relief	Base	\$ 206	\$ 216	\$ 227
	Additional Req.	\$ 75	\$ 79	\$ 83
Landscape Plan	<1.5 Acre	\$ 244	\$ 256	\$ 269
	>1.5 - 3 acres	\$ 366	\$ 384	\$ 404
	>3 - 5 Acres	\$ 488	\$ 512	\$ 538
	>5 Acres	\$ 610	\$ 641	\$ 673
Proportionate Compliance	Base	\$ 206	\$ 216	\$ 227
	Side (Add)	\$ 75	\$ 79	\$ 83
	Structure (Add)	\$ 50	\$ 53	\$ 55
Temporary Use Permit	Initial Review	\$ 262	\$ 275	\$ 289
	Annual Review	\$ 173	\$ 182	\$ 191
	Bond	\$ 1,650	\$ 1,650	\$ 1,650
Short Term Rental Permit (annual)		\$ 150	\$ 300	\$ 300
Master Site Plan Preapplication Meeting		\$ 511	\$ 537	\$ 563
Master Site Plan Review (Includes Engineering Review Fee)		\$ 1,623	\$ 1,789	\$ 1,896
Signs	Application	\$2/sf	\$2/sf	\$2.50 /sf
	Permit	\$1/sf	\$1/sf	\$1.50/sf
Fence Permit		\$ 36	\$ 38	\$ 40
Resubmittals Within 1 year of a withdrawal request + Postage*	Zone Change	\$ 1,030	\$ 818	\$ 859
	PND or PD	\$ 1,030	\$ 1,244	\$ 1,306
	Special Review - Residential	\$ 1,030	\$ 618	\$ 649
	Special Review - Commercial	\$ 1,030	\$ 846	\$ 888
	Variance - Residential	\$ 1,030	\$ 323	\$ 339
	Variance - Commercial	\$ 1,030	\$ 460	\$ 483
Zoning Clarification	Written	\$ 83	\$ 87	\$ 92
	On-Site Visit	\$ 155	\$ 163	\$ 171
Code Interpretation		\$ -	\$ 100	\$ 105
Plan Review Fee - Planning only	Residential	\$ 139	\$ 146	\$ 153
	Commercial	\$ 232	\$ 244	\$ 256
Minor Modifications to Approved Applications (Sec 27-1611.C)		\$ -	\$ 216	\$ 277
Master Site Plan TAS/TIS		\$ 740	\$ 900	\$ 990
Master Site Plan TAS/TIS Update		\$ 400	\$ 520	\$ 572
TAS/Traffic and Queueing Mitigation		\$ 135	\$ 135	\$ 140

*Postage will be charged based on United States Postal Service postcard rate per mailing recipient.

PROPOSED FY 25 & 26 Engineering Division Plan Review Fees

		Current Fee	Proposed FY 25 Fee	Proposed FY 26 Fee
Plan Review	Comm/Multi (< 1 acre)	\$ 250	\$ 330	\$ 360
Plan Review	Comm/Multi (>= 1 acre)	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,020	\$ 1,050
Plan Review	Garage	\$ 85	\$ 90	\$ 90
Plan Review	Residential	\$ 140	\$ 155	\$ 160

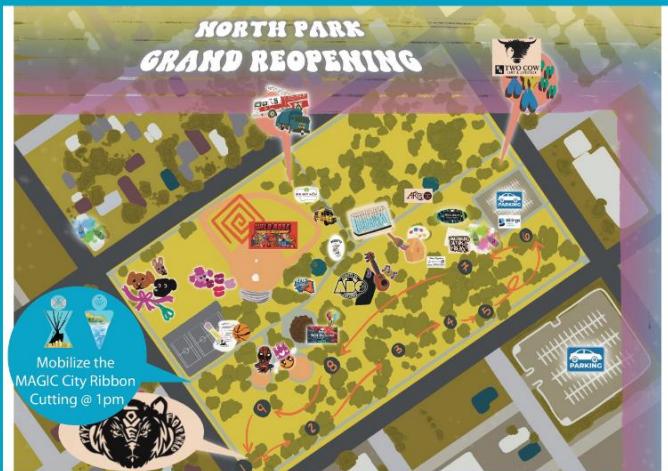
MOBILIZE THE MAGIC CITY RIBBON CUTTING

Celebrate the installation of sculptures created by Mariah Gladstone as part of Billings' first neighborhood bikeway.

To learn more, contact:
Elyse Monat, Active Transportation Planner
(406) 247.8637 or monate@billingsmt.gov

Saturday, June 22 at 1:00pm

**7th Ave N. and N. 22nd St.
at North Park
during the North Park Grand Reopening**



THIS PROJECT IS MADE POSSIBLE THROUGH THE NATIONAL ENDOWMENT OF THE ARTS OUR TOWN GRANT. PROJECT PARTNERS INCLUDE:

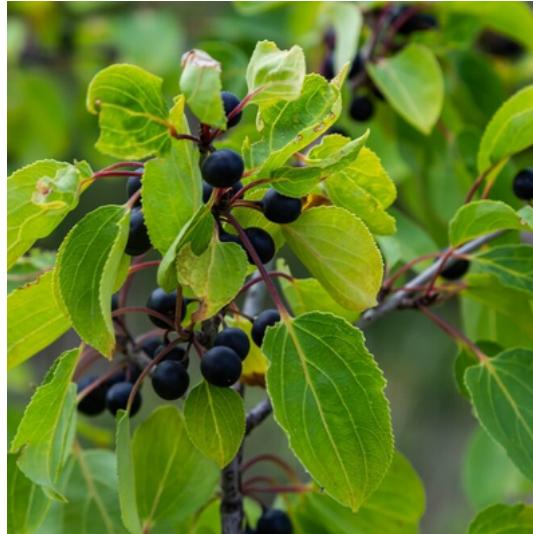




Update on Grant Funding Received by the City of Billings

June 2024

City-wide Buckthorn Eradication Effort



The City of Billings Parks and Recreation Department and Code Enforcement are working together to help eradicate common buckthorn (pictured) from all areas around the City of Billings. The City received a \$25,000 grant from the Montana Department of Agriculture in September 2023. The project is now underway.

More About This Project

Common buckthorn is listed as a noxious weed in Montana and across the Midwest.

- Originally imported from Europe as a hedge plant, common buckthorn quickly invaded wooded areas, crowding out native plants and harboring pests such as soybean aphids.
- The female plants produce large numbers of seed-bearing berries. Birds eat the berries and later drop the undigested seeds. Buckthorn seeds can lie dormant for several years before sprouting.
- A \$25,000 noxious weeds grant from the Montana Department of Agriculture will help the City provide assistance to property owners to eradicate common buckthorn on their properties. Code Enforcement will manage the program, as the presence of noxious weeds such as common buckthorn is considered a violation of City code.
- Funds from the grant will be used to provide contracted buckthorn removal and revegetation (grass) services to property owners, and to provide resources for property owners who prefer to remove buckthorn themselves. Financial support will be available until grant funds are exhausted.
- All removed buckthorn requires annual inspection to ensure that eradication has been successful.
- Code Enforcement maintains a web page with general nuisance weed information [here](#).
- Code Enforcement will add a flyer specifically addressing common buckthorn removal on its [website](#).
- Contact Code Enforcement at [\(406\) 237-6146](tel:(406)237-6146) to learn more.

More About This Funding Source

- Montana House Bill 821 (2023) allocated \$250,000 to fund grants to “local entities in Yellowstone, Musselshell, and Stillwater Counties for the purpose of managing and controlling existing infestations of saltcedar, Russian olive, and common buckthorn species”.
- The project agreement with the Department includes an education campaign about common buckthorn, enforcement of City code in regard to noxious weeds, provision of resources for residents who need to manage buckthorn on their property, and monitoring of treated areas.
- While the Legislative funding for the grant program covers saltcedar, Russian olive, and common buckthorn, the Billings grant project scope is limited to common buckthorn eradication.

To learn more about this grant-funded project, contact:

Ted Wilson

City of Billings Grants Administrator

406-869-3997

wilson@billingsmt.gov

2024 COUNCIL MEETINGS SCHEDULE
(Year to date listing appears at the end of this schedule)

June 17, 2024 – WORK SESSION (Chris out)

CLOSED EXECUTIVE SESSION 4:30 – 5:30 PM

1. Pedestrian/Bike Master Plan Progress Report
2. SIDs – Gravel Roads
3. Council Discussion

June 24, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

1. Boards and Commissions
2. BID AWARD: 2024 Deice Truck
3. FY25 Landfill Use Agreements
4. Amendment 1 to MDT agreement for Rimrock and 62nd St. W.
5. Professional Services Agreement with DOWL for W.O. 24-26: Stormwater Master Plan - Phase I
6. Perpetual Right-of-Way Easement from Patterson Land & Livestock Co.
7. Resolution Financing and Historical Tax Credit Investment for the new City Hall
8. Resolution approving Municipal Court Judges salaries
9. Second Reading Ord Amending BMCC, Article 22-800, Storm Sewers

REGULAR:

1. PH regarding Low-Income Multifamily Housing Project - Aurora Apartments
2. PH and RES Ridgeline Subdivision Annexation Boundary Adjustment
3. PH and RES adopting FY25-FY26 PW Right-of-Way Fees
4. PH and RES setting FY25 Annual Street Maintenance District Assessments
5. PH and RES creating the City of Billings Planning Commission
6. PH and RES allocating:
 - A. FY25 BID1 Assessments
 - B. TBID Assessments

July 1, 2024 – WORK SESSION

1. Code Enforcement/Encroachments (CM Kennedy request)
2. Tax Abatement Policy (Dianne, BSEDA/Chris)
3. Proposed City Subdivision Regulation Amendments (Dave Green)
4. Parks and Rec. Aquatic Study Results
5. Council Discussion

July 8, 2024 - **REGULAR BUSINESS**

CONSENT:

1. BID AWARD: W.O. 23-12: Zone 4 Pump Station and Waterline Improvements
2. Purchase of 2025 12-Yard Dump Truck for Distribution/Collection Div.
3. Purchase of 8 Refuse Trucks
4. Cancellation of Checks and Warrants
5. Community 7 contract
6. HOME funding to Mitchell Court, LLLP for Mitchell Court Affordable Housing Project
7. Graffiti reward fund donation acceptance

REGULAR:

1. PH for Homewood
2. PH and RES for Fees Associated with Various Services Provided by the Planning and Engineering Divisions
3. SBBURD TIF Assistance for Mitchell Court Apartments

July 15, 2024 – **WORK SESSION**

1. Proposed City Subdivision Regulation Amendments (Dave Green)
2. Babcock Marquee and Depot
3. Council Discussion

July 22, 2024 - **REGULAR BUSINESS** **CHRIS OUT**

CONSENT:

1. Purchase of 2025 58,000 GVW 12-Yard Dump Truck

REGULAR:

1. PH and 1st Reading ORD - Zone Change 1052 - Zimmerman Trail

August 5, 2024 – **WORK SESSION**

1. Billings Association of Realtors (Steve Simonson)
2. Council Discussion

August 12, 2024 - **REGULAR BUSINESS**

CONSENT:

1. Second Reading/Final Ord. – ZC 1052 – Zimmerman Trail

REGULAR:

- 1.

August 19, 2024 – **WORK SESSION**

1. CD Board role and responsibilities
- Eligible CDBG activities
- HOME Investment Partnerships Program
- Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plans, and Requirements
- HUD principles
- CDBG Timeliness, pandemic changes
- Regulatory compliance
- Grants versus loans
- Conflict of Interest

- Consolidated Plan components
- Foreclosure program, including MDOC repayments (restricted to foreclosures)
- First Time Home Buyer
- AmeriCorps VISTA

2. Council Discussion

August 26, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

1. MOU with Yellowstone County MetraPark Water Line Replacement

REGULAR:

1.

September 3, 2024 (Tues.) – WORK SESSION

1.
2. Council Discussion

September 9, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

1.

REGULAR:

1. Council Goals and Strategies???

September 16, 2024 – WORK SESSION

CLOSED EXECUTIVE SESSION 4:30 – 5:30 PM

1.
2. Council Discussion

September 23, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

1.

REGULAR:

1.

October 7, 2024 – WORK SESSION

CLOSED EXECUTIVE SESSION 4:30 – 5:30 PM CA Annual Review

1. Council Discussion

October 15, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

1.

REGULAR:

1.

October 21, 2024 – WORK SESSION

- 1.
2. Council Discussion

October 28, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

- 1.

REGULAR:

- 1.

November 4, 2024 – WORK SESSION

- 1.
2. Council Discussion

November 12, 2024 (Tues.) - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

- 1.

REGULAR:

- 1.

November 18, 2024 – WORK SESSION

- 1.
2. Council Discussion

November 25, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

- 1.

REGULAR:

- 1.

December 2, 2024 – WORK SESSION

CLOSED EXECUTIVE SESSION 4:30 – 5:30 PM

- 1.
2. Council Discussion

December 9, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

1. Beartooth RC&D MOU

REGULAR:

- 1.

December 16, 2024 – WORK SESSION (Vacate?)

- 1.
2. Council Discussion

December 23, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

1.

REGULAR:

1.

DRAFT

January 2, 2024 (Tues.) – WORK SESSION

1. Administration of Oaths and Affirmations of Office for reelected Councilmembers
2. DES Emergency Management Update (K.C. Williams)
3. Ordinance Amendments to Water and Wastewater Utilities
4. Stormwater Billing
5. Council Discussion

January 8, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

- A. Bid Award: W.O. 24-03: Contract 2 Chip Seal / Scrub Seal
- B. Bid Award: W.O. 23-46: Compost Facility Waterline
- C. Purchase Water Reclamation Facility Equipment – Disinfection parts
- D. City-County Special Investigations Unit (CCSIU) Agreement for 2024
- E. W.O. 19-42: WE Water Treatment contract - Dick Anderson
- F. Bureau of Reclamation WaterSMART Small-Scale Water Efficiency Projects
- G. Donations to Library
- H. MT FWP trail stewardship grant application
- I. Northwestern Energy easement for Mountview Cemetery
- J. ~~Easements North 28th Street~~

REGULAR:

2. PH and 1st reading ORD – Cemetery Code changes
3. PH and 1st reading ORD – ZC 1040 - 1404 and 1406 Avenue B
4. PH and 1st reading ORD – Special Review 998 – 1406 Avenue B
5. Nomination and Election of Deputy Mayor Pro Tempore

January 16, 2024 (Tues.) – WORK SESSION at the Library!

1. Crime Prevention Round Table Discussion – focused on Crime Prevention
2. Council Discussion

January 22, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

1. Change Order 1 – New City Hall Access Control and Camera System
2. Contract for Airport Master Plan update
3. Memorandum of Understanding with Yellowstone County - West End Neighborhood Plan Update
4. Amendment to Memorandum of Understanding with the Yellowstone Conservation District for West End Reservoir Master Plan
5. Amend Park Development Council 2024 Proposed Budget
6. Federal Aviation Administration Airport Improvement Program Grants
7. Montana Community Reinvestment Plan Act Planning Grant (SB 382) growth policy
8. Donation to Parks from Billings Go Kickball to Youth Scholarship Fund
9. Donation to Parks from Scheels for Youth Scholarship Fund
10. Release of Perpetual ROW Easements - North 28th Street
11. Preliminary plat extension request for Annafeld North Subdivision, 2nd Filing
12. Resolution Authorizing the Filing and Acceptance of Transit Grant Funds and Related Documents
13. Resolution Authorizing the Issuance and Private Negotiated Sale of Expanded North 27th Street Tax Increment Bonds
14. Resolution of Intent to Create District and Set a Public Hearing-SID 1427
15. Resolution of Intent to Create District and Set a Public Hearing-SID 1426
16. 2nd/ Final Reading ORD. – ZC 1040 – 1404 and 1406 Avenue B
17. 2nd/ Final Reading ORD amending Cemetery Rules and Regulations and Repealing ORD 03-5240

REGULAR:

2. PH - MT Dept. of Commerce Infrastructure Grant Application
3. PH and 1st reading ORD - BMCC Chapter 26 Water and Wastewater First Reading and Public Hearing
4. Appointments to Council Subcommittees and Boards and Commissions

February 5, 2024 – WORK SESSION

1. YC Short Term Jail Request
2. MRM update – Matt Lundgren
3. CRU and MRT Updates (Pepper and Banfield)
4. Family Violence Response Unit Update (St. John per Owen's Initiative)
5. CPTED (John Caterino, Mike Pigg and Wyeth Friday)
6. Council Discussion

February 12, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS**CONSENT:**

1. Bid Award: Landon's Inclusive Playground and Phase II Parking Lot Poly Vista Park
2. Bid Award: W.O. 24-07: Safe Routes to School
3. Bid Award: W.O. 24-19: Arnold Drain Intake Structure
4. Purchase 8 Police Utility Vehicles from Duval Ford
5. Purchase Night Vision Systems for Police S.W.A.T. Team
6. Contract for Uniform Rental / Purchase and Laundry Services for Public Works
7. Contract for scanning services with DIS Technologies
8. Contract for New City Hall Elevator Modernization
9. Amendment 15 with Morrison-Maierle, Inc. for Engineering Services to Construct Cargo Ramp Slot 5
10. Amendment 16 with Morrison-Maierle, Inc. for Engineering Services to Rehabilitate Aviation Place Access Road
11. Fire grant from State Farm
12. Annual Certified Local Government Grant Program for Historic Preservation
13. Second Reading BMCC Water and Wastewater

REGULAR:

2. PH and RES Creating SID 1426, Arvin Lane
 - a. Bid Award: SID 1426, Arvin Lane
3. PH and RES Creating SID 1427, Hancock Drive
 - a. Bid Award: SID 1427, Hancock Drive
4. New City Hall Security and additional updates (Kevin)
5. Gifting land to YVAS Discussion (Chris)

COUNCIL INITIATIVE - BUILT Environment - CM Rupsis**February 20, 2024 (Tues.) – WORK SESSION**

1. City Ordinance Amendments – Code Enforcement (Tina Hoeger)
2. Montana Land Use Planning Act (SB 382) Wyeth
3. PMD Assessment Approval Discussion (Per Rupsis's question)
4. Short Term Detention Center Discussion
5. Retreat Prep Discussion
6. Council Discussion

February 26, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS**CONSENT:**

1. Boards and Commissions
2. BID AWARD: W.O. 24-01: Contract 1: 2024 Billings Water Main Replacement
3. BID AWARD: W.O. 24-03: Contract No 2 City Chip/Scrub Seal
4. BID AWARD: W.O. 24-11: WRF Solids Process Building Roof Replacement
5. Purchase of 2024 Asphalt Roller – Public Works
6. Purchase of 3 New Vehicles - Public Works - Engineering
7. Contract W.O. 24-21: 1st Ave N Two-Way Conversion Feasibility Study – Sanderson Stewart
8. Funding, Maintenance, Construction and Local Agency Guidelines MDT Agreement - Stagecoach Trail
9. West End Hangar Ground Leases with Beacon Air Group, LLC
10. Donation from the Yellowstone County DUI Task Force to Police Dept.
11. Donation from Streeter Brothers Insurance to Senior Scholarship Fund to Parks
12. Preliminary Plat Extension for Hunters Point Sub
13. Resolution – June Ballot - Local Government Review
14. Letter to County Re Jail discussion re: short-term holding

REGULAR:

2. PH – Low-income Multi-family rental housing (No Action) (Bjornson Jones Mungas Law office)
3. PH & RES for Nuisance Property Abatement Assessments
4. PH & RES for Weed Assessments
5. PH and 1st Reading ORD – ZC 1042, 655 West Wicks Lane

March 4, 2024 – WORK SESSION (Mayor out of town this week)

1. SBURA Update – Recreation Center Next Steps (Dick Zier, SBURA)
2. 2024-2028 Transportation Improvement Program Review (Lora Mattox)
3. Update on upcoming Council retreat - Chris
4. Council Discussion

March 11, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

1. BID AWARD: W.O. 24-02: Missing Sidewalk Project
2. BID AWARD: 1709 St. Johns Ave. – Housing Rehab Project
3. Agreement with United Diagnostic Services for Medical Evaluation /Diagnostic – Fire
4. MOU with Little League Baseball and Softball
5. MOU with Annafeld Homeowners Association
6. 2024-2028 Transportation Improvement Program
7. AmeriCorps Vista Project Grant Application Submittal
8. Inflation Reduction Act Forest Grant
9. Preliminary Minor Plat - Zimmerman Home Place Subdivision, 4th Filing
10. Resolution Ordering Improvements - W.O. 24-02: Missing Sidewalk Program
11. 2nd/Final Reading ORD – ZC 1042 – 655 West Wicks Lane

REGULAR:

2. PH & RES. rescinding Resolution 90-16317, Hogan Homestead (Continued)
3. PH & 1st Rdg. ORD. - Stormwater Billing
4. PH for Sale of City Hall, South Parking Lot, and North Parking Lot
5. Downtown Billings Partnership - Tax Increment Assistance - Rockman Hotel Project
6. EBURD - Tax Increment Assistance – 320 North 17th Street

March 15, 2024 - Council Retreat at Rock 31 (Noon – 6:30 PM)

March 16, 2024 - Council Retreat at Rock 31 (8:00 AM – 1:00 PM)

March 18, 2024 – WORK SESSION

CLOSED EXECUTIVE SESSION 4:30 – 5:30 PM

1. Bicycle and Pedestrian Advisory Committee Annual
2. Permanent Supportive Housing Discussion (Dean Wells from United Way and CoC)
3. Art House / Babcock Theater Discussion
4. Zoom – Public Comment Discussion
5. Council Discussion

March 25, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

1. BID AWARD: Airport Cargo Ramp Slot 5
2. Amendment No. 5, W.O. 19-42: West End Water Treatment Plant Project
3. W.O. 24-28: Water Treatment Plant Sediment Hauling
4. Non-Commercial Aviation Ground Lease with Agri-Systems
5. Lease Purchase Agreement with MT Board of Investments to finance New City Hall Improvements
6. Commercial and Roll-off Container Purchases

7. Purchase 95-gallon Residential Refuse Carts for SW
8. Donations to Billings Public Library
9. Donation to Parks from Addie Allen
10. Donation to Parks from United States Tennis Association of Montana
11. Donation from Scheels for K9 Operations
12. Fire - Plains Pipeline Grant
13. Fire - Phillips 66 Grant
14. Preliminary Major Plat – Skyview Ridge, 2nd Filing
15. Resolution of Intent to Create SID 1425 Broso Park and Gabel Traffic Signal
16. 2nd Reading Ordinance Amending BMCC, Art. 22-800, Storm Sewers

REGULAR:

2. PH - MT Dept. of Commerce Infrastructure Grant Application
3. PH and 1st Reading - ZC 1043 – 4190 S. Frontage Rd.
4. Joint PH
 - a. RES Annexation 24-01
 - b. 1st Reading ZC 1044 – 5900 Block of Grand Ave.
 - c. ~~Annexation Agreement – George Jurovich (add to April 22)~~
 - d. PH and 1st Reading – Ward Boundary Expansion – Annexation 24-01
5. Joint PH
 - a. RES Annexation 24-02
 - b. 1st Reading ZC 1045 – 4524 Central Avenue
 - c. Annexation Agreement – Brown Builders, LLC
 - d. PH and 1st Reading – Ward Boundary Expansion – Annexation
6. PH – 1st Reading – ZC 1046 – 1202 West Wicks Lane (May be continued to the 22nd)

April 1, 2024 – WORK SESSION

1. Chase Hawks and Visit Billings (Alex Tyson) - economic impact study (Burn the Point event)
2. MOU with Hoodies 4 Heroes /Dehler Park Memorial
3. Joint Drone Program (Mark Solberg/FD)
4. Safe Routes to School (Elyse Monat)
5. Parks Recreation update for 2024 programs
6. Council Discussion

April 8, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

CONSENT:

1. BID AWARD: W.O. 23-33 Grandview Park Irrigation System Replacement
2. BID AWARD: W.O. 24-01: Contract 3, Cedar Park Water Main Replacement
3. BID AWARD: W.O. 24-27: 2024 Water Service Repairs
4. BID AWARD: Aviation Place Road Rehabilitation
5. BID AWARD: MET Transit Office Addition and Remodel
6. BID AWARD: Pioneer Park Tennis Court Replacement Project
7. Contract with TeleData Technologies - New City Hall Audio Visual Systems
8. MOU with Hoodies 4 Heroes for Memorial at Dehler Park
9. Agreement with Yellowstone County to Provide Law Enforcement Data Processing
10. Amend Park Community Garden grant – Parks Department
11. Safe Routes to School Plan Update, Phase 2, recommendation to PCC
12. Boundary Line Relocation between City Parking Lot and Grand Building
13. 2nd Reading Ord. Ward Boundary Expansion – Annexation 24-01
14. 2nd Reading Ord. Ward Boundary Expansion – Annexation 24-02
15. 2nd Reading Ord. ZC 1043
16. 2nd Reading Ord. ZC 1044
17. 2nd Reading Ord. ZC 1045
18. 2nd Reading Ord. ZC 1046
19. Resolution authorizing the issuance and sale for refunding Series 2013A bonds

REGULAR:

2. PH – Land Use Contrary to Zoning for HomeFront - 302 Sioux Lane
3. PH and 1st Reading - City Ordinance Amendments – Code Enforcement
 - a. 18-300, Nuisances

- b. 18-1100, Graffiti
- c. 18-1400, Boarded up structures
- 4. Resolution establishing graffiti fund
- 5. Cottonwood Park Master Plan (Tabled)

April 15, 2024 – WORK SESSION

- 1. Community Impact of Legalized Marijuana – Ben Cort
- 2. CGL – Efficiency Study – Court and Legal
- 3. Zoning Code Update to Comply with SB 245 (2023)
- 4. Disposal of Lampman Park
- 5. Council Discussion

April 22, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS CHRIS OUT

CONSENT:

- 1. Boards and Commissions
- 2. BID AWARD: W.O. 23-23: Briarwood H2S Mitigation
- 3. BID AWARD: W.O. 24-01, Contract 2: 2024 Sewer Main Replacement Project
- 4. BID AWARD: W.O. 24-10 and W.O. 22-22: 2024 Annual Street Reconstruction
- 5. BID AWARD: (2) 2024 37,000 GVW Single Axle Trucks with Dump/Sander/Plow
- 6. Consulting Agreement with DOWL - Heights Neighborhood Plan Update
- 7. ~~Amendment 1, WO 24-01: Contract 2, Sewer Main Replacement~~
- 8. MOU Extension with 3 TIF Boards
- 9. ~~MOU with BBWA for DNRC Grants (Delayed to May 13th to be brought back as a single grant, rather than a blanket MOU for all DNRC grants)~~
- 10. Acceptance of CRU backup vehicle
- 11. Donations to the Billings Public Library
- 12. Donation to the Billings Police Department
- 13. Donation for Poly Vista Park
- 14. Release of Right-of-Way Easement on Tract 2A-1 of the Amended Plat of Tract 2A of COS 2063
- 15. Annexation Agreement with C&T Equipment Holding, LLC – Annexation 24-01
- 16. Resolution ordering improvements to W.O. 22-22: 10th Avenue South and S. 30th St.
- 17. 2nd Reading ORD – Code Enforcement Amendment – Graffiti
- 18. 2nd Reading ORD – Code Enforcement Amendment – Boarded up structures
- 19. 2nd Reading ORD – Code Enforcement Amendment – Nuisances

REGULAR:

- 2. Public Hearing and Approval of FY24-FY25 Annual Action Plan including CDBG & HOME Budget Allocations
- 3. PH and RES. rescinding Resolution 90-16317, Hogan Homestead (Continued from 3.11.24)
- 4. SID 1425, Broso Park and Gabel Road Traffic Signal
 - a. PH and RES. SID 1425, Broso Park and Gabel Road Traffic Signal
 - b. Bid Award: SID 1425, Broso Park and Gabel Road Traffic Signal
- 5. PH and 1st Rdg. ORD. ZC 1049 – 1911 & 1915 8th Ave. N.
- 6. PH and 1st Rdg. ORD. ZC 1050 – Hawk Creek Ave.
- 7. TIF – EBURD, 204 N. 13th Street, 1889 Brewery

****Judge Kolar would like to be first during budget meetings**

May 6, 2024 (BUDGET) – WORK SESSION

- 1. Overview
- 2. Municipal Court
- 3. Library
- 4. Aviation and Transit
- 5. General Fund Internal (Admin., HR, Finance, Mayor and Council)
- 6. Council Discussion

May 7, 2024 Tuesday (BUDGET) – SPECIAL WORK SESSION

- 1. Fire

2. Police
3. Facilities
4. Council Discussion

May 13, 2024 - REGULAR BUSINESS

SPECIAL PRESENTATION: Airport Update (Jeff)

CONSENT:

1. ~~BID AWARD: WO 23-11: Downtown 2-way Street Conversion~~
2. BID AWARD: 1709 Saint John's Ave. Housing Rehabilitation Project
3. BID AWARD: Waterborne Traffic Paint
4. BID AWARD: IP 9 Building Window Replacement Project
5. BID AWARD: Castle Rock Park North Parking Lot Repair
6. BID AWARD: MET Transit Electric Bus Charger
7. BID AWARD: MET Transit Video Surveillance
8. Agreement with Northwest Pipe Fittings for AMR Neptune/AMI Software Hosting
9. Agreement with Tractor and Equipment for Landfill Compactor Powertrain
10. MOA with BBWA for DNRC Rim Tunnel Alternative Feasibility Study Grant
11. Fire Dept. YVEC Grant
12. Donation to PD from Billings Community Foundation to Support The SWAT Medic Program
13. Emergency RES for WO 24-39: Heights 24-inch sewer rehab
14. RES adopting contract limits – Foreclosure Acquisition / Rehab program
15. Second/Final Rdg. ORD ZC 1049 – 1911 & 1915 8th Ave. N.
16. Second/Final Rdg. ORD ZC 1050 – 5403 Hawk Creek Ave.

REGULAR:

1. PH and RES of Intent to Donate Property in Whisper Ridge Sub.
2. PH and RES to adopt the City of Billings Public Participation Plan
3. PH and 1st Rdg. ORD - Amending BMCC Sec. 24-426 and 24-431 - Parking

May 20, 2024 (BUDGET) – WORK SESSION

1. Storm Water Program
2. Planning / Code Enforcement / Community Development / Public Works
3. Council Discussion

May 21, 2024 (Tuesday) (BUDGET) – SPECIAL WORK SESSION

1. Parks and Recreation, Legal, Tax Increment Funds and Budget Wrap Up
2. Council Discussion

May 28, 2024, (Tuesday) REGULAR BUSINESS

Courtesies – Award for Steve McConnell – Parks Forestry from Patrick Plantenberg from MT Urban and Community Forestry Assn. **(Don't put on the Agenda – to be a surprise, but remind the Mayor)**

SPECIAL PRESENTATION: Thorne Run

CONSENT:

1. Boards and Commissions: TBID
2. BID AWARD: W.O. 20-13: King Ave. W. and 36th St. W. Traffic Signal Improvements
3. BID AWARD: W.O. 24-24: Voelker Pump Station Pressure Reducing Valve
4. Amendment No. 1 - W.O. 24-01, Contract 2: 2024 Sewer Main Replacement Professional Services Agreement with Morrison-Maierle
5. Contract with Signal of Montana for Library
6. Purchase of FY25 Solid Waste Refuse Trucks
7. Surplus Disposal of 300-Gallon Waste Containers to Powell, WY
8. 2024 HIDTA Award for PD
9. Donations - Graffiti reward fund
10. Donations – Mobilize the MAGIC City Project

11. Easement from Billings Public Schools for the Rose Park Trail
12. Prelim. Minor Plat – Broso Valley Park Sub.
13. Prelim. Minor Plat – Les Schwab Sub.
14. Final Plat - Annafeld Sub., 5th Filing
15. Resolution Authorizing the Sale and Prescribing the Form and Terms for the Expanded North 27th Street Refunding Bonds
16. Second/Final Reading ORD – Amending Parking Sections

REGULAR:

1. PH and RES for FY25 SW Collection and Landfill Fees
2. PH and 1st Rdg. ORD for Zone Change 1041 – SB 245 Text Amendments
3. PH and 1st Rdg. ORD for Zone Change 1047 - Copper Ridge 7th & 8th Filing
4. BID AWARD: W.O. 23-11: Downtown 2-way Street Conversion
5. MOU with Yellowstone County Short-Term Holding Facility

June 3, 2024 – WORK SESSION

1. Yellowstone River Parks Association (YRPA) Presentation – Mike Pigg
2. Adoption - International Fire Code (Make an Administrative Order)
3. Fire and Police Dept. 2023/24 Annual Report
4. Proposed City Subdivision Regulation Amendments (Dave Green)
5. Council Discussion

DRAFT